BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY

Electronics & Communication Engineering

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS, COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABUS

(Batches admitted from the Academic Year 2020-2021)



DEPARTMENT OFELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

(Autonomous Institution-UGC, Govt. of India)

Accredited by NBA & NAAC with 'A' Grade

National Ranking by NIRF – Rank band (151-300), MHRD, Govt. of India Approved by AICTE, Affiliated to JNTUH, ISO9001:2015 Certified Institution

Maisammaguda, Dhulapally, Kompally, Secunderabad, - 500 100.

INSTITUTE VISION:

- Visualizing a great future for the intelligentsia by imparting state-of the art Technologies in the field of Engineering and Technology for the bright future and prosperity of the students.
- To offer world class Name training to the promising Engineers.

INSTITUTE MISSION:

- To nurture high level of Decency, Dignity and Discipline in women to attain high intellectual abilities.
- To produce employable students at National and International levels by effective training programmes.
- To create pleasant academic environment for generating high level learning attitudes

Department Vision

Our vision is to develop the department in to a full-fledged centre of learning in various fields of Electronics and Communication Engineering keeping in view the latest developments and to invoke enthusiasm among the students to continually renew their education in the rapidly developing technological scenario.

Department mission

Our mission is to inculcate a spirit of scientific temper and analytical thinking & train the students in contemporary technological trends in electronics and communication to meet the challenging needs of the industry by providing versatile sound knowledge in the field of engineering and technology

PEO 1: Professional Development

To develop in the students the ability to acquire knowledge of Mathematics, Science & Engineering and apply it professionally within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability and sustainability with due ethical responsibility.

PEO 2: Core Proficiency

To provide ability to identify, formulate, comprehend, analyze, design and solve engineering problems with hands on experience in various technologies using modern tools necessary for engineering practice to satisfy the needs of society and the industry

PEO 3: Technical Accomplishments

To equip the students with the ability to design, simulate, experiment, analyze, optimize and interpret in their core applications through multi disciplinary concepts and contemporary learning to build them into industry ready graduates

PEO4 - Professionalism

To provide training, exposure and awareness on importance of soft skills for better career and holistic personality development as well as professional attitude towards ethical issues, team work, responsibility, accountability, multidisciplinary approach and capability to relate engineering issues to broader social context.

PEO5 - Learning Environment

To provide students with an academic environment and make them aware of excellence, develop the urge of discovery, creativity, inventiveness, leadership, written ethical codes and guidelines and the life-long learning to become a successful professional in Electronics and Communication Engineering

PSO₁

The ability to analyze, design and implement application specific electronic system for complex engineering problems for analog, digital domain, communications and signal processing applications by applying the knowledge of basic sciences, engineering mathematics and engineering fundamentals.

PSO2

The ability to adapt for rapid changes in tools and technology with an understanding of societal and ecological issues relevant to professional engineering practice through life-long learning

PSO₃

Excellent adaptability to function in multi-disciplinary work environment, good interpersonal skills as a leader in a team in appreciation of professional ethics and societal responsibilities.

COURSE STRUCTURE (R20)

COURSE STRUCTURE

I Year B. Tech – I Semester (I Semester)

							Max.	Marks
S.NO	SUBJECT	SUBJECT	L	T	P	C	INT	EXT
	CODE							
1	2000HS01	English	2	-	-	2	30	70
2	2000BS01	Mathematics – I	3	1	-	4	30	70
3	2000BS06	Engineering Chemistry	3	1	-	4	30	70
4	2002ES01	Basic Electrical Engineering	3	-	-	3	30	70
5	2003ES61	Engineering Workshop	1		3	2.5	30	70
6	2000HS61	English Language and Communication Skills Lab	-	-	2	1	30	70
7	2000BS62	Engineering Chemistry Lab	-	-	3	1.5	30	70
8	2002ES61	Basic Electrical Engineering Lab	-	-	2	1	30	70
9*	2000MC02	Foreign Language: French*	2		-	-	100	-
10		Induction Programme	-	-	-	-	-	-
		TOTAL	14	2	10	19	340	560

^{*}Mandatory course: Non-credit course, 50% of scoring is required for the award of the degree

I Year B. Tech – II Semester (II Semester)

							Max.	Max. Marks	
S.N	SUBJECT	SUBJECT	L	T	P	C	INT	EXT	
О	CODE								
1	2000BS05	Applied Physics	3	1	-	4	30	70	
2	2000BS02	Mathematics – II	3	1	-	4	30	70	
3	2005ES01	Programming for Problem Solving	3	1	-	4	30	70	
4	2003ES01	Engineering Drawing	1	-	4	3	30	70	
5	2000BS61	Applied Physics Lab	-	-	3	1.5	30	70	
6	2005ES61	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	-	-	3	1.5	30	70	
7*	2000MC01	Environmental science*	3	-	-	-	100	-	
		TOTAL	13	3	10	18	280	420	

^{*}Mandatory course: Non-credit course, 50% of scoring is required for the award of the degree

II Year B. Tech - I Semester (III Semester)

							Max.	Marks
S.NO	SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT	L	T	P	C	INT	EXT
1	2000BS03	Mathematics-III	3	1	-	4	30	70
2	2004PC01	Electronic Devices & Circuits	3	-	1	3	30	70
3	2004PC02	Signals & Systems	3	-	-	3	30	70
4	2004PC03	Network Analysis	3	-	-	3	30	70
5	2005ES02	Python Programming	3	-	-	3	30	70
6	2004PC61	Electronic Devices & Circuits Lab	-	-	3	1.5	30	70
7	2004PC62	Basic Simulation Lab	-	-	3	1.5	30	70
8*	2000MC04	Indian Constitution*	2	-	-	-	100	-
		TOTAL	17	1	6	19	310	490

^{*}Mandatory course: Non-credit course, 50% of scoring is required for the award of the Degree

II Year B. Tech – II Semester (IV Semester)

							Max.	Marks
S.NO	SUBJECT SUBJECT CODE		L	T	P	C	INT	EXT
1	2005ES03	Computer Organization & Operating Systems	3	-	-	3	30	70
2	2004PC04	Analog Circuits	3	-	-	3	30	70
3	2004PC05	Analog and Digital Communications	3	-	-	3	30	70
4	2004PC06	Control Systems	3	-	-	3	30	70
5	2004PC07	Probability Theory & Stochastic Process	3	-	-	3	30	70
6		Open Elective -I	3	-	-	3	30	70
7	2004PC63	Analog Circuits Lab	-	-	3	1.5	30	70
8	2004PC64	Analog & Digital Communication Lab	-	-	3	1.5	30	70
9*	2000MC03	Human Values and Professional Ethics*	2	-	-	-	100	-
		TOTAL	20	0	6	21	340	560

^{*}Mandatory course: Non-credit course, 50% of scoring is required for the award of the Degree

III Year B. Tech – I Semester (V Semester)

							Max.	Marks
S.NO	SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT	L	T	P	C	INT	EXT
1	2000HS03	Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis	3	-	-	3	30	70
2	2000HS02	Professional English	3	1	1	3	30	70
3	2004PC08	Digital System Design	3	-	1	3	30	70
4	2004PC09	Electromagnetic Waves	3	-	-	3	30	70
5		Professional Elective -I	3	-	-	3	30	70
6		Open Elective -II	3	-	-	3	30	70
7	2004PC65	Digital System Design Lab	-	-	3	1.5	30	70
8	2004PC66	Electromagnetic Waves Lab	-	1	3	1.5	30	70
9	2004PR01	Innovative Product Development -I			2	1	30	70
10*	2000MC06	Indian Traditional Knowledge*	2	-	-	-	100	-
		TOTAL	20	-	8	22	370	630

^{*}Mandatory course: Non-credit course, 50% of scoring is required for the award of the Degree

III Year B. Tech – II Semester (VI Semester)

							Max.	Marks
S.NO	SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT	L	T	P	C	INT	EXT
1	2000HS04	Management Science	3	-	-	3	30	70
2	2004PC10	Digital Signal Processing	3	-	-	3	30	70
3	2004PC11	Linear & Digital IC Applications	3	-	-	3	30	70
4		Professional Elective -II	3	-	-	3	30	70
5		Professional Elective-III	3	-	-	3	30	70
6		Open Elective -III	3	-	-	3	30	70
7	2004PC67	Digital Signal Processing Lab	-	-	3	1.5	30	70
8	2004PC68	Linear & Digital IC Applications Lab	-	-	3	1.5	30	70
9	2004PR02	Innovative Product Development -II			2	1	30	70
10*	2000MC05	Technical Communication& Soft skills*	2	-	-	-	100	-
		TOTAL	20	-	8	22	370	630

^{*}Mandatory course: Non-credit course, 50% of scoring is required for the award of the Degree Industry Oriented Mini Project/ Internship - During Summer Vacation-Evaluation in IV-I

IV Year B. Tech – I Semester (VII Semester)

							Max.	Marks
S.NO	SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT	L	Т	P	С	INT	EXT
1	2004PC12	Computer Networks	3	-	-	3	30	70
2	2004PC13	Microprocessors & Microcontrollers	3	-	-	3	30	70
3		Professional Elective -IV	3	1	-	3	30	70
4		Open Elective -IV	3	-	-	3	30	70
5	2004PC69	Computer Networks Lab 3 1.5					30	70
6	2004PC70	Microprocessors & Microcontrollers Lab	1.5	30	70			
7	2004PR03	Innovative Product Development -III			2	1	30	70
8	2004PR04	Industry Oriented Mini Project /Internship	-	1	ı	2	30	70
9	2004PR05	Project -I	-	-	8	4	30	70
10*	10* 2000MC07 Gender Sensitization*		2	-	=	-	100	-
	TOTAL		14	-	16	22	370	630

^{*}Mandatory course: Non-credit course, 50% of scoring is required for the award of the Degree

IV Year B. Tech – II Semester (VIII Semester)

							Max. Marks		
S.NO	SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT	L	Т	P	С	INT	EXT	
1		Professional Elective -V	3	-	-	3	30	70	
2		Professional Elective -VI	3	-	-	3	30	70	
3	2004PR06	Technical Seminar	-	-	-	2	100	-	
4	2004PR07	Innovation- Start-Up & Entrepreneurship	-	-	6	3	30	70	
5	2004PR08	Project - II		-	12	6	50	100	
		TOTAL	6	-	18	17	240	310	

Semester	I-I	I-II	II-I	II-II	III-I	III-II	IV-I	IV-II	TOTAL
Credits	19	18	19	21	22	22	22	17	160

TOTAL Credits: 160

	PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES										
Profes	sional Elective-I	Profess	ional Elective -II	Professional Elective -III							
2004PE01	Mobile Communications	2004PE04	Antennas and Wave Propagation	2004PE07	Fiber Optic Communication						
2004PE02	Error Correcting Codes	2004PE05	Wavelet Transforms	2004PE08	DSP Architecture						
2004PE03 Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation		2004PE06	Automotive Electronics	2004PE09	VLSI Design						
Profess	ional Elective -IV	Profess	ional Elective -V	Professional Elective -VI							
2004PE10	Global Positioning Systems	2004PE13	Radar Systems	2004PE16	5G Communications						
2004PE11	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning	2004PE14	Speech & Audio Processing	2004PE17	Consumer Electronics						
2004PE12	Robotics Engineering	2004PE15	CMOS Design	2004PE18	Mixed Signal Processing						

S.No	Name of the Department Offering Open Electives	Open Elective –I (Semester-IV)	Open Elective –II (Semester–V)	Open Elective –III (Semester–VI)	Open Elective –IV (Semester–VII)
1	Electronics & Communication	2004OE01: Computer Organization	2004OE03: Principles of Electronic Communications	2004OE05: Principles of Computer Communications & Networks	2004OE07: 5G Technology
	Engineering	2004OE02: Sensors & Actuators	2004OE04: Fuzzy Logic & Neural Networks	2004OE06: Internet of Things	2004OE08:Robotics
2	Computer Science & Engineering	2005OE01: Data Structures using PYTHON	2005OE03: Java Programming	2005OE05: Case Tools & Software Testing	2005OE07: Computer Forensics
2	(Common to its Allied Branches)	2005OE02: Operating Systems Principles	2005OE04: Data & Knowledge Mining	2005OE06: Fundamentals of Database Management Systems	2005OE08: Cryptography and Network Security
3	Information	2012OE01: Image Processing	2012OE03: Web Design	2012OE05: Introduction to Linux	2012OE07: R-Programming
	Technology	2012OE02: Software Engineering Principles	2012OE04: Design Patterns	2012OE06: Principles of Programming Languages	2012OE08: Scripting Languages
4	Electrical &	2002OE01: Computer Organization and Operating Systems	2002OE03: Principles of Power System Engineering	2002OE05: Renewable Energy Systems	2002OE07: Energy storage Systems
	Electronics Engineering	2002OE02: :Elements of Electrical Engineering	2002OE04:Utilization of Solar Energy	2002OE06: Basics Control System Engineering	2002OE08: illumination Engineering



I B. TECH SYLLABUS (ECE)

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN B.Tech. I Year I Sem. L/ T/ P/C 2/ 0 / 0/2

2000HS01: ENGLISH

INTRODUCTION

In view of the growing importance of English as a tool for global communication and the consequent emphasis on training students to acquire language skills, the syllabus of English has been designed to develop linguistic, communicative and critical thinking competencies of Engineering students.

In English classes, the focus should be on the skills development in the areas of vocabulary, grammar, reading and writing. For this, the teachers should use the prescribed text for detailed study. The students should be encouraged to read the texts leading to reading comprehension and different passages may be given for practice in the class. The time should be utilized for working out the exercises given after each excerpt, and also for supplementing the exercises with authentic materials of a similar kind, for example, newspaper articles, advertisements, promotional material etc. *The focus in this syllabus is on skill development, fostering ideas and practice of language skills in various contexts and cultures*.

Learning Objectives: The course will help to

- Improve the language proficiency of students in English with an emphasis on Vocabulary, Grammar, Reading and Writingskills.
- Equip students to study academic subjects more effectively and critically using the theoretical and practical components of Englishsyllabus.
- Develop study skills and communication skills in formal and informal situations.

Course Outcomes: Students should be able to

- Use English Language effectively in spoken and written forms.
- Comprehend the given texts and respond appropriately.
- Communicate confidently in various contexts and different cultures
- The students will be able to understand meaning of words, phrases and sentences in context.
- Acquire basic proficiency in English including reading and listening,
- Understand and express simple narratives, descriptions and day to day conversations.

UNIT -I

'The Raman Effect' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

Vocabulary Building: The Concept of Word Formation -- The Use of Prefixes and Suffixe

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Articles and Prepositions.

Reading: Reading and Its Importance- Techniques for Effective Reading.

Basic Writing Skills: Sentence Structures - Use of Phrases and Clauses in Sentences-Importance of Proper Punctuation- Techniques for writing precisely - Paragraph writing - Types, Structures and Features of a Paragraph - Creating Coherence-Organizing Principles of Paragraphs in Documents.

UNIT -II

'Ancient Architecture in India' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

Vocabulary: Homonyms, Homophones and Homographs. Acquaintance with Prefixes and Suffixes from Foreign Languages in English to form Derivatives-Words from Foreign Languages and their Use in English.

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Noun-pronoun Agreement and Subject- verb Agreement.

Reading: Improving Comprehension Skills – Techniques for Good Comprehension

Writing: Format of a Formal Letter-Writing Formal Letters - E.g., Letter of Complaint, Letter of Requisition, Job Application with Resume.

UNIT -III

'Blue Jeans' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

Vocabulary: Synonyms and Antonyms

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Misplaced Modifiers and Tenses and Question Tags

Reading: Sub-skills of Reading- Skimming and Scanning

Writing: Nature and Style of Sensible Writing- Defining- Describing Objects, Places and Events – Classifying- Providing Examples or Evidence, E-mail writing and practices.

UNIT-IV

'What Should You Be Eating' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

Vocabulary: Idioms and phrases, Phrasal Verbs and One word substitutions

Grammar: Active voice and Passive voice- Redundancies and Clichés in Oral and Written Communication.

Reading: Comprehension- Intensive Reading and Extensive Reading

Writing: Writing Practices--Writing Introduction and Conclusion - Essay Writing-Précis Writing.

UNIT -V

'How a Chinese Billionaire Built Her Fortune' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

Vocabulary: Standard Abbreviations in English and Technical Vocabulary and their usage

Grammar: Reported speech and Common Errors in English

Reading: Reading Comprehension-Exercises for Practice

Writing: Report writing - Introduction – Characteristics of a Report – Categories of Reports,

Formats- Structure of Reports (Manuscript Format) -Types of Reports - Writing a Report.

Prescribed Textbook:

1. Sudarshana, N.P. and Savitha, C. (2018). English for Engineers. Cambridge University Press.

References:

- 1. Swan, M. (2016). Practical English Usage. Oxford UniversityPress.
- 2. Kumar, S and Lata, P.(2018). Communication Skills. Oxford UniversityPress.
- 3. Wood, F.T. (2007). Remedial English Grammar. Macmillan.
- 4. Zinsser, William. (2001). On Writing Well. Harper ResourceBook.
- 5. Hamp-Lyons, L. (2006). Study Writing. Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts I –III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.

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L/T/P/C 3/1/0/4

2000BS01: MATHEMATICS - I

Course Objectives: To learn

- Types of Matrices and their properties, concept of a rank of the matrix and applying this concept to know the consistency and solving the system of linear equations.
- Concept of Eigen values and Eigenvectors and to reduce the quadratic form to canonical form.
- Geometrical approach to the mean value theorems, their application to the mathematical problems and Evaluation of improper integrals using Beta and Gamma functions
- Partial differentiation, concept of total derivative, finding maxima and minima of function of two and three variables.
- Evaluation of multiple integrals and their applications.

Course Outcomes:

After learning the contents of this paper, the student must be able to

- Identify and classify different types of matrices, determine the rank and inverse of non-singular matrices and solve systems of linear equations using various mets.
- Evaluate the Eigen values and Eigenvectors and reduce the quadratic form to canonical form using orthogonal transformations.
- Solve the applications on the mean value theorems
- Understand and utilize improper integrals, including Beta and Gamma functions.
- Find the extreme values of functions of two variables with/ without constraints
- Evaluate the multiple integrals and apply the concept to find areas, volumes

UNIT-I:

Matrices: Matrices: Types of Matrices, Symmetric; Hermitian; Skew-symmetric; Skew-Hermitian; orthogonal matrices; Unitary Matrices; rank of a matrix by Echelon form and Normal form, Inverse of Non-singular matrices by Gauss-Jordan method; System of linear equations; solving system of Homogeneous and Non-Homogeneous equations. Gauss elimination method; Gauss Seidel Iteration Method.

UNIT-II:

Eigen values and Eigen vectors: Linear Transformation and Orthogonal Transformation: Eigen values and Eigenvectors and their properties: Diagonalization of a matrix; Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof); finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton Theorem; Quadratic forms and Nature of the Quadratic Forms; Reduction of Quadratic form to canonical forms by Orthogonal Transformation.

UNIT-III:

Differential Calculus: Rolle'smean value theorem (without proof), Lagrange's Mean value theorem(without proof)with their Geometrical Interpretation, Cauchy's Mean value Theorem (without proof). Taylor'sseries, Maclaurin'sseries. Definition of Improper Integral; Definition of Beta and Gamma functions, properties, relation between them and evaluation of integrals using Beta and Gamma functions.

UNIT-IV:

Multivariable Calculus: Definitions of Limit and Continuity. Partial Differentiation; Euler's Theorem;

Total derivative; Jacobian; Functional dependence & independence, Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and three variables using method of Lagrange multipliers.

UNIT-V:

Multiple Integrals: Evaluation of Double Integrals (Cartesian and Polar coordinates); Change of order of integration (only Cartesian form); Evaluation of Triple Integrals: Change of variables (Cartesian to polar) for double and (Cartesian to Spherical and Cylindrical polar coordinates) for triple integrals. Areas (by double integrals) and Volumes (by double integrals and triple integrals).

TEXTBOOKS:

- B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36thEdition, 2010.
 R. K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publishers, 4th Edition.
- 2. R. K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Pubishers, 4th Edition 2014.

REFERENCES:

Michael Greenberg, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 1998. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons, 9thEdition,2006.

3. Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi,11thReprint, 2017.

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN B.Tech. I YearISem. L / T/ P/C 3/ 1 / 0/ 4

2000BS06:ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

Course Objectives:

- To bring adaptability to the concepts of chemistry and to acquire the required skills to become a perfectengineer.
- To impart the basic knowledge of atomic, molecular and electronic modifications which makes the student to understand the technology based onthem.
- To acquire the knowledge of electrochemistry, corrosion and water treatment which are essential for the Engineers and inindustry.
- To acquire the skills pertaining to spectroscopy and to apply them for medical and otherfields.
- To impart the knowledge of stereochemistry and synthetic aspects useful for understanding reactionpathways

Course Outcomes: The basic concepts included in this course will help the student to gain:

- Understand the knowledge of atomic, molecular and electronic changes, band theory related to conductivity.
- Apply to know the modern technology and interpret different problems involved in industrial utilization of water.
- Apply the required principles and concepts of electro chemistry to predict the behavior of a system under different variables
- Analyze the underlying causes and consequences of corrosion, distinguishing between various corrosion types and evaluate advanced corrosion control strategies
- Understand the knowledge of configurationally and conformational analysis of molecules and reaction mechanisms.
- Understand the required skills to get clear concepts on basic spectroscopy and application to medical and other fields.

UNIT - I

Molecular structure and Theories of Bonding: Atomic and Molecular orbitals. Linear Combination of Atomic Orbitals (LCAO), molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules, molecular orbital energy level diagrams of N2, O2 and F2 molecules. π molecular orbitals of butadiene and benzene.

Crystal Field Theory (CFT): Salient Features of CFT – Crystal Field Splitting of transition metal ion d- orbitals in Tetrahedral, Octahedral and square planar geometries. Band structure of solids and effect of doping on conductance.

UNIT - II

Water and its treatment: Introduction – hardness of water – Causes of hardness - Types of hardness: temporary and permanent – expression and units of hardness – Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method. Potable water and its specifications. Boiler troubles: Scales and Sludges, Priming and Foaming, Caustic Embrittlement. Steps involved in treatment of water

Disinfection of water by chlorination and ozonization. Boiler feed water and its treatment –
 Calgon conditioning, Phosphate conditioning and Colloidal conditioning. External treatment of water – Ion exchange process. Desalination of water – Reverse osmosis. Numerical problems.

UNIT - III

Electrochemistry and corrosion: Electro chemical cells – electrode potential, standard electrode potential, types of electrodes – Calomel, Quinhydrone andGlass electrode. Nernst equation, Determination of pH of a solution by using quinhydrone and glass electrode. Electrochemical series and its applications. Numerical problems. Potentiometric titrations.

Electrochemical sensors: Potentiometric Sensors and voltammetric sensors. Examples: analysis of Glucose and urea.

Batteries – Primary: Lithium cell, secondary batteries: Lead – acid storage battery and Lithium ion battery, Fuel cells: H₂-O₂ Fuel cell, CH₃OH-O₂ Fuel cell.

Causes and effects of corrosion – theories of chemical and electrochemical corrosion – mechanism of electrochemical corrosion, Types of corrosion: Galvanic, water-line and pitting corrosion. Factors affecting rate of corrosion, Corrosion control methods- Cathodic protection – Sacrificial anode and impressed current cathodic methods. Surface coatings – metallic coatings – methods of application: Galavanising, Tinning, Metal Cladding, Electro-deposition, Electroless plating of Nickel.

UNIT - IV

Stereochemistry, Reaction Mechanism and synthesis of drug molecules: Introduction to representation of 3-dimensional structures, Structural and stereoisomers, configurations, symmetry and chirality. Enantiomers, diastereomers, optical activity and Absolute configuration. Conformation analysis of n- butane.

Substitution reactions: Nucleophilic substitution reactions: Mechanism of SN1, SN2 reactions. Electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions: Addition of HBr to propene. Markownikoff and anti Markownikoff's additions. Grignard additions on carbonyl compounds. Elimination reactions: Dehydro halogenation of alkylhalides. Saytzeff rule. Oxidation reactions: Oxidation of alcohols using KMnO4 and chromic acid. Reduction reactions: Reduction of carbonyl compounds using LiAlH4 & NaBH4. Hydroboration of olefins. Structure, synthesis and pharmaceutical applications of Paracetamol and Aspirin.

Unit - V

Spectroscopic techniques and applications: Principles of electronic spectroscopy: Beer Lamberts law, Numerical problems, types of electronic excitations, applications of UV –Visible spectroscopy. IR Spectroscopy: Principle, Modes of vibrations, selection rules, Force Constant

,Some common organic functional groups Wave number regions (C-H, NH₂, OH, -COOH, C=O, C \equiv N, C=C, C \equiv C), applications of IR Spectroscopy, ¹H-NMR(NMR Spectroscopy), Principles of NMR spectroscopy, chemical shift, Chemical shifts of some organic protons, Introduction to Magnetic resonanceimaging.

Suggested Text Books:

- 1. Physical Chemistry, by P.W.Atkins
- 2. Engineering Chemistry by P.C.Jain&M.Jain; Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company(P)Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C.N.Banwell
- 4. Organic Chemistry: Structure and Function by K.P.C. Volhardt and N.E.Schore, 5thEdition.
- 5. University Chemistry, by B.M. Mahan, Pearson IVEdition.
- 6. Engineering Chemistry (NPTEL Web-book), by B.L. Tembe, Kamaluddin and M.S. Krishnan

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B.Tech. I YearISem.

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

2002ES01: BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Course Objectives:

- 1. To introduce the concepts of electrical circuits and its components
- 2. To understand magnetic circuits, DC circuits and AC single phase & three phasecircuits
- 3. To study and understand the different types of DC/AC machines and Transformers.
- 4. To import the knowledge of various electrical installations.
- 5. To introduce the concept of power, power factor and itsimprovement.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand and solve the DC circuits using fundamental theorems and time-domain analysis to design and troubleshoot the practical DC circuits.
- Analyze and apply AC circuit principles such as phasor representation, power calculations, and power factor to optimize the efficiency of electrical systems.
- Evaluate voltage and current relationships in three-phase circuits to design the balanced three-phase systems.
- Assess transformer principles and operations including equivalent circuit analysis, efficiency, and three phase connections to enhance the performance of power distribution systems.
- Demonstrate knowledge of three-phase induction motors, DC motors, and synchronous generators for effective industrial application.
- Identify and evaluate components of low-tension switchgear and battery systems to ensure safe and efficient electrical installations in various applications.

UNIT-I:

D.C. Circuits: Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, KVL&KCL, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation. Superposition, Thevenin and Norton Theorems. Timedomain analysis of first-order RL and RCcircuits.

UNIT-II

Circuits:Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, peak and rms values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor, Analysis of single- phase ac circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC, RLC combinations (series and parallel), resonance in series RL- C circuit. Three-phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.

UNIT-III:

Transformers: Ideal and practical transformer, equivalent circuit, losses in transformers, regulation and efficiency. Auto-transformer and three-phase transformer connections.

UNIT-IV:

Electrical Machines: Generation of rotating magnetic fields, Construction and working of a three-phase induction motor, Significance of torque-slip characteristic. Loss components and efficiency, starting and speed control of induction motor. Single-phase induction motor. Construction, working, torque-speed characteristic and speed control of separately excited dc motor. Construction and working of synchronous generators.

UNIT-V:

Electrical Installations: Components of LT Switchgear: Switch Fuse Unit (SFU), MCB, ELCB, MCCB, Types of Wires and Cables, Earthing. Types of Batteries, Important Characteristics for Batteries. Elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement and battery backup.

Text-Books/Reference-Books:

- 1. Basic Electrical Engineering D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, 3rd edition 2010, Tata McGrawHill.
- 2. D.C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009.
- 3. L.S. Bobrow, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press,2011
- 4. Electrical and Electronics Technology, E. Hughes, 10th Edition, Pearson, 2010
- 5. Electrical Engineering Fundamentals, Vincent Deltoro, Second Edition, Prentice Hall India,1989.

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2003ES61: ENGINEERING WORKSHOP

Course Objectives:

- 1. To Study of different hand operated power tools, uses and their demonstration.
- 2. To gain a good basic working knowledge required for the production of various engineering products.
- 3. To provide hands on experience about use of different engineering materials, tools, equipment's and processes those are common in the engineering field.
- 4. To develop a right attitude, team working, precision and safety at workplace.
- 5. To study commonly used carpentryjoints and to have practical exposure to various welding and joiningprocesses.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Identify and make use of various tools to perform a range of basic manufacturing operations in different trades to make/repair engineering components with workshop safety regulations.
- Illustrate knowledge of various trade operations based on requirements of the job.
- Illustrate knowledge of various trade tools based on requirements of the job.
- Interpret and establish residential wiring circuits according to given specifications and circuit diagram.
- Demonstrate working principles of power tools in different trades to use and to make with them engineering components.
- Develop model various basic prototypes to explore its functions and features of a innovative system.

Carpentry

- 1. Cross lapjoint
- 2. Mortise & tenonjoint

I. Fitting

- 1. V- fitting
- 2. Semi Circular Fitting

II. Tin Smithy

- 1. Making of Rectangular Tray
- 2. Making of Conical Funnel

III. Housing wiring

- 1. Two points controlled by two-one way switches(parallel connection)
- 2. One point controlled by two-two way switches(stair case connection).

IV. Foundry

- 1. Single piece pattern
- 2. Multi-piece pattern

V. Black Smithy

- 1. Round to Square
- 2. S Hook

Trades for Demonstration:

- 1. Plumbing
- 2. Welding
- 3. Machine Shop
- 4. Metal Cutting (WaterPlasma)

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Workshop Manual, P. Kannaiah and K. L. Narayana, 3rd Edition, Scitech,2015
- 2. Elements of Workshop Technology Vol.1 & 2, S. K. Hajra Choudhury, A. K. Hajra Choudhury and Nirjhar Roy, 13th Edition, Media Promoters & Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Workshop Manual / Venkat Reddy/ BSP
- 2. Workshop Manual / K Venu Gopal / Anuradha

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2000HS61: ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION SKILLSLAB

The Language Lab focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and familiarizes the students with the use of English in everyday situations both in formal and informal contexts.

Course Objectives:

- 1. To facilitate computer-assisted multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent languagelearning
- 2. To sensitize students to the nuances of English speech sounds, word accent, intonation and rhythm
- 3. To bring about a consistent accent and intelligibility in students' pronunciation of English by providing an opportunity for practice inspeaking
- 4. To improve the fluency of students in spoken English and neutralize their mother tongue influence
- 5. To train students to use language appropriately for public speaking and interviews
- 6. Better understanding of nuances of English language through audio- visual experience and group activities
- 7. Neutralization of accent forint eligibility
- 8. Speaking skills with clarity and confidence which in turn enhances their employabilityskills

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the nuances of English language through audio- visual experience and group activities.
- Neutralize their accent for intelligibility
- Speak with clarity and confidence which in turn enhances their employability skills
- Acquire basic proficiency in LSRW skills, the main pillars of communication
- Expose students to a variety of self-instructional, learner-friendly modes of language learning
- Students will be able to strengthen their individual and collaborative work strategies

Syllabus

English Language and Communication Skills Lab (ELCS) shall have two parts:

- a. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL)Lab
- b. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS)Lab

Listening Skills

Objectives

- 1. To enable students develop their listening skills so that they may appreciate its role in the LSRW skills approach to language and improve their pronunciation
- 2. To equip students with necessary training in listening so that they can comprehend the speech of people of different backgrounds andregions

Students should be given practice in listening to the sounds of the language, to be able to recognize them and find the distinction between different sounds, to be able to mark stress and recognize and use the right intonation in sentences.

- 1. Listening for generalcontent
- 2. Listening to fill upinformation
- 3. Intensivelistening
- 4. Listening for specificinformation

Speaking Skills

Objectives

- 1. To involve students in speaking activities in various contexts
- 2. To enable students express themselves fluently and appropriately in social and professional contexts
 - Oral practice: Just A Minute (JAM)Sessions
 - Describingobjects/situations/people
 - Role play Individual/Groupactivities
 - Group Discussion Groupactivities
- > The following course content is prescribed for the English Language and Communication Skills Lab based on Unit-6 of AICTE Model Curriculum 2018 for B.Tech First English. As the syllabus is very limited, it is required to prepare teaching/learning materials by the teachers collectively in the form of handouts based on the needs of the students in their respective colleges for effective teaching/learning and timesaving in theLab)

Exercise - I

CALL Lab:

Understand: Listening Skill- Its importance – Purpose- Process- Types- Barriers of Listening.

Practice: Introduction to Phonetics – Speech Sounds – Vowels and Consonants.

ICS Lab:

Understand: Communication at Work Place- Spoken vs. Written language.

Practice: Ice-Breaking Activity and JAM Session-Situational Dialogues – Greetings – Taking

Leave – Introducing Oneself and Others.

Exercise - II

CALL Lab:

Understand: Structure of Syllables – Word Stress and Rhythm– Weak Forms and Strong Forms in Context.

Practice: Basic Rules of Word Accent - Stress Shift - Weak Forms and Strong Forms in Context.

ICS Lab:

Understand: Features of Good Conversation – Non-verbal Communication.

Practice: Situational Dialogues – Role-Play- Expressions in Various Situations – Making

Requests and Seeking Permissions - Telephone conversation.

Exercise - III

CALL Lab:

Understand: Intonation-Errors in Pronunciation-the Influence of Mother Tongue (MTI). *Practice:* Common Indian Variants in Pronunciation – Differences in British and American Pronunciation.

ICS Lab:

Understand: How to make Formal Presentations.

Practice: Formal Telephone conversation and Formal Presentations.

Exercise – IV CALL Lab:

Understand: Consonant Clusters, Plural and Past tense Markers

Practice: Words often Miss pelt – Confused/ Misused.

ICS Lab:

Understand: Public Speaking – Exposure to Structured Talks.

Practice: Making a Short Speech - Extempore.

Exercise - V

CALL Lab:

Understand: Listening for General and Specific Details.

Practice: Listening Comprehension Tests.

ICS Lab:

Understand: Group Discussion and Interview Skills.

Practice: Case studies on Group Discussions and Mock Interviews.

Minimum Requirement of infrastructural facilities for ELCS Lab:

1. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL)Lab:

The Computer Assisted Language Learning Lab has to accommodate 40 students with 40 systems, with one Master Console, LAN facility and English language learning software for self- study by students.

System Requirement (Hardware component):

Computer network with LAN facility (minimum 40 systems with multimedia) with the following specifications:

- i) Computers with Suitable Configuration
- ii) High Fidelity Headphones

2. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab:

The Interactive Communication Skills Lab: A Spacious room with movable chairs and audiovisual aids with a Public-Address System, LCD and a projector etc.

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2000BS62: ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB

Course Objectives: The course consists of experiments related to the principles of chemistry required for engineering student. The student will learn:

- 1. Estimation of hardness and chloride content in water to check its suitability for drinking purpose.
- 2. To determine the rate constant of reactions from concentrations as an function of time.
- 3. The measurement of physical properties like adsorption and viscosity.
- 4. To synthesize the drug molecules and check the purity of organic molecules by thin layer chromatographic (TLC)technique.

Course Outcomes: The experiments will make the student gain skills on:

- Ability to perform experiments illustrating the principles of chemistry relevant to the study of science and engineering.
- To record the amount of hardness and chloride content in water and interpret the significance of its presence in water.
- Understand the kinetics of a reaction from a change in concentration of reactants or products as a function of time.
- To evaluate and repot the amount of analyze by using instruments like conductimetry, potentiometry and pH metry.
- To analyze and predict the significance of properties like adsorption, viscosity and surface tension.
- To demonstrate the technique of Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC) and synthesis drug molecules widely used in industry.

List of Experiments:

- 1. Determination of total hardness of water by complexometric method using EDTA
- 2. Determination of chloride content of water by Argentometry
- 3. Estimation of an HCl by Conductometric titrations
- 4. Estimation of Acetic acid by Conductometric titrations
- 5. Estimation of HCl by Potentiometric titrations
- 6. Estimation of Fe2+ by Potentiometry usingKMnO4
- 7. Determination of rate constant of acid catalysed hydrolysis of methylacetate
- 8. Synthesis of Aspirin and Paracetamol
- 9. Thin layer chromatography calculation of Rf values, egortho and para nitrophenols
- 10. Determination of acid value of coconutoil
- 11. Verification of freundlich adsorption isotherm-adsorption of acetic acid oncharcoal
- 12. Determination of viscosity of castor oil and ground nut oil by using Ostwald's viscometer.
- 13. Determination of partition coefficient of acetic acid between n-butanol andwater.

14. Determination of surface tension of a give liquid using stalagmometer.

Experiments beyond syllabus:

- 1. Preparation of Nylon-6:6.
- 2. Estimation of Fe+2 byDichrometry.

References:

- 1. Senior practical physical chemistry, B.D. Khosla, A. Gulati and V. Garg (R. Chand & Co.,Delhi)
- 2. An introduction to practical chemistry, K.K. Sharma and D. S. Sharma(Vikas publishing, N. Delhi)
- 3. Vogel's text book of practical organic chemistry 5thedition
- 4. Text book on Experiments and calculations in Engineering chemistry S.S.Dara

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2002ES61: BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB

Course Objectives:

- 1. To analyze a given network by applying various electrical laws and networktheorems
- 2. To know the response of electrical circuits for different excitations
- 3. To calculate, measure and know the relation between basic electrical parameters.
- 4. To analyze the performance characteristics of DC and AC electricalmachines

Course Outcomes:

- Get an exposure to basic electrical laws by applying Ohm's Law, KCL and KVL.
- Understand the response of different types of electrical circuits to different excitations.
- Illustrate the concept of resonance in series RLC circuits.
- Calculate and analyze the impedance of RL, RC, and RLC series circuits.
- Analyze performance of dc motors, transformers and three phase induction motors.
- Understand the measurement and calculation of voltage-current in a balanced three phase circuits.

List of experiments/demonstrations:

- 1. Verification of OhmsLaw
- 2. Verification of KVL and KCL
- 3. Transient Response of Series RL and RC circuits using DCexcitation
- 4. Transient Response of RLC Series circuit using DCexcitation
- 5. Resonance in series RLCcircuit
- 6. Calculations and Verification of Impedance and Current of RL, RC and RLC seriescircuits
- 7. Measurement of Voltage, Current and Real Power in primary and Secondary Circuits of a Single PhaseTransformer
- 8. Load Test on Single Phase Transformer (Calculate Efficiency and Regulation)
- 9. Three Phase Transformer: Verification of Relationship between Voltages and Currents (Star-Delta, Delta-Delta, Delta-Star, Star-Star)
- 10. Measurement of Active and Reactive Power in a balanced Three-phasecircuit
- 11. Performance Characteristics of a Separately/Self Excited DC Shunt/CompoundMotor
- 12. Torque-Speed Characteristics of a Separately/Self Excited DC Shunt/CompoundMotor
- 13. Performance Characteristics of a Three-phase InductionMotor
- 14. Torque-Speed Characteristics of a Three-phase InductionMotor
- 15. No-Load Characteristics of a Three-phaseAlternator

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2000MC02: FOREIGN LANGUAGE: FRENCH (Mandatory Course)

INTRODUCTION

In view of the growing importance of foreign languages as a communication tool in some countries of the world, French has been identified as one of the most popular languages after English. As a result, French program is introduced to develop the linguistic and communicative skills of engineering students and to familiarize them to the French communication skills. This course focuses on basic oral skills.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- 1. To inculcate the basic knowledge of the French language.
- 2. To hone the basic sentence constructions in day to day expressions for communication in their vocation.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- Students will be able to communicate in French at A1 level.
- Sentence construction in day to day expressions.
- Communicate confidently in various contexts and different cultures where French is an official language.
- The students will be able to understand meaning of words, phrases and sentences in context.
- Acquire basic proficiency in including reading and listening,
- Understand and express simple narratives, descriptions and day to day conversations.

SYLLABUS

UNIT - I:

Speaking: Introduction to the French language and culture – Salutations - French alphabet - Introducing people

Writing: Understand and fill out a form

Grammar: The verbs "to be ' and "to have " in the present tense of the indicative

Vocabulary: The numbers from 1 to 20 - Professions - Nationalities

UNIT - II:

Speaking: Talk about one's family – description of a person - express his tastes and preferences - express possession - express negation

Writing: Write and understand a short message

Grammar: Nouns (gender and number) - Articles - The -er verbs in the present - Possessive adjectives - Qualifying adjectives

Vocabulary: The family – Clothes - Colors - The numbers from 1 to 100 - The classroom

UNIT - III

Speaking: Talk about your daily activities - be in time - ask and indicate the date and time - talk about sports and recreation - express the frequency

Writing: A letter to a friend

Grammar - The expression of time – The –ir verbs in the present - The verbs do, go, take, come, - Adverbs Reflexive verbs

Vocabulary - The days and months of the year - The sports - Hobbies

UNIT-IV

Speaking: Express the quantity - ask and give the price - express the need, the will and the capacity - compare (adjective) - speak at the restaurant / in the shops

Writing: A dialogue between a vendor and a customer at the market

Grammar: Verbs "to want", "to can" - Express capacity / possibility - Express will / desire - the future tense

Vocabulary: The food – Meals - Fruits and vegetables – The parts of the body

UNIT - V

Speaking: Express the prohibition and the obligation - describe an apartment - talk about the weather / ask the weather - ask the opinion - give your opinion - express your agreement or disagreement

Writing: Descriptions

Grammar: Demonstrative adjectives - Prepositions - The verb 'must' to indicate obligation and necessity in the present

Vocabulary: Seasons – Holidays - The city – Furniture

NOTE: The students are exposed to simple listening and reading activities.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Apprenons le Français 1& 2, New Saraswati House, 2015
- 2. A propos, A1, Langers International, 2010
- 3. Easy French Step-by-step by Myrna Bell Rochester
- 4. Ultimate French Beginner-Intermediate (Coursebook) By Livid Language
- 5. Ã L'Aventure: An Introduction to French Language and Francophone Cultures by Evelyne Charvier-Berman, Anne C. Cummings.

OUTCOMES

- 1. The students will be able to communicate in French at A1 level.
- 2. The student will have an advantage in the competitive job market.
- 3. This course benefits the graduates when pursuing study *opportunities* in the countries where French is the official language.

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3/ 1 / 0/ 4 2000BS05: APPLIED PHYSICS

Course Objectives:

- 1. Students will demonstrate skills in scientific inquiry, problem solving and laboratory techniques.
- 2. Students will be able to demonstrate competency and understanding of the concepts found in Quantum Mechanics, Fiber optics and lasers, Semiconductor physics and
- 3. Electromagnetic theory and a broad base of knowledge in physics.
- 4. The graduates will be able to solve non-traditional problems that potentially draw on knowledge in multiple areas of physics.
- 5. To study applications in engineering like memory devices, transformer core and electromagnetic machinery.

Course Outcomes: Upon graduation:

- Understand the fundamental concepts of black body radiation, quantum physics and Quantum behavior of matter in its atomic and subatomic state.
- Classify the energy bands of semiconductors, interpret the direct and indirect band gap semiconductors, identify the type of semiconductor using Hall Effect and identify the applications of semiconductors in electronic devices
- Classify different optoelectronic devices and their applications in modern technology
- Understand the basic concepts of LASER light Sources, identifies the engineering applications of lasers, classify optical fibers based on refractive index profile and mode of propagation and identify the applications of optical fibers in various fields.
- Analyze characterization and study of properties of material help the students to prepare new materials for various engineering applications.
- Exposed to the phenomena of electromagnetism and also to have exposure on magnetic materials and dielectric materials.

UNIT-I: Quantum Mechanics

Introduction to quantum physics, Black body radiation, Planck's law, Photoelectric effect, Compton effect experiment and, de-Broglie's hypothesis, Wave-particle duality, Davisson and Germer experiment, Heisenberg's Uncertainty principle, Wave function and its physical significance, Schrodinger's time independent wave equation, Particle in one dimensional box.

UNIT-II: Semiconductor Physics

Intrinsic and Extrinsic semiconductors, Fermi level in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, calculation of carrier concentration in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Carrier generation and recombination, Carrier transport: diffusion and drift, Hall effect: determination of Hall coefficient and experiment, Hall voltage, direct and indirect band gap semiconductors, p-n junction diode: energy band diagram for open and closed circuits, Zener diode and their V-I Characteristics.

UNIT-III: Optoelectronics

Radiative and non-radiative recombination mechanisms in semiconductors, LED and semiconductor lasers: Device structure, Materials, Characteristics and figures of merit,

Semiconductor photo detectors: Solar cell, PIN and Avalanche and their structure, Materials, working principle and Characteristics.

UNIT-IV: Lasers and Fiber Optics

Lasers: Characteristics of Lasers, interaction of radiation with matter: stimulated absorption, spontaneous and stimulated emission, Einstein's relations, Principle and working of Laser: Population inversion, Pumping mechanisms, Types of Lasers: Ruby laser, He-Ne laser, Applications of laser. Fiber Optics: Introduction Optical fiber, Optical fiber as a dielectric wave guide, Total internal reflection, Acceptance angle, Acceptance cone and Numerical aperture, mode and transmission of signal through Step and Graded index fibers, Losses associated with optical fibers, Applications of optical fibers in communication system (block diagram) and in other fields.

UNIT-V: Dielectric and Magnetic Properties of Materials

Electric dipole, dipole moment, dielectric constant, polarizability, electric displacement, electric susceptibility, types of polarization: electronic, ionic and orientation (qualitative) polarizations, calculation of polarizabilities of electronic and ionic polarization, Internal fields in a solid, Clausius-Mossotti equation, Ferroelectrics, Piezo electrics and Pyro electrics, Magnetization, field intensity, magnetic field induction, permeability and susceptibility, Bohr magneton, Classification of magnetic materials on the basis of magnetic moment, hysteresis curve based on domain theory, soft and hard magnetic materials.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Engineering Physics, B.K. Pandey, S. Chaturvedi CengageLearing.
- 2. Halliday and Resnick, Physics Wiley.
- 3. A textbook of Engineering Physics, Dr. M. N. Avadhanulu, Dr. P.G. Kshirsagar-S.Chand

REFERENCES:

- 1. Richard Robinett, QuantumMechanics
- 2. A textbook of Engineering Physics, Dr. M. N. Avadhanulu, Dr. P.G. Kshirsagar -S.Chand
- 3. J. Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology, Mc Graw-Hill inc.(1995).
- 4. Online Course: "Optoelectronic Materials and Devices" by Monica Katiyar and Deepak Guptha on NPTEL
- 5. Introduction to Solid State Physics by Charles kittel, wiley student edition.
- 6. S.M. Sze, Semiconductor Devices: Physics and Technology, wiley (2008)

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

B.Tech. I Year II Sem.

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2000BS02: MATHEMATICS - II

Course Objectives: To learn

- 1. Methods of solving the linear differential equations of first order, equations solvable for p, y and x.
- 2. Methods of solving the linear differential equations of higher order.
- 3. Properties of Laplace transforms, solving ordinary differential equations using Laplace transforms techniques.
- 4. The physical quantities involved in engineering field related to vector valued functions.
- 5. The basic properties of vector valued functions and their applications to line, surface and volume integrals.

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Identify whether the given differential equation of first order is exact or not and solve the first order differential equations.
- Solve higher differential equation and apply the concept of differential equation to real world problems.
- Calculate the Laplace transform of standard functions both from the definition and by using formulae.
- Use the Laplace transforms techniques for solving ODE's.
- Find the directional derivatives, Irrotational and Solenoid function and angle between the surfaces.
- Evaluate the line, surface and volume integrals and converting them from one to another

UNIT-I:

First Order ODE: Exact, Linear and Bernoulli's equations; Newton's law of cooling, Law of Natural Growth and Decay; Equations not of first degree: Equations solvable for p, y and x, Clairaut's type.

UNIT-II:

Ordinary Differential Equations of Higher Order: Second order linear differential equations with constant coefficients: Non-Homogeneous terms of the type e^{ax} , $sin\ ax$, $cos\ ax$, polynomials in x, $e^{ax}V(x)$ and $x\ V(x)$, method of variation of parameters.

UNIT-III:

Laplace Transforms:

Definition of Laplace transform, domain of the function and Kernel for the Laplace transforms, Existence of Laplace transform, Laplace transform of standard functions, first shifting Theorem, Laplace transform of functions when they are multiplied or divided by 't', Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions, Unit step function, Periodic function.

Inverse Laplace transform by Partial fractions, Inverse Laplace transforms of functions when they are multiplied or divided by 's', Inverse Laplace Transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions, Convolution theorem, Solving ordinary differential equations by Laplace transforms.

UNIT-IV:

VectorDifferentiation: Vector point functions and Scalar point functions. Gradient, Divergence and Curl. Directional derivatives, Tangent plane and Normal line. Scalar potential functions. Solenoidal

function and Irrotational vector, Vector Identities.

UNIT-V:

Vector Integration: Line, Surface and Volume Integrals. Green's theorem, Stoke's theorem and Gauss's Divergence Theorem (Statement & their verification).

TEXT BOOKS:

B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36thEdition, 2010. R. K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publishers, 4th Edition, 2014.

REFERENCES:

Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons, 9th Edition, 2006. Michael Greenberg, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 1998. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, Wiley India, 3rdEdition, 1984.

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2005ES01: PROGRAMMINGFOR PROBLEM SOLVING

Course Objectives:

- 1. To learn the fundamentals of computers.
- 2. To understand the various steps in programdevelopment.
- 3. To learn the syntax and semantics of C programminglanguage.
- 4. To learn the usage of structured programming approach in solvingproblems.

Course Outcomes: The student will learn

- Differentiate between primary components of a computer system and an Understanding on algorithms designing.
- Transform structured algorithms and flowcharts to solve problems and construct program solutions
- Apply control structures and looping to design logical flows and demonstrate usage of arrays and strings for efficient data manipulation.
- Implement functions to develop reusable code and evaluate the impact of storage classes and scope on program behaviour.
- Analyse and utilize data structures and pointers to create modular and memory-efficient code.
- Construct file handling operations and compare basic searching and sorting algorithms

UNIT I:

Introduction: Introduction to components of a computer system: disks, primary and secondary memory, processor, operating system, compilers, creating, compiling and executing a program etc., Number systems.

Introduction to Algorithms: steps to solve logical and numerical problems. Representation of Algorithm, Flowchart/Pseudo code with examples, Program design and structured programming. Introduction to C Programming Language: **Structure of a C program, Identifiers**, variables (with data types and space requirements), Syntax and Logical Errors in compilation, object and executable code, Operators- Arithmetic operators, relational and logical operators, increment and decrement operators, Bitwise operators, conditional operator, assignment operator, expressions and precedence, Expression evaluation, type conversion, typedef, The main method and command linearguments.

I/O: Simple input and output with scanf and printf, formatted I/O, Introduction to stdin, stdout and stderr.

UNIT II:

Conditional Branching and Loops: Writing and evaluation of conditionals and consequent branching with if, if-else, switch-case, ternary operator, goto, Iteration with for, while, do while loops

Arrays: one and two dimensional arrays, creating, accessing and manipulating elements of arrays.

Strings: Introduction to strings, handling strings as array of characters, basic string functions available in C (strlen, strcat, strcpy, strstr etc.), arrays of strings

UNIT - III

Functions: Designing structured programs, declaring a function, Signature of a function, Parameters and return type of a function, passing parameters to functions, call by value, Passing arrays to functions, passing pointers to functions, idea of call by reference, Some C standard functions and libraries, Passing 1-D arrays, 2-D arrays to functions

Recursion: Simple programs, such as Finding Factorial, Fibonacci series, Towers of Hanoi etc., Limitations of Recursive functions,

Storage Classes - extern, auto, register, static, scope rules, block structure.

UNIT IV:

Structures: Defining structures, initializing structures, unions, Array of structures

Pointers: Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Pointers to Arrays and Structures, pointers to pointers ,Use of Pointers in self-referential structures, usage of self referential structures in linked list (no implementation) Enumeration data type and bit-fields.

Storage classes (auto, extern, static and register).

Dynamic Memory Management functions, Preprocessing Directives, Preprocessor: Commonly used Preprocessor commands like include, define, undef, if, ifdef, ifndef.

UNIT - V

File Handling: Files: Text and Binary files, Creating and Reading and writing text and binary files, Appending data to existing files, Writing and reading structures using binary files, Random access using fseek, ftell and rewind functions

Introduction to Algorithms: Algorithms for finding roots of quadratic equations, finding minimum and maximum numbers of a given set, finding if a number is prime number, etc. Basic searching in an array of elements (linear and binary search techniques), Basic algorithms to sort array of elements (Bubble, Insertion and Selection sort algorithms), Basic concept of order of complexity through the example programs

Text Books:

- 1. ComputerScience:AStructuredProgrammingApproachUsingC,B.A.Forouzanand R. F. Gilberg, Third Edition, Cengage Learning.
- 2. Programming in C. P. Dey and M Ghosh, Second Edition, Oxford UniversityPress.

Reference Books:

- 1. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, Second Edition, Pearsoneducation.
- 2. Programmingwith C, B. Gottfried, 3rd edition, Schaum's outlines, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt Ltd.

- 3. C From Theory to Practice, G S. Tselikis and N D. Tselikas, CRCPress.
- 4. Basic computation and Programming with C, SubrataSaha and S. Mukherjee, Cambridge UniversityPress

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2003ES01: ENGINEERING DRAWING

Course Objectives:

- 1. To enable the students with various concepts like Dimension, Conventions and standards related to working drawing in order to become professionally efficient and to introduce fundamental concepts of curves used in engineering,
- 2. Students are capable to understand the Orthographic Projections of Points and Lines and are able to improve their visualization skills so that they can apply these skills in developing the new products.
- 3. Understands and becomes efficient in applying the concept of Orthographic Projections of Points, Lines and Planes in industrial applications
- 4. Can employ freehand 3D pictorial sketching to aid in the visualization process and to efficiently communicate ideas graphically.
- 5. Analyze a drawing and can efficiently communicate ideas graphically and Draw the 3D views using CAD.

Course Outcomes:

- Demonstrate proficiency in using AutoCAD software to create, edit, and manipulate 2D engineering drawings.
- Apply the concepts of engineering drawing for sketching conic sections and cycloids
- Analyze position of points and lines for representing their orthographic projections..
- Sketch orthographic projections of planes and solids to analyze their different orientations.
- Apply the principle of projections for sketching the isometric views.

Interpret the given orthographic projections to convert isometric view and vice versa

Introduction to Auto CAD Software:

The Menu System, Toolbar (Standard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and Dimension), Drawing Area (Background, Cross hairs, Coordinate System), Dialog boxes and windows, Shortcut menus (Button Bars), The Command Line, The Status Bar, Different methods of zoom as used in CAD, Select and erase objects.

UNIT-I:

Introduction to Engineering Drawing:

Principles of Engineering drawing and their significance, Conventions, Drawing Instruments **Engineering Curves:** Construction of Ellipse, Parabola and Hyperbola – General and Special methods; Cycloidal curves- Epicycloids and Hypocycloids.

UNIT-II:

Orthographic Projections, Projections of Points & Straight Lines: Principles of Orthographic Projections – Conventions; Projections of Points in all positions; Projections of lines Parallel to one Plane and Perpendicular to other Plane and Vice-versa - Inclined to one Plane and Parallel to other Plane and Vice-versa - Surface Inclined to both the Planes.

UNIT-III:

Projections of Planes: Projections of Planes- Surface Parallel to one Plane and Perpendicular to other Plane and Vice-versa - SurfaceInclined to one Plane and Parallel to other Plane and Vice-versa - Surface Inclined to both the Planes.

UNIT-IV:

Projections of Regular Solids: Projections of Regular Solids-Parallel to one Plane and Perpendicular to other Plane and Vice-versa- Inclined to one Plane and Parallel to other Plane and Vice-versa- Inclined to both the Planes– Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinder and Cone.

UNIT-V:

Isometric Projections: Principles of Isometric projection – Isometric Scale, Isometric Views, Conventions; Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Simple and Compound Solids

Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa, Conventions **Introduction to Solid Modeling:** Creation of simple solid models relevant to the domain.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Engineering Drawing, N.D. Bhatt N.D. Bhatt & V.M Panchal, 48th Edition, 2005 Charotar Publishing House, Gujarat.
- 2. "Computer Aided Engineering Drawing"by Dr. M H Annaiah, Dr C N Chandrappa and Dr B Sudheer Premkumar Fifth edition, New Age International Publishers.

REFERENCES

- 1. Engineering Drawing / Basant Agarwal and McAgarwal / McGraw Hill
- 2. Computer Aided Engineering Drawing S. Trymbaka Murthy, I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 3rd revised edition-2006.

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN B.Tech. I YearII Sem. L / T/ P/C 0/ 0 / 3/ 1.5

2000BS61: APPLIED PHYSICS LAB

Course Objectives:

- 1. Students will demonstrate skills in scientific inquiry, problem solving andlaboratory techniques.
- 2. Students will be able to demonstrate competency and understanding of the concepts found in Quantum Mechanics, Fiber optics and lasers, Semiconductor physics and a broad base of knowledge inphysics.
- 3. The graduates will be able to solve non-traditional problems that potentially draw on knowledge in multiple areas of physics.
- 4. To study applications in engineering like memory devices, transformer coreand electromagnetic machinery.

CourseOutcomes: Upon graduation

- Demonstrate classification of semiconductors with calculation of energy band gap.
- Explain the characteristics and critical values of simple electronic circuits like solar cell, Laser diode and light emitting diode.
- Calculation of the physical values like Planks constant using principles of optical phenomenon.
- Demonstrate the electric and magnetic field effects involved in Stewart and Gee's Experiment and Hall Effect experiment.
- Demonstrate how to calculate the numerical aperture and bending losses associated with fibers.
- Calculate the time constant of RC circuit and frequency response of LCR series and parallel circuits

List of Experiments:

(Any 8 experiments are mandatory)

1. Energy gap of a PN junction diode

To determine the energy band gap of a semiconductor p-n junction diode

2. Solar Cell

Characteristics of a given Solar Cell

3. Light Emitting Diode

To study the VI characteristics of a Light Emitting Diode

4. Stewart and Gee's Experiment

To determine the magnetic induction at the center and at several points on the axis of a

circular coil

5. HALL Effect Experiment

Determination of hall coefficient and Hall voltage

To calculate the Hall coefficient and the carrier concentration of the sample material.

6. Photoelectric Effect

To determine the work function of a given material.

7. LASER

To study the characteristics of LASER diode Sources.

8. A) Optical Fiber Numerical Aperture

To determine the numerical Aperture (NA) of the given optical fiber

B) Optical Fiber Bending Loss

To determine the loss caused in optical fibers in dB due to macro bending of the fiber

9. A) LCR series Circuit

To study the frequency response of LCR series circuits and to determine the Resonant Frequency.

B) LCR Parallel Circuit

To study the frequency response of LCR parallel circuits and to determine the Resonant Frequency.

10. R-C Circuit

To determine the time constant of the given RC circuit

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN B.Tech. I YearII Sem. L/T/P/C

0 / 0/ 3/ 1.5

2005ES61: PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LAB

Course Objectives: The students will learn the following:

- 1. To work with an IDE to create, edit, compile, run and debugprograms
- 2. To analyze the various steps in programdevelopment.
- 3. To develop programs to solve basic problems by understanding basic concepts in C like operators, control statementsetc.
- 4. Todevelopmodular,reusableandreadable C Programs using the concepts like functions, arrays etc.
- 5. To write programs using the Dynamic Memory Allocationconcept.
- 6. To create, read from and write to text and binaryfiles

Course Outcomes: The candidate is expected to be able to:

- Formulate the algorithms and translate it to a working and correct program
- Identify and correct logical syntax errors encountered during execution
- Represent and manipulate data with arrays, strings and structures
- Use pointers of different types
- Create, read and write to and from simple text and binary files
- Modularize the code with functions so that they can be reused

Practice sessions:

- a. Write a simple program that prints the results of all the operators available in C (including pre/post increment, bitwise and/or/not, etc.). Read required operand values from standardinput.
- b. Write a simple program that converts one given data type to another using auto conversion and casting. Take the values form standardinput.

Simple numeric problems:

- a. Write a program for fiend the max and min from the threenumbers.
- b. Write the program for the simple, compoundinterest.
- c. Write program that declares Class awarded for a given percentage of marks, where mark <40%= Failed, 40% to <60% = Second class, 60% to <70%=First class, >= 70% = Distinction. Read percentage from standardinput.
- d. Write a program that prints a multiplication table for a given number and the number of rows in the table. For example, for a number 5 and rows = 3, the output shouldbe:

 $5 \times 1 = 5$

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

 $5 \times 3 = 15$

e. Write a program that shows the binary equivalent of a given positive number between 0 to 255.

Expression Evaluation:

- i. A building has 10 floors with a floor height of 3 meters each. A ball is dropped from the top of the building. Find the time taken by the ball to reach each floor. (Use the formula $s = ut + (1/2)at^2$ where u and a are the initial velocity in m/sec (= 0) and acceleration in m/sec^2 (= 9.8m/s^2)).
- ii. Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +,-,*, /, % and use Switch Statement)
- iii. Write a program that finds if a given number is a primenumber
- iv. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer and test given number ispalindrome.
- v. AFibonaccisequenceisdefinedasfollows:thefirstandsecondtermsinthesequenceare0and
 - 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of thesequence.
- vi. Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by theuser.
- vii. Write a C program to find the roots of a Quadratic equation.
- viii. Write a C program to calculate the following, where x is a fractional value.
 - $1-x/2 + x^2/4 x^3/6$
- ix. WriteaCprogramtoreadintwonumbers,xandn,andthencomputethesumofthisgeometric progression:1+x+x^2+x^3+.....+x^n.Forexample:ifnis3andxis5,thentheprogram computes 1+5+25+125.

Arrays and Pointers and Functions:

- a. Write a C program to find the minimum, maximum and average in an array of integers.
- b. Write a functions to compute mean, variance, Standard Deviation, sorting of n elements in single dimensionarray.
- c. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following:
- d. Addition of TwoMatrices
- e. ii. Multiplication of TwoMatrices
- f. iii. Transpose of a matrix with memory dynamically allocated for the new matrix as row and column counts may not besame.
- g. Write C programs that use both recursive and non-recursivefunctions
- h. To find the factorial of a giveninteger.
- i. ii. To find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two givenintegers.
- j. iii. To findx^n
- k. Write a program for reading elements using pointer into array and display the values using array.
- 1. Write a program for display values reverse order from array using pointer.
- m. Write a program through pointer variable to sum of n elements from array.

Strings:

- a. Write a C program to convert a Roman numeral ranging from I to L to its decimal equivalent.
- b. Write a C program that converts a number ranging from 1 to 50 to Romanequivalent
- c. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
- i. To insert a sub-string in to a given main string from a given position.
- ii. To delete n Characters from a given position in a given string.

- d. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not (Spelled same in both directions with or without a meaning like madam, civic, noon, abcba,etc.)
- e. Write a C program that displays the position of a character ch in the string S or 1 if S doesn't containch.
- f. Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a giventext.

Structures & Unions:

- a. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations using Structure
 - f. Reading a complex number
 - ii. Writing Complex Number
 - iii. Addition of 2 ComplexNumbers
 - iv. Multiplication of two complex numbers
- b. Write a C program to store information of 5 students using structures.
- c. Write a C program to Access all structures members using pointer structure variable.
- d. Write a C program to access members ofunion?

Files:

- a. Write a C program to display the contents of a file to standard output device.
- b. Write a C program which copies one file to another, replacing all lowercase characters with their uppercase equivalents.
- c. Write a C program to count the number of times a character occurs in a text file. The file name and the character are supplied as command linearguments.
- d. Write a C program that does the following:
- It should first create a binary file and store 10 integers, where the file name and 10 values are given in the command line. (hint: convert the strings using atoi function) Now the program asks for an index and a value from the user and the value at that index should be changed to the new value in the file. (hint: use fseek function). The program should then read all 10 values and print them back.
- e. Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file followed by those of the second are put in the thirdfile).

Miscellaneous:

- a. Write a menu driven C program that allows a user to enter n numbers and then choose between finding the smallest, largest, sum, or average. The menu and all the choices are to be functions. Use a switch statement to determine what action to take. Display an error message if an invalid choice isentered.
- b. Write a C Program to construct a pyramid of numbers as follows:

c. Write a C Program implement Student Data Base System Using Files & Structures.

Sorting and Searching:

- a. Write a C program that uses non recursive function to search for a Key value in a given list of integers using linear searchmethod.
- b. Write a C program that uses non recursive function to search for a Key value in a given sorted list of integers using binary searchmethod.
- c. Write a C program that implements the Bubble sort method to sort a given listofintegers in ascending order.
- d. Write a C program that sorts the given array of integers using selection sort in descending order
- e. Write a C program that sorts the given array of integers using insertion sort in ascendingorder
- f. Write a C program that sorts a given array ofnames

Suggested Reference Books for solving the problems:

- i. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C,McGraw-Hill
- ii. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3rd Edition)
- iii. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice
- iv. Hall of India
- v. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16thImpression)
- vi. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, PearsonEducation.
- vii. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4thEdition

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (Autonomous Institution- UGC, Govt. of India)

B.Tech. I Year II Sem.

L /T / P/ C

3/0/0/0

2000MC01: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Course Objectives:

- 1. Understanding the importance of ecological balance for sustainable development.
- 2. Understanding the impacts of developmental activities and mitigation measures.
- 3. Understanding the environmental policies and regulations

Course Outcomes:

- Develop critical-thinking skills, analyze real-world problems, and understand the power of narrative to create sustainable solutions for local and global communities.
- Understand the scarcity of natural resources and will be able to replace them with alternative energy resources for the sustainability of environmental society & economy.
- Recognize the type of biodiversity along the values & conservation biodiversity and know about the biogeographical regions.
- Categorize the types of environmental pollution & the various treatment technologies for the diminution of environmental pollutants and contaminants.
- Summarize the global environmental issues to create awareness about the international conventions and protocols for extenuating global environmental issues.
- Understand the importance of environmental legislation policies, sustainable development and concept of green building

UNIT-I

Ecosystems: Definition, Scope, and Importance of ecosystem. Classification, structure, and function of an ecosystem, Food chains, food webs, and ecological pyramids. Flow of energy, Biogeochemical cycles, Bioaccumulation, Biomagnification, ecosystem value, services and carrying capacity, Field visits.

UNIT-II

Natural Resources: Classification of Resources: Living and Non-Living resources, **water resources:** use and over utilization of surface and ground water, floods and droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. **Mineral resources:** use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, **Land resources:** Forest resources, **Energy resources:** growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy source, case studies.

UNIT-III

Biodiversity And Biotic Resources: Introduction, Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Value of biodiversity; consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and optional values. India as a mega diversity nation, Hot spots of biodiversity. Field visit. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts; conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation. National Biodiversity act.

UNIT-IV

Environmental Pollution and Control Technologies:

Environmental Pollution: Classification of pollution, Air Pollution: Primary and secondary pollutants, Automobile and Industrial pollution, Ambient air quality standards. Water pollution: Sources and types of pollution, drinking water quality standards. Soil Pollution: Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil. Noise Pollution: Sources and Health hazards, standards, Solid waste: Municipal Solid Waste management, composition and characteristics of e-Waste and its management. Pollution control technologies: Wastewater Treatment methods: Primary, secondary and Tertiary. Overview of air pollution control technologies, Concepts of bioremediation.

Global Environmental Issues and Global Efforts: Climate change and impacts on human environment. Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS). Deforestation and desertification. International conventions / Protocols: Earth summit, Kyoto protocol, and Montréal Protocol. NAPCC-GoI Initiatives.

UNIT-V

Environmental Policy, Legislation & EIA: Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air Act- 1981, Water Act, Forest Act, Wild life Act, Municipal solid waste management and handling rules, biomedical waste management and handling rules, hazardous waste management and handling rules. EIA: EIA structure, methods of baseline data acquisition. Overview on Impacts of air, water, biological and Socio-economical aspects. Strategies for risk assessment, Concepts of Environmental Management Plan (EMP).

Towards Sustainable Future: Concept of Sustainable Development Goals, Population and its explosion, Crazy Consumerism, Environmental Education, Urban Sprawl, Human health, Environmental Ethics, Concept of Green Building, Ecological Foot Print, Life Cycle assessment (LCA), Low carbon lifestyle.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by ErachBharucha for University GrantsCommission.
- 2. Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford UniversityPress.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Environmental Science: towards a sustainable future by Richard T. Wright. 2008 PHL Learning Private Ltd. NewDelhi.
- 2. Environmental Engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela. 2008 PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd.
- 3. Environmental Science by Daniel B. Botkin& Edward A. Keller, Wiley INDIAedition.
- 4. Environmental Studies by Anubha Kaushik, 4th Edition, New age international publishers.
- Text book of Environmental Science and Technology Dr. M. Anji Reddy 2007, BSPublications.
- 6. Introduction to Environmental Science by Y. Anjaneyulu, BS. Publications.

II B. TECH SYLLABUS (ECE)

ECE SYLLABUS B.Tech- II YEAR

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (Autonomous Institution-UGC, Govt. of India)

B.Tech. II Year I Sem.

L/T/P/C 3/1/0/4

(2000BS03)MATHEMATICS - III (Complex Analysis & Transform Techniques)

Course Objectives: To learn

- 1. Differentiation and integration of complex Valued functions
- 2. Evaluation of integrals using Cauchy's integral formula
- 3. Laurent's series expansion of complex functions
- 4. Evaluation of integrals using Residue theorem
- 5. A periodic function by Fourier series and a non-periodic function by Fourier transform
- 6. z-transform of a sequence and properties

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- Understand the concepts of analytic functions and apply the Cauchy-Riemann equations to determine the analyticity of functions in both Cartesian and polar coordinates.
- Evaluate complex integrals using Cauchy's integral theorem and formulae, as well as apply Taylor's and Laurent series to represent and analyze analytic functions in complex analysis.
- Identify and classify singularities, calculate residues, and apply the Cauchy Residue Theorem to evaluate improper integrals.
- Develop Fourier series expansions for periodic functions, including handling even and odd functions and deriving half-range expansions.
- Apply Fourier transforms to represent functions in terms of sine and cosine transforms and utilize inverse transforms for solution interpretations.
- Utilize Z-transforms and their properties, including convolution and shifting, to solve difference equations in engineering applications.

UNIT – I

Analytic Functions: Introduction, Continuity, Differentiability, Analyticity, Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar coordinates (without proof). Harmonic and conjugate harmonic functions-Milne-Thompson method (without proof).

UNIT - II

Complex integration: Line integral, Cauchy's integral theorem, Cauchy's integral formula, and Generalized Cauchy's integral formula, Power series: Taylor's series-Laurent series.

UNIT - III

Singularities and Contour Integration: Singular points, isolated singular points essential singularity, Pole, Residue, Cauchy Residue theorem (Without proof) Residue – Evaluation of residue by formula and by Laurent series – Residue theorem. Evaluation of integrals of the type(a) Improper real integrals

$$\int_{-x}^{x} f(x) dx \qquad \text{(b) } \int_{c}^{c+2\pi} f(\cos\theta, \sin\theta) d\theta.$$

UNIT - IV

Fourier series: Introduction, Fourier series definition, Dirichlet's conditions, Even and odd functions, Half range sine and cosine series.

UNIT - V

Transform Techniques:

Fourier Transforms: Fourier integral theorem (without proof), Fourier sine and cosine integrals, sine and cosine transforms, properties, inverse transforms and finite Fourier transforms.

z-transforms: z- transforms, inverse z-transforms, properties, damping rule, shifting rule, Initial and final value theorems, convolution theorem, solution of difference equation by z-transforms.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Dr. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.
- 2. R. K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publishers, 4th Edition, 2014.
- 3. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons,9thEdition, 2006.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Murray Spigel, Seymour Lischutz, John Schiller, Dennis Spellman, Complex Variables bu Schaum's Outlines, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- 2. S. Arumugam, A. Tangapandi Isaac, A. Somasundaram, Complex Analysis, Scitech Publications, 2012.

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (Autonomous Institution-UGC, Govt. of India)

II Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PC01) ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS

OBJECTIVES:

The main objectives of the course are:

- 1. To familiarize the student with the principal of operation, analysis and design of junction diode, BJT and FET transistors and amplifier circuits.
- 2. To understand diode as a rectifier.
- 3. To study basic principal of filter of circuits and various types

OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Understand the qualitative theory, properties, and behavior of P-N junction diodes, including their Breakdown mechanisms and diode equation.
- Understand the characteristics and operation of special purpose diodes, such as photodiodes, varactor diodes, tunnel diodes, and SCR, at a high level.
- Analyze different kinds of rectifier circuits and filters, evaluating their harmonic content and voltage control ability
- Analyze the design and functionality of BJTs by examining their configurations and computing important parameters. Apply various stabilizing and biasing techniques to BJTs at a high level while investigating how they affect thermal stability.
- Analyze single-stage transistor amplifiers in-depth and at an elevated level. Use the H-Parameter Model to compare performance metrics between configurations
- Analyze the performance of FETs as voltage-variable resistors and contray their characteristics to Bipolar Junction Transistors (BJTs).

UNIT-I

P-N Junction diode: Qualitative Theory of P-N Junction, P-N Junction as a diode, diode equation, volt-ampere characteristics temperature dependence of V-I characteristic, ideal versus practical, Resistance levels(static and dynamic), transition and diffusion capacitances, diode equivalent circuits, load line analysis, breakdown mechanisms in semiconductor diodes.

Special purpose electronic devices: Principal of operation and Characteristics of TunnelDiode with the help of energy band diagrams, Varactar Diode, SCR and photo diode.

UNIT-II

Rectifiers, Filters: P-N Junction as a rectifier ,Half wave rectifier, Full wave rectifier, Bridge rectifier , Harmonic components in a rectifier circuit, Inductor filter, Capacitor filter, L- section filter, π - section filter and comparison of various filters, Voltage regulation using Zener diode.

UNIT-III

Bipolar Junction Transistor: The Junction transistor, Transistor construction, Transistor current components, Transistor as an amplifier, Input and Output characteristics of transistor in Common Base, Common Emitter, and Common collector configurations. α and β Parameters and the relation between them, BJT Specifications.

BJT Hybrid Model: h-parameter representation of a transistor, Analysis of single stagetransistor amplifier using h-parameters: voltage gain, current gain, Input impedance and Output impedance. Comparison of transistor configurations in terms of A_i , R_i , A_{ν} , and R_o .

UNIT-IV

Transistor Biasing And Stabilisation: Operating point , the D.C and A.C Load lines, Need for biasing , criteria for fixing operating point, B.J.T biasing, Fixed bias, Collector to base bias, Emitter Feedback bias, Self bias techniques for stabilization, Stabilization factors(s, sI, sII), Bias Compensation using diode and transistor(Compensation against variation in VBE, ICO) Thermal run away, Condition for Thermal stability.

UNIT-V

Field Effect Transistor: JFET (Construction, principal of Operation and Volt –Ampere characteristics)-Pinch- off voltage, Small signal model of JFET. FET as Voltage Variable Resistor, Comparison of BJT and FET. MOSFET (Construction, Principle of Operation and symbol), MOSFET characteristics in Enhancement and Depletion modes.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Millman's Electronic Devices and Circuits J. Millman, C.C.Halkias, and Satyabrata Jit, 2 Ed.,1998, TMH.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits Mohammad Rashid, Cengage Learing, 2013
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits David A. Bell, 5 Ed, Oxford

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuits, K. Lal Kishore B.S Publications
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits, S.Salivahanan, N.Sureshkumar, McGraw Hill.
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits, Balbirkumar, shailb.jain, PHI PrivatedLimted,
- 4. Electronic Devices and Circuits, A.PGodse, U.A Bakshi, Technical Publications
- 5. Electronic Devices and Circuits K.S. Srinivasan Anurdha Agencies

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (Autonomous Institution-UGC, Govt. of India)

II Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PC02) SIGNALS & SYSTEMS

OBJECTIVES:

The main objectives of the course are:

- 1. Coverage of continuous and discrete-time signals and representations and methods that is necessary for the analysis of continuous and discrete-time signals.
- 2. Knowledge of time-domain representation and analysis concepts as they relate to difference equations, impulse response and convolution, etc.
- 3. Knowledge of frequency-domain representation and analysis concepts using Fourier analysis tools, Z-transform.
- 4. Concepts of the sampling process.
- 5. Mathematical and computational skills needed in application areas like communication, signal processing and control, which will be taught in other courses.

OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Classify various signal types (e.g., continuous, discrete) and perform fundamental operations to interpret and manipulate signal characteristics.
- Analyze signals using orthogonal functions and vector spaces, and demonstrate Fourier series and transform applications for both periodic and non-periodic signals.
- Apply the Fourier Transform to transition between time and frequency domains, Analyze signal properties such as bandwidth, sampling, aliasing, and reconstruction.
- Examine signal behavior through linear time-invariant (LTI) systems, assessing conditions for distortion less transmission and understanding filter characteristics.
- Utilize the Laplace Transform for complex signal analysis and relate it to the Fourier Transform in solving real-world signal processing problems.
- Interpret discrete-time systems through Z-transforms, compare it with other transforms, and apply it to practical discrete-time signal problems.

UNIT I:

Introduction to Signals: Elementary Signals- Continuous Time (CT) signals, DiscreteTime (DT) signals, Basic Operations on signals, Classification of Signals.

Signal Analysis: Analogy between vectors and signals, orthogonal signal space, Signalapproximation using orthogonal functions, Mean square error, Closed or complete set of orthogonal functions, Orthogonality in complex functions.

Fourier Series: Representation of Fourier series, Continuous time periodic signals, Dirichlet's conditions, Trigonometric Fourier Series, Exponential Fourier Series, Properties of Fourier series, Complex Fourier spectrum.

UNIT II:

Fourier Transforms: Deriving Fourier transform from Fourier series, Fourier transformof arbitrary signal, Fourier transform of standard signals, Fourier transform of periodic signals, Properties of Fourier transforms.

Sampling: Sampling theorem – Graphical and analytical proof for Band Limited Signals, impulse sampling, Natural and Flat top Sampling, Reconstruction of signal from its samples, effect of under sampling – Aliasing.

UNIT III:

Signal Transmission through Linear Systems: Introduction to Systems, Classification of Systems, Linear Time Invariant (LTI) systems, system, impulse response, Transfer function of a LTI system. Filter characteristics of linear systems. Distortion less transmission through a system, Signal bandwidth, System bandwidth, Ideal LPF, HPF and BPF characteristics, Causality and Poly-Wiener criterion for physical realization, relationship between bandwidth and rise time.

Convolution of Signals: Concept of convolution in time domain, Graphical representation of convolution.

UNIT-IV:

Laplace Transforms: Review of Laplace transforms, Inverse Laplace transform, Conceptof region of convergence (ROC) for Laplace transforms, Properties of L.T's relation between L.T's, and F.T. of a signal. Laplace transform of certain signals using waveform synthesis.

UNIT-V:

Z–Transforms: Concept of **Z-** Transform of a discrete sequence. Distinction between Laplace, Fourier and Z transforms, Region of convergence in Z-Transform, Inverse Z-Transform, Properties of Z-transforms.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Signals & Systems Simon Haykin and Van Veen, Wiley, 2nd Edition.
- 2. Signals and Systems A.V. Oppenheim, A.S. Willsky and S.H. Nawab, PHI, 2nd Edn.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Signals and Systems A. Anand Kumar, PHI Publications, 3rd edition.
- 2. Signals, Systems & Communications B.P. Lathi, BS Publications, 2003.
- 3. Fundamentals of Signals and Systems Michel J. Robert, MGH International Edition, 2008.

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (Autonomous Institution-UGC, Govt. of India)

II Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PC03) NETWORK ANALYSIS

Pre-requisite: Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering

OBJECTIVES:

The main objectives of the course are:

- 1. To understand the basic concepts on RLC circuits.
- 2. To know the behavior of the steady states and transients states in RLC circuits.
- 3. To know the basic Laplace transforms techniques in periodic waveforms.
- 4. To understand the two port network parameters.
- 5. To understand the properties of LC networks and filters.

OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Formulate mathematical models for physical systems and construct representations of linear time-invariant systems using transfer functions and block diagram.
- Analyze the structure and benefits of open-loop and closed-loop feedback control systems, and apply signal flow graphs and Mason's gain formula to simplify complex control systems.
- Analyze the time response of first and second-order systems for standard test inputs and evaluate system stability using Routh-Hurwitz criteria and Root Locus techniques.
- Apply frequency-response techniques such as Bode and Nyquist plots to evaluate system stability and performance in the frequency domain.
- Design and evaluate controllers and compensators (P, PI, PD, PID) using root locus and frequency-domain mets to improve system performance.
- Formulate state-space models and conduct state variable analysis to assess system controllability and observability.

UNIT - I

Review of R, L,C, RC, RL, RLC circuits, Network Topology, Terminology, Basic cutest and tie set matrices for planar networks, Illustrative Problems, Magnetic Circuits, Self and Mutual inductances, dot convention, impedance, reactance concept, Impedance transformation and coupled circuits, co-efficient of coupling, equivalent T for Magnetically coupled circuits, Ideal Transformer.

UNIT - II

Steady state and transient analysis of RC, RL and RLC Circuits, Circuits with switches, step response, 2nd order series and parallel RLC Circuits, Root locus, damping factor, over damped, under damped, critically damped cases, quality factor and bandwidth for series and parallel resonance, resonance curves.

UNIT - III

Network Analysis using Laplace transform techniques, step, impulse and exponentialvexcitation, response due to periodic excitation, RMS and average value of periodic waveforms.

UNIT-IV

Two port network parameters, Z, Y, ABCD, h and g parameters, Characteristic impedance, Image transfer constant, image and iterative impedance, network function, driving point and transfer functions – using transformed (S) variables, Poles and Zeros.

UNIT - V

Standard T, π , L Sections, Characteristic impedance, image transfer constants, Design of Attenuators, impedance matching network, T and π Conversion, LC Networks and Filters: Properties of LC Networks, Foster's Reactance theorem, design of constant K, LP, HP and BP Filters, Composite filter design.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Network Analysis ME Van Valkenburg, Prentice Hall of India, 3rd Edition, 2000.
- 2. Networks, Lines and Fields JD Ryder, PHI, 2nd Edition, 1999.

REFERENCES

- 1. Engineering Circuit Analysis William Hayt and Jack E Kemmerly, MGH, 5th Edition, 1993.
- 2. Electric Circuits J. Edminister and M.Nahvi Schaum's Outlines, MCGRAW HILL EDUCATION, 1999.
- 3. Network Theory Sudarshan and Shyam Mohan, Mc Graw Hill Education.

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II Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2005ES02) PYTHON PROGRAMMING

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to

- Learn Syntax and Semantics and create Functions in Python.
- Handle Strings and Files in Python.
- Understand Lists, Dictionaries and Regular expressions in Python.
- Understand Python Function and Built-in Functions.

Course Outcomes: The students should be able to:

- Understand the features, applications, and versions of Python programming and set up Python environments for development in Windows and Linux systems
- Demonstrate the use of Python syntax, literals, variables, and operators, and perform data type conversions and manipulations effectively
- Construct Python programs utilizing conditional statements, loops, and control structures for problem-solving
- Analyze and implement advanced data structures in Python, such as lists, tuples, sets, and dictionaries, for efficient data organization and processing
- Apply Python functions, including built-in, user-defined, and lambda functions, to modularize and enhance the efficiency of programs
- Utilize string operations and built-in string functions to perform advanced string manipulations for practical applications

UNIT I

Introduction - PYTHON Programming Introduction, History of Python. Python is Derived from?, Python Features ,Python Applications, Why Python is Becoming Popular Now a Day?, Existing Programming Vs Python Programming, Writing Programs in Python, Top Companies Using Python, Python Programming Modes-Interactive Mode Programming, Scripting Mode Programming, Flavors in Python, Python Versions, Download & Install the Python in Windows & Linux, How to set Python Environment in the System?, Anaconda - Data Science Distributor, Downloading and Installing Anaconda, Jupyter Notebook &Spyder, Python IDE - Jupyter Notebook Environment, Python IDE - Spyder Environment

UNIT II

Python Identifiers(Literals), Reserved Keywords, Variables, Comments, Lines and Indentations, Quotations, Assigning Values to Variables, Data Types in Python, Mutable Vs Immutable, Fundamental Data Types: int, float, complex, bool, str, Number Data Types: Decimal, Binary, Octal, Hexa Decimal & Number Conversions, Inbuilt Functions in Python, Data Type Conversions, Priorities of Data Types in Python

Python Operators- Arithmetic Operators, Comparison (Relational) Operators, Assignment

Operators, Logical Operators, Bitwise Operators, Membership Operators, Identity Operators

UNIT III

Slicing & Indexing-Forward Direction Slicing with +ve Step, Backward Direction Slicing with -ve Step

Decision Making Statements- if Statement, if-else Statement, elif Statement

Looping Statements- Why we use Loops in python? Advantages of Loops, for Loop, Nested for Loop, Using else Statement with for Loop, while Loop, Infinite while Loop, Using else with Python while Loop

Conditional Statements - break Statement, continue Statement, Pass Statement

UNIT IV

Advanced Data Types: List, Tuple, Set, Frozenset, Dictionary, Range, Bytes &Bytearray, None.

List Data Structure- List indexing and splitting, Updating List values, List Operations, Iterating a List, Adding Elements to the List, Removing Elements from the List, List Built-in Functions, List Built-in Methods

Tuple Data Structure- Tuple Indexing and Splitting, Tuple Operations, Tuple Inbuilt Functions, Where use Tuple, List Vs Tuple, Nesting List and Tuple

Set Data Structure- Creating a Set, Set Operations, Adding Items to the Set, Removing Items from the Set, Difference Between discard() and remove(), Union of Two Sets, Intersection of Two Sets, Difference of Two Sets, Set Comparisons

Frozen set Data Structure, Dictionary Data Structure- Creating the Dictionary, Accessing the Dictionary Values, Updating Dictionary Values, Deleting Elements Using del Keyword, Iterating Dictionary, Properties of Dictionary Keys, Built-in Dictionary Functions, Built-in Dictionary Methods

List Vs Tuple Vs Set Vs Frozenset Vs Dictionary, Range, Bytes, Bytearray & None

UNIT V

Python Functions - Advantage of Functions in Python, Creating a Function, Function Calling, Parameters in Function, Call by Reference in Python, Types of Arguments, Required Arguments, Keyword Arguments, Default Arguments, Variable-Length Arguments

Scope of Variables, Python Built-in Functions, Python Lambda Functions

String with Functions- Strings Indexing and Splitting, String Operators, Python Formatting Operator, Built-in String Functions

BOOKS:

- 1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd edition, Updated for Python 3, Shroff/O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
- 2.R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", dreamtech Python Programming: A Modern Approach, VamsiKurama, Pearson

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Core Python Programming, W.Chun, Pearson.
- 2. Introduction to Python, Kenneth A. Lambert, Cengage Learning Python, Mark Lutz, Orielly

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II Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L /T / P/ C 0/0/3/1.5

(2004PC61) ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS LAB

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Examine, the diode's V-I properties
- Design and Analysis of Diode applications of electronic devices and circuits and devices like amplifier and filters Understand the working of Amplifiers using small-signal transistors
- Design and Analyze frequency response of different amplifier configurations (CE, CC,
- CS) Analyze and realize different electronic diodes.
- Evaluate the performance of Special purpose electronic diodes such as LEDs & SCRs

PART A: (Only for Viva-voce Examination) **Electronic Workshop Practice (In 3 Lab Sessions):**

- 1. Identification, Specifications, Testing of R, L, C Components (Color Codes), Potentiometers, Switches (SPDT, DPDT, and DIP), Coils, Gang Condensers, Relays,
 - Bread Boards, PCB's
- 2. Identification, Specifications and Testing of Active Devices, Diodes, BJT's, Low power JFET's, MOSFET's, Power Transistors, LED's, LCD's, SCR, UJT.
- 3. Study and operation of
 - i. Multimeters (Analog and Digital)
 - Function Generator ii.
 - iii. **Regulated Power Supplies**
 - CRO. iv.
- 1. P-N junction diode characteristics
- 2. Zener diode characteristics and Zener as voltage regulator
- 3. Half -Wave Rectifier with and without filter
- 4. Full Wave Rectifier with and without filter
- 5. Input and output characteristics of transistor in CB configuration
- 6. Input and output characteristics of transistor in CE configuration
- 7. FET Characteristics
- 8. h-parameters of CE configuration
- 9. Frequency response of CE amplifier
- 10. Frequency response of CC amplifier
- 11. Frequency response of common source FET amplifier
- 12. UJT CHARACTERISITCS
- 1. Regulated Power supplies (RPS) 0-30 V
- 2. CRO's 0-20 MHz 3. Function Generators 0-1 MHz
- 4. Multimeters
- 5. Decade Resistance Boxes /

Rheostats

6. Decade Capacitance Boxes

7. Ammeters (Analog or Digital) 0-20 μ A, 0-50 μ A, 0-100 μ A, 0-200 μ A, 0-10 mA 8. Voltmeters (Analog or Digital) 0-50V, 0-100V, 0-250V

9. Electronic Components Resistors, Capacitors, BJT's, SCR's, UJTs, FET's,LED's, MOSFET's, Diodes- Ge & Si type, Transistors – NPN, PNP

type

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II Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C 0/0/3/1.5

(2004PC62) BASIC SIMULATION LAB

- Perform basic operations on matrices and generate various types of signals and sequences (e.g., unit impulse, step, sinusoidal) for use in signal processing applications.
- Apply fundamental operations (addition, scaling, shifting, folding) on signals and sequences, and analyze their even and odd components as well as real and imaginary parts.
- Evaluate the convolution and correlation of signals and sequences to determine linearity, time-invariance, and other key system properties, verifying theoretical concepts experimentally.
- Demonstrate the synthesis of waveforms using Laplace transforms and compute Fourier transforms of signals, visualizing their magnitude and phase spectra for frequency-domain analysis
- Analyze and plot pole-zero maps in both s-plane and z-plane to interpret system stability and response characteristics, reinforcing theoretical understanding of transfer functions.
- Verify the sampling theorem and examine noise removal using correlation techniques, assessing signal quality and system response under various conditions, including Gaussian noise.

Note:

- 1. All the experiments are to be simulated using MATLAB or equivalent software
- 2. Minimum of 15 experiments are to be completed

List of experiments:

- 1. Basic operations on matrices.
- 2. Generation on various signals and Sequences (periodic and aperiodic), such as unit impulse, unit step, square, sawtooth, triangular, sinusoidal, ramp, sinc.
- 3. Operations on signals and sequences such as addition, multiplication, scaling, shifting, folding.
- 4. Finding the even and odd parts of signal/sequence and real and imaginary part of signal.
- 5. Convolution between signals and sequences.
- 6. Auto correlation and cross correlation between signals and sequences.
- 7. Verification of linearity properties of a given continuous /discrete system.
- 8. Verification of time invariance properties of a given continuous discrete system.
- 9. Computation of unit sample, unit step and sinusoidal response of the given LTI system and verifying its stability.
- 10. Waveform synthesis using Laplace transform.
- 11. Finding the Fourier transform of a given signal and plotting its magnitude and phase spectrum.
- 12. Locating the zeros and poles and plotting the pole zero maps in s-plane and z-plane for the given transfer function.
- 13. Generation of Gaussian Noise (real and complex), computation of its mean, M.S. Value and its skew, kurtosis, and PSD, probability distribution function.

- 14. Sampling theorem verification.
- 15. Removal of noise by auto correlation/cross correlation.
- 16. Verification of Weiner-Khinchine relations.
- 17. Checking a random process for stationary in wide sense.

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II Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L /T / P/ C 2 / 0 / 0 / 0

(2000MC04) INDIAN CONSTITUTION (Mandatory Course)

Course Objectives:

To enable the students to be aware of emergence and evolution of Indian Constitution,to understand their fundamental rights and duties and to understand the structure and composition of Election Commission.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the meaning, importance, and evolution of the Indian Constitution and identify its salient features
- Describe the scheme of Fundamental Rights, Duties, and Directive Principles of State Policy, and analyze their legal and societal significance
- Illustrate the structure of the Union Government, including the roles and powers of the President, Prime Minister, and Parliament.
- Examine the historical perspective of constitutional amendments and evaluate the significance of emergency provisions in India.
- Analyze the constitutional framework for local self-government and assess its role in grassroots governance
- Understand the functioning of the Election Commission, State Election Commissions, and welfare institutions for SC/ST/OBC and women

UNIT –I Meaning and Importance of Constitution, Evolution of the constitution of India. Salient features of the constitution of India

UNIT –II Scheme of fundamental rights, fundamental duties and its legal status. The Directive Principles of State Policy- Significance and implementation

UNIT –III Government of the Union: President of India – Election and Powers, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers, Lok Sabha – Composition and Powers, Rajya Sabha – Composition and Powers

UNIT -IV The historical perspectives of the constitutional amendments in India. Emergency provisions: National Emergency, President Rule, Financial Emergency, Local self-Government-Constitutional scheme in India

UNIT –V Election Commission: Role and Functioning, Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners, State Election Commission: Role and Functioning, Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
- 2. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- 1. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015
- 2. 'Indian Administration' by Avasti and Avasti

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II Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C

3/0/0/4

(2005ES04) COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND OPERATING SYSTEMS

Course Objectives:

The main objectives of the course are:

- 1. To have a thorough understanding of the basic structure and operation of a digital computer.
- 2. To discuss in detail the operation of the arithmetic unit including the algorithms & implementation of fixed-point and floating-point addition, subtraction, multiplication & division.
- 3. To study the different ways of communicating with I/O devices and standard I/O interfaces.
- 4. To study the hierarchical memory system including cache memories and virtual memory.
- 5. To demonstrate the knowledge of functions of operating system memory management scheduling, file system and interface, distributed systems, security and dead locks.
- 6. To implement a significant portion of an Operating System.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the Course, the students will be able to:

- To Know the Basic structure of a digital computer and Remembering Various types and applications.
- To Know the Role of Register Transfer Language and Micro Operations in Computer Organization.
- Analysis of the Micro Programmed Control Memory and The Memory Systems in the Computer.
- To the Know the Various types of Input-Output Organization with respect to their Input-Output Processor (IOP)and Serial Communication Protocols.
- To Know the Overview of Computer Operating Systems Functions and Operating Systems Structures.
- To know the Types of System Model, Deadlock Characterization and The Concept of a File Access Mets..

UNIT - I: Basic Structure of Computers: Computer Types, Functional UNIT, Basic Operational Concepts, Bus, Structures, Software, Performance, Multiprocessors and Multi Computers, Data Representation, Fixed Point Representation, Floating - Point Representation.

Register Transfer Language and Micro Operations: Register Transfer Language, Register Transfer Bus and Memory Transfers, Arithmetic Micro Operations, Logic Micro Operations, Shift Micro Operations, Arithmetic Logic Shift Unit, Instruction Codes, Computer Registers Computer Instructions - Instruction Cycle.

Memory - Reference Instructions, Input - Output and Interrupt, STACK Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing Modes, DATA Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control, Reduced Instruction Set Computer.

UNIT - II:

Micro Programmed Control: Control Memory, Address Sequencing, Microprogram Examples, Design of Control Unit, Hard Wired Control, Microprogrammed Control.

The Memory System: Basic Concepts of Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read-Only Memories, Cache Memories Performance Considerations, Virtual Memories secondary Storage, Introduction to RAID.

UNIT - III:

Input-Output Organization: Peripheral Devices, Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous Data Transfer Modes, Priority Interrupt, Direct Memory Access, Input-Output Processor (IOP), Serial Communication; Introduction to Peripheral Components, Interconnect (PCI) Bus, Introduction to Standard Serial Communication Protocols like RS232, USB, IEEE1394.

UNIT - IV:

Operating Systems Overview: Overview of Computer Operating Systems Functions, Operating Systems Structures- Systems Calls, System Programs **Process Management:** Process, Process States, Process Control Block, CPU Scheduling Algorithms **Memory Management:** Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Paging, Structure of the Page Table, Segmentation, Virtual Memory, Demand Paging, Page-Replement Algorithms, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing

UNIT - V:

Principles of Deadlock: System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Deadlock Prevention, Detection and Avoidance, Recovery from Deadlock.

File System Interface: The Concept of a File, Access Methods, Directory Structure, File System Mounting, File Sharing, Protection.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Computer Organization Carl Hamacher, ZvonksVranesic, SafeaZaky, 5th Edition, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Computer System Architecture M.Moris Mano, 3rd edition, Pearson

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Computer Organization and Architecture William Stallings 6th Edition, Pearson
- 2. Operating System Concepts AbrehamSilberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne, 8th Edition, John Wiley.
- 3. Structured Computer Organization Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4th Edition, PHI

- 4. Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles, Stallings, 6th Edition 2009, Pearson Education.
- 5. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum 2nd Edition, PHI
- 6. Principles of Operating System, B. L. Stuart, Cengage Learning, India Edition.

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II Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C

3/0/0/3

(2004PC04) ANALOG CIRCUITS

Course Objectives:

The main objectives of the course are:

- 1. To introduce circuit realizations with components such as diodes, BJTs and transistors studied earlier.
- 2. To give understanding of various types of amplifier circuits such as small signal, cascaded, large signal and tuned amplifiers.
- 3. To familiarize the Concept of feedback in amplifiers so as to differentiate between negative and positive feedback.

Course Outcomes:

- Upon completion of the Course, the students will be able to:
- Understand small signal amplifier circuits applying the biasing techniques learnt earlier.
- Understand Cascade different amplifier configurations to obtain the required overall specifications like Gain, Bandwidth, Input and Output interfacing Impedances
- Will have the exposure on JFET ,MOSFET amplifiers
- Utilize the Concepts of negative feedback to improve the stability of amplifiers and positive feedback to generate sustained oscillations.
- Design and realize different classes of Power Amplifiers and tuned amplifiers useable for audio and Radio applications
- Understand small signal amplifier circuits applying the biasing techniques learnt earlier.

UNIT - I

And Design of Small Signal Low Frequency BJT Amplifiers:

CE Amplifier with emitter resistance, low frequency response of BJT Amplifiers, effect of coupling and bypass capacitors, Design of single stage RC coupled amplifier Different coupling schemes used in amplifiers, Analysis of Cascaded RC Coupled amplifiers, Cascode amplifier, Darlington pair,

UNIT - II

Transistor At High Frequency: The Hybrid- pi – Common Emitter transistor model,CE short circuit current gain, current gain with resistive load, single stage CE transistor amplifier response, Gain-bandwidth product.

UNIT - III

FET Amplifiers: Analysis of JFET Amplifiers, Analysis of CS, CD, CG JFET Amplifiers, comparison of performance with BJT Amplifiers, Basic Concepts of MOS Amplifiers, –

MOSFET – MOSFET Characteristics in Enhancement and Depletion mode – MOS Small signal model, Common source amplifier with resistive, Source follower, Common Gate Stage

UNIT -IV

Positive & Negative Feedback In Amplifiers: Classification of amplifiers, Concepts of feedback – Classification of feedback amplifiers – General characteristics of negative feedback amplifiers – Effect of Feedback on Amplifier characteristics – Voltage series, Voltage shunt, Current series and Current shunt Feedback configurations – Simple problems. **Oscillators:** Classification of oscillators, Barkhausen criterion, RC phase shift oscillator, Wein bridge oscillator, LC oscillator Hartley and Colpitts oscillator.

UNIT - IV

Large Signal Amplifiers: classification, distortion and amplifiers Class A Power Amplifier, Maximum Value of Efficiency of Class – A Amplifier, Transformer Coupled Amplifier, Push Pull and Complimentary Symmetry Class B and Class AB Power Amplifiers – Transistor Power Dissipation, Heat Sinks.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuits, David A. Bell 5th Edition, Oxford.
- 2. Electronics circuits and applications, Md H Rashid, Cengage 2014

REFERENCES:

- 1. Integrated Electronics, Jacob Millman, Christos C Halkias, McGraw Hill Education
- 2. 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits, S. Salivahanan, N. Suresh Kumar, A Vallvaraj, 5th Edition, MC GRAW HILL EDUCATION.
- 3. 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits theory– Robert L. Boylestead, Louis Nashelsky, 11th Edition, 2009, Pearson.
- 4. Electronic Devices Conventional and current version -Thomas L. Floyd 2015.

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L/T/ P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PC05) ANALOG AND DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS

Course Objectives:

The main objectives of the course are:

- 1. To develop ability to analyze system requirements of analog communication systems.
- 2. To understand the need for modulation
- 3. To understand the generation, detection of various analog modulation techniques and also perform the mathematical analysis associated with these techniques.
- 4. To understand the pulse modulation techniques.
- 5. To understand the functional block diagram of Digital communication system.
- 6. To understand the need for source and channel coding.
- 7. To study various source and channel coding techniques.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, student should possess the following skills:

- Able to analyze various analog modulation and demodulation systems.
- Understand the characteristics of noise present in analog systems.
- Study of signal to Noise Ration (SNR) performance, of various Analog Communication systems
- Understand basic components of Digital Communication Systems and analyze the error performance of Digital Modulation Techniques
- Understand the redundancy present in Digital Communication by using various source coding techniques
- Know about different error detecting and error correction codes like block codes, cyclic codes

Unit-I: Analog Modulation Schemes: Introduction to communication system, Principles of Amplitude Modulation Systems- DSB, SSB and VSB modulations. Angle Modulation, Representation of FM and PM signals, Spectral characteristics of angle modulated signals.

Unit-II: Noise in Analog Communication: Noise in AM, FOM measurement in AM, DSBSC, SSBSC. Noise in FM, FOM measurement in FM, Pre-emphasis and De-emphasis. **Receivers**: TRF Receiver, Super Heterodyne Receiver, Receiver characteristics, TDM, FDM

Unit-III:Pulse Analog modulation Techniques:PAM, PWM, PPM

Introduction to Digital Communication System: Digital Representation of analog signal, Advantages and Disadvantages of Digital Communication,

Waveform Coding Techniques:Pulse code modulation (PCM), Differential pulse code modulation. Delta modulation, Limitations, Adaptive Delta Modulation, S/N Ratio of PCM, DM.

Unit-IV: Information Theory: Information measurement, Entropy, Conditional Entropy, Mutual Information, properties, Information Rate, Discrete Memory less source, channel codingtheorem. Source coding techniques-Shannon Fano, Huffman, Shannon Hartley laws.

Error control coding: Block codes, Syndrome decoding, cyclic codes, syndrome decoding.

Unit-V: Pass band Digital Modulation schemes-ASK, PSK, FSK Generation-coherent and non coherent detection techniques, QPSK, 8PSK,16PSK, QAM-constellation diagrams.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Communications system, S.Haykin, Wiley, 4 edition 2009.
- 2. Digital and Analog Communication Systems Sam Shanmugam, John Wiley, 2005.

REFERENCES:

- Principles of Communication Systems -Herbert Taub, Donald L Schiling, Goutam Saha,3rd Edition, Mc Graw -Hill, 2008
- 2. Electronic communication systems, Wayne Tomasi, 5 edition, Pearson
- 3. Communication Systems: Analog and Digital, R. P. Singh, S. Sapre, McGraw-Hill Education, 2012
- 4. Digital Communications –John G. Proakis, MasoudSalehi –5th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2008.

II Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PC06) CONTROL SYSTEMS

Course Objectives:

The main objectives of the course are:

- 1. To understand the different ways of system representations such as Transfer function
- 2. representation and state space representations and to assess the system dynamicresponse
- 3. To assess the system performance using time domain analysis and methods forimproving it
- 4. To assess the system performance using frequency domain analysis and techniques for improving the performance
- 5. To design various controllers and compensators to improve system performance

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, student should possess the following skills:

- Understand the basic concepts of control systems and analyze the effects of feedback on system performance.
- Apply mathematical modeling techniques to develop transfer functions for DC servomotor, AC servo motor and synchro's, and represent them using block diagrams and signal flow graphs.
- Analyze the time response of first- and second-order systems to standard test signals, and evaluate system performance through steady-state errors and error constants.
- Understand stability concepts and evaluate system stability using Routh-Hurwitz criteria and Root Locus techniques.
- Apply frequency-response techniques such as Bode and Nyquist plots to evaluate system stability and performance in the frequency domain.
- Apply state-space mets to represent continuous systems and evaluate state transition matrices for solving time-invariant state equations.

UNIT - I

Introduction: Concepts of Control Systems- Open Loop and closed loop control systems and their differences- Different examples of control systems- Classification of control systems, Feed-Back Characteristics, Effects of feedback. Mathematical models – Differential equations - Impulse Response and transfer functions - Translational and Rotational mechanical systems.

Transfer Function Representation: Transfer Function of DC Servo motor - AC Servo motor- Synchro transmitter and Receiver, Block diagram representation of systems considering electrical systems as examples - Block diagram algebra - Representation by Signal flow graph - Reduction using mason's gain formula.

UNIT-II

Time Response Analysis: Standard test signals - Time response of first order systems - Characteristic Equation of Feedback control systems, Transient response of second order systems - Time domain specifications - Steady state response - Steady state errors and error constants - Effects of proportional derivative, proportional integral systems.

UNIT - III

Stability Analysis: The concept of stability - Routh stability criterion – qualitative stability and conditional stability.

Root Locus Technique: The root locus concept - construction of root loci-effects of adding poles and zeros to G(s) H(s) on the root loci.

Frequency Response Analysis: Introduction, Frequency domain specifications-Bode diagrams-Determination of Frequency domain specifications and transfer function from the Bode Diagram-Phase margin and Gain margin-Stability Analysis from Bode Plots.

UNIT – IV Stability Analysis In Frequency Domain: Polar Plots, Nyquist Plots and applications of Nyquist criterion to find the stability - Effects of adding poles and zeros to G(s)H(s) on the shape of the Nyquist diagrams.

Classical Control Design Techniques: Compensation techniques – Lag, Lead, and Lead-Lag Controllers design in frequency Domain, PID Controllers.

UNIT - V

State Space Analysis of Continuous Systems: Concepts of state, state variables and state model, derivation of state models from block diagrams, Diagonalization- Solving the Time invariant state Equations- State Transition Matrix and its Properties.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. "I. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal", "Control Systems Engineering", New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 5th edition, 2009
- 2. "B. C. Kuo", "Automatic Control Systems", John wiley and sons, 8th edition, 2003.

- 1. "N. K. Sinha", "Control Systems", New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 3rdEdition, 1998.
- "NISE", "Control Systems Engineering", John wiley, 6th Edition, 2011.
 "Katsuhiko Ogata", "Modern Control Engineering", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.,3rd edition, 1998.

II Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PC07) PROBABILITY THEORY AND STOCHASTIC PROCESS

Course Objectives:

The main objectives of the course are:

- 1. To provide mathematical background and sufficient experience so that student can read, write and understand sentences in the language of probability theory.
- 2. To introduce students to the basic methodology of "probabilistic thinking" and apply it to problems.
- 3. To understand basic concepts of Probability theory and Random Variables, how to deal with multiple Random Variables.
- 4. To understand the difference between time averages statistical averages.
- 5. To teach students how to apply sums and integrals to compute probabilities, and expectations.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Understand probabilities and able to Analyze and Solve problems involving probability calculations, including joint, marginal, and conditional probabilities.
- Analyze random variables and apply different probability distributions(Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Exponential Gaussian, Rayleigh) to model real-world situations.
- Calculate and interpret the expected value and variance of discrete and continuous random variables.
- Evaluate time averages, ergodicity and able to compute and interpret auto correlation and cross-correlation functions, as well as covariance functions.
- Understand the relationship between the power spectrum density and the correlation function and be able to evaluate the power density spectrum along with its properties.
- Connect the knowledge of mean values, auto correlation, cross-correlation, power density spectra, and cross power spectral densities to evaluate and optimize the performance of linear systems in practical applications.

UNIT I:

Probability and Random Variable

Probability: Set theory, Experiments and Sample Spaces, Discrete and Continuous SampleSpaces, Events, Probability Definitions and Axioms, Mathematical Model of Experiments, Joint Probability, Conditional Probability, Total Probability, Bayes' Theorem, and Independent Events.

The Random Variable: Definition of a Random Variable, Conditions for a Function to be aRandom Variable, Discrete and Continuous, Mixed Random Variable

UNIT II:

Distribution and Density Functions-Operations on One Random Variable

Distribution and density functions: Distribution and Density functions, Properties, Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Exponential Gaussian, Rayleigh and Conditional Distribution, Methods of defining Conditioning Event, Conditional Density function and its properties, problems.

Operation on One Random Variable: Expected value of a random variable, function of arandom variable, moments about the origin, central moments, variance and skew, characteristic function, moment generating function.

UNIT III:

Multiple Random Variables and Operations on Multiple Random Variables

Multiple Random Variables: Vector Random Variables, Joint Distribution Function and Properties, Joint density Function and Properties, Marginal Distribution and density Functions, conditional Distribution and density Functions, Statistical Independence, Distribution and density functions of Sum of Two Random Variables and Sum of Several Random Variables, Central Limit Theorem - Unequal Distribution, Equal Distributions.

Operations on Multiple Random Variables: Expected Value of a Function of Random Variables, Joint Moments about the Origin, Joint Central Moments, Joint Characteristic Functions, and Jointly Gaussian Random Variables: Two Random Variables case and N Random Variable case, Properties.

UNIT VI:

Stochastic Processes-Temporal Characteristics

The Stochastic process Concept, Classification of Processes, Deterministic and Nondeterministic Processes, Distribution and Density Functions, Statistical Independence and concept of Stationarity: First-Order Stationary Processes, Second-Order and Wide-Sense Stationarity, Nth-Order and Strict-Sense Stationarity, Time Averages and Ergodicity, Mean-Ergodic Processes, Correlation-Ergodic Processes Autocorrelation Function and Its Properties, Cross-Correlation--Function and Its Properties, Gaussian Random Processes.

Linear system Response: Mean and Mean-squared value, Autocorrelation, Cross-CorrelationFunctions.

UNIT V:

Stochastic Processes-Spectral Characteristics

The Power Spectrum and its Properties, Relationship between Power Spectrum and Autocorrelation Function, the Cross-Power Density Spectrum and Properties, Relationship between Cross-Power Spectrum and Cross-Correlation Function.

Spectral characteristics of system response: power density spectrum of response, crosspower spectral density of input and output of a linear system

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Probability, Random Variables & Random Signal Principles -Peyton Z. Peebles, TMH, 4th Edition, 2001.
- 2. Probability and Random Processes-Scott Miller, Donald Childers, 2Ed, Elsevier, 2012

- 1. Theory of probability and Stochastic Processes-Pradeep Kumar Gosh, University Press
- 2. Probability and Random Processes with Application to Signal Processing Henry Stark and John W. Woods, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition.
- 3. Probability Methods of Signal and System Analysis- George R. Cooper, Clave D. MC Gillem, Oxford, 3rd Edition, 1999.
- 4. Statistical Theory of Communication -S.P. Eugene Xavier, New Age Publications 2003

5. Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes Athanasios Papoulis and S.Unnikrishna Pillai, PHI, 4th Edition, 2002.

II Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

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(2004PC63) ANALOG CIRCUITS LAB

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Examine the frequency response of BJT amplifiers.
- Examine the frequency response of FET amplifiers.
- Understand the working of Push Pull amplifier & different configurations of feedback amplifier
- Design and Analyze different types of oscillators
- Analyze and realize different classes of Power Amplifiers.
- Evaluate the performance of Tuned amplifiers and estimate the resonant frequency useable for audio and Radio applications

Note:

- Minimum 12 experiments should be conducted:
- Experiments are to be simulated using Multisim or P-spice or Equivalent Simulation and then testing to be done in hardware.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Common Emitter Amplifier
- 2. Common Base Amplifier
- 3. Common Source amplifier
- 4. Two Stage RC Coupled Amplifier
- 5. Current Shunt Feedback Amplifier
- 6. Voltage Series Feedback Amplifier
- 7. Cascode Amplifier
- 8. Wien Bridge Oscillator using Transistors
- 9. RC Phase Shift Oscillator using Transistors
- 10. Class A Power Amplifier (Transformer less)
- 11. Class B Complementary Symmetry Amplifier
- 12. Hartley Oscillator
- 13. Colpitt's Oscillator
- 14. Single Tuned Voltage Amplifier

II Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

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(2004PC64) ANALOG & DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS LAB

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Design and Implementation of different analog modulation and demodulation techniques
- Apply Time Division Multiplexing concepts in different pulse modulation techniques
- Demonstrate the ability to generate PCM signals from analog signals
- Describe Practical Implementation of base band modulation techniques
- Design and Implement different Pulse Modulation Techniques
- Analyzing Digital Modulation techniques

Part-1: ANALOG COMMUNICATIONS (Any 8 Experiments)

- 1. Amplitude modulation and demodulation.
- 2. DSB-SC Modulator & Detector
- 3. SSB-SC Modulator & Detector (Phase Shift Method)
- 4. Frequency modulation and demodulation.
- 5. Study of spectrum analyzer and analysis of AM and FM Signals
- 6. Pre-emphasis & de-emphasis.
- 7. Verification of Sampling Theorem
- 8. Pulse Amplitude Modulation & Demodulation
- 9. Pulse Width Modulation & Demodulation
- 10. Pulse Position Modulation & Demodulation

Part-2: DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS (Any 6 Experiments)

- 1. PCM Generation and Detection
- 2. Differential Pulse Code Modulation
- 3. Delta Modulation
- 4. Adaptive Delta modulation
- 5. Frequency Shift Keying: Generation and Detection
- 6. Phase Shift Keying: Generation and Detection
- 7. Amplitude Shift Keying: Generation and Detection
- 8. OFDM: Generation and Detection

II Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

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(2000MC03)HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS

Course Objective: To enable the students to imbibe and internalize the Values and Ethical Behaviour in the personal and Professional lives.

Course Outcome:

- Evaluate the concepts of human values, including self-exploration and natural acceptance, and assess their role in fostering happiness and prosperity as fundamental human aspirations..
- Analyze the principles of harmony in family and society, including values such as trust and respect, and develop strategies to promote a harmonious, universally unified society.
- Differentiate between personal and professional ethics, including ethical dilemmas, and apply concepts of life skills and emotional intelligence to navigate ethical decisions in a professional context.
- Interpret the ethical responsibilities and moral values in engineering practices by examining real-world case studies, and evaluate the impact of professional codes of conduct on workplace norms and accountability
- Analyzation of global ethical issues, including sustainable development, technology globalization, and corporate governance, and propose solutions to address these challenges in a professional setting.
- Assess the ethical implications of emerging global concerns—such as media, war, and bioethics—and develop frameworks for ethical decision-making regarding intellectual property rights and environmental sustainability.

UNIT - I: Introduction to Human Values: Need, basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education, Self Exploration - 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation. Continuous Happiness and Prosperity - A look at basic Human Aspirations. Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facilities. Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly

UNIT - II:Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society: Harmony in Human - Human Relationship: Understanding harmony in the Family the basic unit of human interaction. Understanding values in human - human relationship; meaning of Nyaya and program for its fulfillment to ensure Ubhay-tripti; Trust (Vishwas) and Respect (Samman) as the foundational values of relationship. Understanding the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family). Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society - Undivided Society (AkhandSamaj), Universal Order (SarvabhaumVyawastha) - from family to world family!

UNIT – III:Introduction to Professional Ethics: Basic Concepts, Governing Ethics, Personal & Professional Ethics, Ethical Dilemmas, Life Skills, Emotional Intelligence,

Thoughts of Ethics, Value Education, Dimensions of Ethics, Profession and professionalism, Professional Associations, Professional Risks, Professional Accountabilities, Professional Success, Ethics and Profession.

UNIT – IV:Professional Practices in Engineering: Work Place Rights & Responsibilities, Professions and Norms of Professional Conduct, Norms of Professional Conduct vs. Profession; Responsibilities, Obligations and Moral Values in Professional Ethics, Professional codes of ethics, the limits of predictability and responsibilities of the engineering profession. Central Responsibilities of Engineers – The Centrality of Responsibilities of Professional Ethics; lessons from 1979 American Airlines DC-10 Crash and Kansas City Hyatt Regency Walk away Collapse.

UNIT – V:Global issues in Professional Ethics: Introduction – Current Scenario, Technology Globalization of MNCs, International Trade, World Summits, Issues, Business Ethics and Corporate Governance, Sustainable Development Ecosystem, Energy Concerns, Ozone Depletion, Pollution, Ethics in Manufacturing and Marketing, Media Ethics, War Ethics, Bio Ethics, Intellectual Property Rights.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. R. R. Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, 2009, A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics.
- 2. Professional Ethics: R. Subramanian, Oxford University Press, 2015.

- 1. Prof. K. V. Subba Raju, 2013, Success Secrets for Engineering Students, Smart Student Publications, 3rd Edition.
- Ethics in Engineering Practice & Research, Caroline Whitbeck, 2e, Cambridge University Press 2015.
- 3. Ivan IIIich, 1974, Energy & Equity, The Trinity Press, Worcester, and HarperCollins, USA
- 4. Engineering Ethics, Concepts Cases: Charles E Harris Jr., Michael S Pritchard, Michael J Rabins, 4e, Cengage learning, 2015.
- 5. Business Ethics concepts & Cases: Manuel G Velasquez, 6e, PHI, 2008.

III B. TECH SYLLABUS (ECE)

B.Tech. III Year I Sem.

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(2000HS03) MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS & FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Course Objectives:

To enable the student to understand and appreciate, with a particular insight, the importance of certain basic issues governing the business operations namely, demand and supply, production function, cost analysis, markets, forms of business organizations, capital budgeting and financial accounting and financial analysis.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will

- Understand the basic aspects of managerial economics including the nature and scope of demand analysis, the various determinants of demand, elasticity of demand, and demand forecasting.
- Assess production and cost concepts such as production function, laws of returns to scale, and be able to perform break-even analysis for effectiveness in the choice of production and cost minimization strategies.
- Analyze among the three broad categories of business competition (perfect competition, monopoly and monopolistic competition) as well as pricing mechanisms and their applicability within the different business contexts.
- Applying capital budgeting mets that include the Payback Period, ARR, and NPV to evaluate the feasibility of the proposed capital investment projects.
- Applying financial statements including the Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and the Balance Sheet through the relevant accounting concepts to evaluate an organization's position.
- Analyze financial data using cash flow and fund flow techniques in evaluating the operational position and performance of a firm for effective policy formulation.

Unit I:Introduction & Demand Analysis: Definition, Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics. Demand Analysis: Demand Determinants, Law of Demand and its exceptions. Elasticity of Demand: Definition, Types, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand. Demand Forecasting, Factors governing demand forecasting, methods of demand forecasting.

Unit II: Production & Cost Analysis: Production Function - MRTS, Least Cost Combination of Inputs, Laws of Returns to Scale, Internal and External Economies of Scale. Cost Analysis: Cost concepts. Break-even Analysis (BEA) - Determination of Break-Even Point (simple problems).

Unit III: Markets & New Economic Environment: Types of competition and Markets, Features of Perfect competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition, Pricing: Objectives and Policies of Pricing, Methods of Pricing, Business: Features and evaluation of different forms of Business Organization, Sole Proprietorship, Partnership, Joint Stock Company, Public Enterprises and their types, New Economic Environment, Changing Business Environment in Post-liberalization scenario.

Unit IV: Capital Budgeting: Capital and its significance, Types of Capital, Estimation of Fixed and Working capital requirements, Methods and sources of raising capital, Capital

Budget, Cash Budget, Capital Budgeting: features of capital budgeting proposals, Methods of Capital Budgeting, Payback Method, Accounting Rate of Return (ARR) and Net Present Value Method (simple problems).

Unit V: Introduction to Financial Accounting & Financial Analysis: Accounting concepts and Conventions - Double Entry - Book Keeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance - Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments), Financial Statement Analysis: cash flow & Funds flow statements (simple problems).

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Varshney&Maheswari: Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand, 2009.
- 2. S.A. Siddiqui & A.S. Siddiqui, Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New Age international Publishers, Hyderabad 2013.
- 3. M. Kasi Reddy &Saraswathi, Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, PHI New Delhi, 2012.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ambrish Gupta, Financial Accounting for Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2012
- 2. H. Craig Peterson & W. Cris Lewis, Managerial Economics, Pearson, 2012.
- 3. Lipsey&Chrystel, Economics, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 4. Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics In a Global Economy, Thomson, 2012.
- 5. Narayanaswamy: Financial Accounting A Managerial Perspective, Pearson, 2012.
- 6. S.N. Maheswari& S.K. Maheswari, Financial Accounting, Vikas, 2012.
- 7. Truet and Truet: Managerial Economics: Analysis, Problems and Cases, Wiley, 2012.
- 8. Dwivedi: Managerial Economics, Vikas, 2012.
- 9. Shailaja&Usha: MEFA, University Press, 2012.
- 10. Aryasri: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, TMH, 2012.
- 11. Vijay Kumar & Appa Rao, Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis, Cengage 2011.
- 12. J.V. Prabhakar Rao & P.V. Rao, Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis, Maruthi Publishers, 2011.

III Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

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(2000HS02) PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH

INTRODUCTION:

English is a tool for global communication and is the dominant language which is sweeping almost all the fields in the world. It has become a necessity for people to speak in English comfortably, if they want to enter the global workforce. Hence, the course is designed to help the students to meet the global standards. Each unit focuses on English skill-set to improve: Interview skills, giving presentations and professional etiquette.

Course Objectives:

- 1. To enrich students to express themselves appropriately and fluently in professional contexts.
- 2. To enhance their employability through regular participation in group discussions and interview skills.
- 3. To lay foundation with writing strategies for the futurework place needs.
- 4. To acquaint students with different components of professional presentation skills.
- 5. To equip students with necessary training in listening to comprehend dialects of English language.

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

- Draft coherent and unified paragraphs with adequate supporting details.
- Demonstrate problem solving skills, decision-making skills, analytical skills.
- Comprehend and apply the pre-interview preparation techniques for successful interview.
- Achieve expertise in writing resume and cover letter formats.
- Understand the steps of writing 'Reports and Abstract'.
- Understand and express simple narratives, descriptions and day to day conversations.

UNIT I: FOCUS ON LANGUAGE

Parts of speech - nominal compounds, noun phrases - relative pronoun - adjective - numerical, comparison and contrast, collocation and word combinations - verb - preposition and relative - conjunction- connectives, expressions of purpose and function, cause and effect - articles - adjectives - sentence pattern - tenses - voice - rewriting the sentences in impersonal/abbreviated passive grammatical structures - concord - sentence level verb noun agreement - gerund - rewriting infinitive into gerund - imperative - rewriting imperative into recommendation using should - word formation - varied grammatical function of the same word - affixes - prefixand suffix, number prefix, negative prefix - reported speech - editing strategies - conditional structures - real, unreal, no possibility, zero condition.

writing formal definition - abbreviation and acronym - idioms and phrases ,varieties of English - British versus American.

UNIT II: LISTENING SKILLS

Comprehension practice - vocabulary development - familiarity to varied types of spoken English and accents - developing ability to understand audio and video media - aiming at overcoming barriers to listening - listening to documentaries, radio news broadcasts, TV news telecasts - active listening in discussions and to lectures - taking notes while listening - extracting information from listening.

UNIT III: SPEAKING SKILLS

Oral practice - role play - interplay - seminar - transcoding visual into oral - participating in short and longer conversation - voice record, replay, correction of intonation, pronunciation and flow of speech - phonemes - vowels, consonants, stress, rhythm, intonation - group discussion - participative learning - acquiring proficiency, fluency, accuracy in oral communication - speaking practice - developing confidence - extempore speech - learning professional/conversational etiquette - Oral presentation skills.

UNIT IV: READING SKILLS

Vocabulary extension - improving vocabulary - intensive reading - reading strategies - identifying topic sentence - guessing meaning from content - picking out specific information - professional reading - reading practice - predicting the content, critical and analytical reading - reading articles in English newspapers, sports magazines, encyclopedias - reading aloud, use of stress and intonation - reading and comprehending technical materials - cloze reading.

UNIT V: WRITING SKILLS

Discourse cohesion - improving writing skills, avoiding common grammatical errors in academic writing - extending the hints - writing shorter sentences - punctuation - dialogue writing - paragraph writing, problems and solutions, achieving coherence, transition words, sequence words - essays of descriptive and argumentative - writing instructions, use of imperatives - jumbled sentences into sequential paragraph using linguistic clues - report writing - technical reports, industry visit reports, events reports - writing recommendations - letter writing - formal and informal letters, e-mail writing - job application and resume, permission for in-plant training, business correspondence letters, calling for quotation, placing order, lodging complaint, persuasive letters - assignment writing - mini-project -telephonic etiquette-transcoding - transferring of information from text to pictorial/graphical representation and vice versa.

* Exercises apart from the text book shall also be referred for classroom tasks.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Practical English Usage. Michael Swan.OUP.1995.
- 2. Remedial English Grammar. F.T.Wood.Macmillan.2007
- 3. On Writing Well. William Zinsser. Harper ResourceBook.2001

- 1. Study Writing, Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasly, Cambridge UniversityPress.2006.
- 2. Communication Skills. Sanjay Kumar and PushpLata. Oxford UniversityPress.2011.
- 3. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts. I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. OxfordUniversityPress

III Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

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(2004PC08) DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN

Course Objectives:

- To understand common forms of number representation in logiccircuits
- To learn basic techniques for the design of digital circuits and fundamental concepts used in the design of digital systems.
- To understand the concepts of combinational logic circuits and sequential circuits.
- To understand the Realization of Logic Gates Using Diodes &Transistors.

Course Outcomes: Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

- Understand the numerical information in different forms and Boolean Algebra theorems
- Postulates of Boolean algebra and to minimize combinational functions
- Analyze combinational circuits
- Analyze and sequential circuits
- Analyze finite state machines
- Known about the logic families and realization of logic gates

UNIT - I:

Number Systems: Number systems, Complements of Numbers, Codes- Weighted and Non-weighted codes and its Properties, Parity check code and Hamming code.

Boolean Algebra: Basic Theorems and Properties, Switching Functions- Canonical and Standard Form, Algebraic Simplification, Digital Logic Gates, EX-OR gates, Universal Gates, Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations.

UNIT - II:

Minimization of Boolean functions: Karnaugh Map Method - Up to five Variables, Don't Care Map Entries, Tabular Method,

Combinational Logic Circuits: Adders, Subtractors, Comparators, Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, Encoders, Decoders and Code converters, Hazards and Hazard Free Relations.

UNIT – III:

Sequential Circuits Fundamentals: Basic Architectural Distinctions between Combinational and Sequential circuits, SR Latch, Flip Flops: SR, JK, JK Master Slave, D and T Type Flip Flops, Excitation Table of all Flip Flops, Timing and Triggering Consideration, Conversion from one type of Flip-Flop toanother.

Registers and Counters: Shift Registers – Left, Right and Bidirectional Shift Registers, Applications of Shift Registers - Design and Operation of Ring and Twisted Ring Counter, Operation of Asynchronous and Synchronous Counters.

UNIT - IV:

Sequential Machines: Finite State Machines, Synthesis of Synchronous Sequential Circuits- Serial Binary Adder, Sequence Detector, Parity-bit Generator, Synchronous Modulo N –Counters. Finite state machine-capabilities and limitations, Mealy and Moore models.

UNIT - V:

Realization of Logic Gates Using Diodes & Transistors: AND, OR and NOT Gates using Diodes and Transistors, DCTL, RTL, DTL, TTL, CML and CMOS Logic Families and its Comparison, Classification of Integrated circuits, comparison of various logic families, standard TTL NAND Gate- Analysis & characteristics, TTL open collector O/Ps, Tristate TTL, MOS & CMOS open drain and tri- state outputs, CMOS transmission gate, IC interfacing- TTL driving CMOS & CMOS driving TTL.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Switching and Finite Automata Theory ZviKohavi&Niraj K. Jha, 3rdEdition, Cambridge, 2010.
- 2. Modern Digital Electronics R. P. Jain, 3rdEdition, 2007- TataMcGraw-Hill

- 1. Digital Design- Morris Mano, PHI, 4thEdition,2006
- 2. Introduction to Switching Theory and Logic Design FredriacJ. Hill, Gerald R. Peterson, 3rd Ed, John Wiley & SonsInc.
- 3. Fundamentals of Logic Design- Charles H. Roth, Cengage Learning, 5th, Edition, 2004.
- 4. Switching Theory and Logic Design A Anand Kumar, PHI,2013

III Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

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(2004PC09) ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES

Course Objectives:

This is a structured foundation course, dealing with concepts, formulations and applications of Electromagnetic Theory and Transmission Lines, and is the basic primer for all electronic communication engineering subjects. The main objectives of the course are

- To learn the Basic Laws, Concepts and proofs related to Electrostatic Fields and Magnetostatic Fields, and apply them to solve physics and engineering problems.
- To distinguish between static and time-varying fields, and understand the significance and utility of Maxwell's Equations and Boundary Conditions, and gain ability to provide solutions to communication engineering problems.
- To analyze the characteristics of Uniform Plane Waves (UPW), determine their propagation parameters and estimate the same for dielectric and dissipative media.
- To get familiarized with microwave frequency bands, their applications and to understand the limitations and losses of conventional tubes at these frequencies.
- To impart the knowledge of scattering matrix, its formulation and utility and establishing the S-Matrix for various types of multiport junctions.
- To understand the concepts of microwave measurements, identify the equipment required and precautions to be taken, and get familiarized with the methods of measurement of microwave power and various other microwave parameters.

Course Outcomes:

Having gone through this foundation course, the students would be able to

- Distinguish between the static and time-varying fields, establish the corresponding sets of Maxwell's Equations and Boundary Conditions, and use them for solving engineering problems.
- Analyze the Wave Equations for good conductors and good dielectrics, and evaluate the UPW Characteristics for several practical media of interest.
- Demonstrate the concept of Electromagnetic wave and its characteristics in different propagation media to calculate boundary value problems.
- Determine completely the rectangular waveguides, their mode characteristics, and design waveguides for computing practical microwave transmission line problems.
- Derive the properties of Scattering Matrix, formulate the S-Matrix for various microwave junctions, and understand the utility of S-parameters in microwave component design.
- Set up a microwave bench, establish the measurement procedure and conduct the experiments in microwave lab for measurement of various microwave parameters.

UNIT-1

Electrostatics: Review of Coordinate systems, Coulomb's law, Electric field intensity-Fields due to different charge distributions, Electric flux density, Gauss law and its applications, Electric potential, Relations between Electric Field Intensity (E) and Potential (V), Maxwell 's Equations for electrostatic fields, Energy density. Convention and Conduction currents, Dielectric constant, Linear, Isotropic and Homogeneous Dielectrics, Continuity equation, Relaxation time, Poisson's and Laplace's equations, Uniqueness Theorem, Capacitance-Parallel Plate, Coaxial and Spherical Capacitors, Illustrative Problems.

UNIT-2

Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart's Law, Ampere's Circuital Law and its Applications, Magnetic Flux Density, Maxwell's Equations for Magneto static Fields, Magnetic Scalar and Vector Potentials, Forces due to Magnetic Fields, Ampere's Force Law, Inductance and Magnetic Energy. Maxwell's Equations for Time varying fields: Faraday's Law of induced emf, Inconsistency of Ampere's Law, Conditions at a Boundary Surface: Dielectric-Dielectric and Dielectric-Conductor Interfaces, Illustrative Problems.

UNIT-3

EM Wave Characteristics: Wave Equations for Conducting and Dielectric Media, Uniform Plane Wave, Relation Between E and H, Sinusoidal Variations, Wave Propagation in Lossless and Conducting Media, Conductors and Dielectrics – Characterization, Wave Propagation in Good Conductors and Good Dielectrics, Polarization. Reflection and Refraction of Plane Waves – Normal and Oblique Incidences for both Perfect Conductor and Perfect Dielectrics, Brewster Angle, Critical Angle and Total Internal Reflection, Surface Impedance, Poynting Vector and Poynting's Theorem, Illustrative Problems.

UNIT-4

Waveguides: Electromagnetic Spectrum and Microwave Bands. Rectangular Wave guides – Solution of Wave Equations in Rectangular Coordinates, TE/TM mode and TEM analysis, Expressions for Fields, Characteristic Equation and Cut-off Frequencies, Dominant and Degenerate Modes, Sketches of TE, TM and TEM mode fields in the cross-section, Phase and Group Velocities, Wavelengths and Impedance Relations, Equation of Power Transmission, Impossibility of TEM Mode. Micro strip Lines – Z₀ Relations, Effective Dielectric Constant, Illustrative Problems.

UNIT-5

Scattering Matrix– Significance, Formulation and Properties, S Matrix Calculations for -2 port Junctions, E plane and H plane Tees, Magic Tee, Directional Coupler, Circulator, Isolator and Gyrator, Illustrative Problems.

Microwave Measurements: Description of Microwave Bench – Different Blocks and their Features, Errors and Precautions, Mode Characteristics of Reflex Klystron, Volt-Ampere Characteristics of Gunn Diode, Microwave Power Measurement, Bolometers. Measurement of Attenuation, Frequency Measurement. Standing Wave Measurements – Measurement of Low and High VSWR, Measurement of Quality factor of Cavity Resonator, Impedance Measurements.Illustrative Problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Principles of Electromagnetics Matthew N.O. sadiku and S.V. Kulkarni, 6th Ed., Oxford University Press, Aisan Edition, 2015.
- 2. Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems E.C. Jordan and K.G. Balmain, 2^{nd} Ed. 2000, PHI.
- 3. Microwave Devices and Circuits Samuel Y. Liao, Pearson, 3rd Edition, 2003.

- 1. Engineering Electromagnetics Nathan Ida, 2nd Ed., 2005, Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Engineering Electromagnetics William H. Hayt Jr. and John A. Buck, 7th Ed., 2006, MC GRAW HILLEDUCATION
- 3. Microwave and Radar Engineering M.Kulkarni, Umesh Publications, 3rd Edition, 2003.

III Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

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(2004PC65) DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN LAB

Course Objectives:

- To enable the students to implement the digital circuits using logic gates
- To know the concepts of Combinational circuits
- To understand the components of Flip-flops, Registers & Counters.

Course Outcomes:

- Able to demonstrate the digital circuits using Logic Gates.
- Able to identify the various digital IC's and understand their operation.
- Able to Design Simple logic Circuits.. □
- Able to Design the combinational circuits
- Able to understand the operation and design of sequential circuits
- Able to design finite state machines circuits

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Study of logic gates.
- 2. Design and implementation of adders and subtractors
- 3. Design and implementation of priority Encoder
- 4. Design and implementation of 3 to 8 Decoder
- 5. Design a 4 –bit Gray to Binary and Binary to Gray Converter.
- 6. Design a 450 KHz clock using NAND / NOR gates.
- 7. Study of by IC's using Universal IC Trainer Kit
- 8. Design a 16 x 1 multiplexer using 8 x 1 multiplexer.
- 9. Verification of state tables of RS, JK, T and D flip-flops using NAND & NOR gates.
- 10. Implementation of SISO
- 11. Implementation of PLSO.
- 12. Design a 4 bit Comparator.
- 13. Design and Implement a Decade counter.

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(2004PC66) ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES LAB

Course Objectives:

- To gain practical hands on experience to gain various microwave sources and devices.
- To introduce the Microwave Test Bench for measuring different parameters like attenuation, VSWR, Frequency etc.
- To understand the usage of microwave components.
- To impart the Knowledge of Scattering Matrix, its formulation and utility, and establish the S-Matrix for various types of microwave junctions.
- To understand radiation pattern of antenna measurement

Course Outcomes:

- Realize the need for solid state microwave sources to find their characteristics.
- Set up a microwave bench, establish the measurement procedure and conduct the experiments in microwave lab for measurement of various microwave parameters.
- Distinguish between the different types of waveguide and ferrite components, explain their functioning and select proper components for solving engineering problems.
- Determine the S-Matrix for various types of microwave junctions to compute S-Parameters.
- Calculate various waveguide parameters to identify microwave structures.
- Analyze various antenna radiation patterns to recognize the types of antennas.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Note: Minimum of 12 experiments to be conducted

- 1. Reflex Klystron Characteristics
- 2. Gunn Diode Characteristics
- 3. Directional Coupler Characteristics
- 4. Measurement of Scattering Parameters of a E plane Tee
- 5. Measurement of Scattering Parameters of a H plane Tee
- 6. Measurement of Scattering Parameters of a Magic Tee
- 7. Measurement of Scattering Parameters of a Circulator
- 8. Attenuation Measurement
- 9. Microwave Frequency Measurement
- 10. Measurement of Waveguide Parameters
- 11. VSWR Measurement of Matched load
- 12. VSWR measurement with open and short circuit loads
- 13. Measurement of Impedance of a given Load
- 14. Antenna Pattern Measurements.

III Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

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(2000MC06) INDIAN TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE (Mandatory Course)

Course Objectives: To facilitate the students with the concepts of Indian traditionalknowledge and to make them understand the Importance of roots of knowledge system.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Upon completion of the course, the students will understand values, ethics
- Understand the concept of Traditional knowledge and its importance
- Know the need and importance of protecting traditional knowledge.
- Know the various enactments related to the protection of traditional knowledge.
- Understand the concepts of Intellectual property
- Understand the need to protect the traditional knowledge.

UNIT I:

Introduction to traditional knowledge: Define traditional knowledge, nature and characteristics, scope and importance, kinds of traditional knowledge, the physical and social contexts in which traditional knowledge develop, the historical impact of social change on traditional knowledge systems. Indigenous Knowledge (IK), characteristics, traditional knowledge vis-à-vis indigenous knowledge, traditional knowledge Vs westernknowledge traditional knowledge vis-à-vis formal knowledge

UNIT II:

Protection of traditional knowledge: the need for protecting traditional knowledgeSignificance of TK Protection, value of TK in global economy, Role of Government toharness TK.

UNIT III: Legal frame work and TK:

A: The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of ForestRights) Act, 2006, Plant Varieties Protection and Farmer's Rights Act, 2001 (PPVFRAct);

B: The Biological Diversity Act 2002 and Rules 2004, the protection of traditionalknowledge bill, 2016. Geographical indicators act 2003.

UNIT IV:

Traditional knowledge and intellectual property: Systems of traditional knowledgeprotection, Legal concepts for the protection of traditional knowledge, Certain non IPRmechanisms of traditional knowledge protection, Patents and traditional knowledge, Strategies to increase protection of traditional knowledge, global legal FORA forincreasing protection of Indian Traditional Knowledge.

UNIT V:

Traditional knowledge in different sectors: Traditional knowledge and engineering, traditional medicine system, TK and biotechnology, TK in agriculture, Traditional societies depend on it for their food and healthcare needs, Importance of conservation and sustainable development of environment, Management of biodiversity, Food security of the country and protection of TK139

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Traditional Knowledge System in India, by Amit Jha, 2009.
- 2. Traditional Knowledge System and Technology in India by Basanta Kumar Mohanta and Vipin Kumar Singh, PratibhaPrakashan 2012.

- 1. Traditional Knowledge System in India by Amit Jha Atlantic publishers, 2002
- 2. "Knowledge Traditions and Practices of India" Kapil Kapoor1, Michel Danino2

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

(Autonomous Institution- UGC, Govt. of India)

III Year B. Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2000HS04) MANAGEMENT SCIENCE

Course Objectives:

This course is intended to familiarize the students with the framework for the managers and leaders available for understanding and making decisions relating to issues in organizational structure, production operations, marketing, human resource management, product management and strategy.

Course Outcomes:

By the end of the course, the student will be in a position to

- To introduce the concepts related Motivation, leadership and organization structures
- To Understand the concepts of Production mets and operations management
- To understand the markets, customers and competition better and price the given products appropriately
- To introduce the concepts and Functions of Human resource Management
- To work with the Schedule of project management
- To use Strategy management tools and contemporary issues for decision making.

UNIT - I:

Introduction to Management and Organization: Concepts of Management and organization-nature, importance and Functions of Management, Taylor's Scientific Management Theory-Fayol's Principles of Management- Maslow's theory of Hierarchy of Human Needs- Douglas McGregor's Theory X and Theory Y - Hertzberg Two Factor Theory of Motivation - Leadership Styles, Designing Organizational Structures: Basic concepts related to Organisation - Departmentation and Decentralization.

UNIT - II:

Operations and Marketing Management: Principles and Types of Plant Layout-Methods of Production(Job, batch and Mass Production), Work Study - Basic procedure involved in Method Study and Work Measurement - Statistical Quality Control: control charts for Variables and Attributes (simple Problems) and Acceptance Sampling, TQM, Six Sigma, Objectives of Inventory control, EOQ, ABC Analysis, Purchase Procedure, Stores Management and Store Records - JIT System, Supply Chain Management, Functions of Marketing, Marketing Mix, and Marketing Strategies based on Product Life Cycle, Channels of distribution.

UNIT - III:

Human Resources Management(HRM): Concepts of HRM, HRD and Personnel Management and Industrial Relations (PMIR), HRM vs PMIR, Basic functions of HR Manager: Manpower planning, Recruitment, Selection, Training and Development, Placement, Wage and Salary Administration, Performance Appraisal, Job Evaluation and Merit Rating - Performance Management System.

UNIT - IV:

Project Management (PERT/ CPM): Network Analysis, Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), Critical Path Method (CPM), Identifying critical path, Probability of Completing the project within given time, Project Cost Analysis, (simple problems).

UNIT - V:

Strategic Management and Contemporary Strategic Issues: Mission, Goals, Objectives, Policy, Strategy, Programmes, Environmental Scanning, Value Chain Analysis, SWOT Analysis, Steps in Strategy Formulation and Implementation, Generic Strategy alternatives. Bench Marking and Balanced Score Card as Contemporary Business Strategies.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Stoner, Freeman, Gilbert, Management, 6th Ed, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2004.
- 2. P. Vijay Kumar, N. Appa Rao and Ashnab, Chnalill, Cengage Learning India, 2012.

- 1. Kotler Philip and Keller Kevin Lane: Marketing Management, Pearson, 2012.
- 2. Koontz and Weihrich: Essentials of Management, McGraw Hill, 2012.
- 3. Thomas N. Duening and John M. Ivancevich Management Principles and Guidelines, Biztantra, 2012.
- 4. KanishkaBedi, Production and Operations Management, Oxford Uiversity Press, 2012.
- 5. Samuel C. Certo: Modern Management, 2012.
- 6. Schermerhorn, Capling, Poole and Wiesner: Management, Wiley, 2012.
- 7. Parnell: Strategic Management, Cengage, 2012.
- 8. Lawrence R Jauch, R. Gupta and William F. Glueck: Business Policy and Strategic Management Science, McGraw Hill, 2012.

MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

III Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PC10) DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

Course Objectives:

This course is an essential course that provides design techniques forprocessing all type of signals in various fields. The main objectives are:

- To provide background and fundamental material for the analysis and processing of digital signals.
- To familiarize the relationships between continuous-time and discrete time signals and systems.
- To study fundamentals of time, frequency and Z-plane analysis and to discuss the inter-relationships of these analytic method.
- To study the designs and structures of digital (IIR and FIR) filters from analysis to synthesis for a given specifications.
- The impetus is to introduce a few real-world signal processing applications.
- To acquaint in FFT algorithms, Multi-rate signal processing techniques and finite word length effects.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this subject, the student should be able to:

- Explain the fundamentals of digital signal processing, including discrete-time signals, linear shift-invariant systems, and Z-transform applications.
- Analyze the properties of the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) and implement linear convolution using DFT, Overlap-Add, and Overlap-Save mets.
- Apply Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) algorithms, including Radix-2 Decimation-in-Time and Decimation-in-Frequency techniques, for efficient computation of DFT.
- Design and implement IIR digital filters using analog filter approximations, bilinear transformation, and impulse-invariant mets
- Design FIR digital filters using Fourier mets, windowing techniques, and frequency sampling approaches, and compare their performance with IIR filters.
- Evaluate multirate digital signal processing techniques such as sampling rate conversion, down-sampling, and up-sampling, while analyzing finite word-length effects on filter performance.

UNIT - I

Introduction: Introduction to Digital Signal Processing: Discrete Time Signals & Sequences, conversion of continuous to discrete signal, Normalized Frequency, Linear Shift Invariant Systems, Stability, and Causality, linear differential equation to difference equation, Linear Constant Coefficient Difference Equations, Frequency Domain Representation of Discrete Time Signals and Systems.

Realization of Digital Filters: Applications of Z – Transforms, Solution of DifferenceEquations of Digital Filters, System Function, Stability Criterion, Frequency Response of Stable Systems, Realization of Digital Filters – Direct, Canonic, Cascade and Parallel Forms.

UNIT - II

Discrete Fourier Transforms: Properties of DFT, Linear Convolution of Sequences using DFT, Computation of DFT: Over-Lap Add Method, Over-Lap Save Method, Relation between DTFT, DFS, DFT and Z-Transform.

Fast Fourier Transforms: Fast Fourier Transforms (FFT) - Radix-2 Decimation-in-Timeand Decimation-in-Frequency FFT Algorithms, Inverse FFT, and FFT with General Radix-N

UNIT - III

IIR Digital Filters: Analog filter approximations – Butterworth and Chebyshev, Design of IIR Digital Filters from Analog Filters, Step and Impulse Invariant Techniques, Bilinear Transformation Method, Spectral Transformations.

UNIT - IV

FIR Digital Filters: Characteristics of FIR Digital Filters, Frequency Response, Design of FIR Filters: Fourier Method, Digital Filters using Window Techniques, Frequency Sampling Technique, Comparison of IIR & FIR filters.

UNIT - V

Multirate Digital Signal Processing: Introduction, Down Sampling, Decimation, Upsampling, Interpolation, Sampling Rate Conversion, Conversion of Band Pass Signals, Concept of Resampling, Applications of Multi Rate Signal Processing.

Finite Word Length Effects: Limit cycles, Overflow Oscillations, Round-off Noise in IIRDigital Filters, Computational Output Round off Noise, Methods to Prevent Overflow, Trade off between Round Off and Overflow Noise, Measurement of Coefficient Quantization Effects through Pole-Zero Movement, Dead Band Effects.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Digital Signal Processing, Principles, Algorithms, and Applications: John G. Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolakis, Pearson Education / PHI, 2007.
- 2. Discrete Time Signal Processing A. V. Oppenheim and R.W. Schaffer, PHI, 2009
- 3. Fundamentals of Digital Signal Processing LoneyLudeman, John Wiley, 2009

REFERENCES:

- 1. Digital Signal Processing Fundamentals and Applications Li Tan, Elsevier, 2008
- 2. Fundamentals of Digital Signal Processing using MATLAB Robert J. Schilling, Sandra L. Harris, Thomson, 2007
- 3. Digital Signal Processing A Practical approach, Emmanuel C. Ifeachor and Barrie W. Jervis, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2009

III Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C

3/0/0/3

(2004PC11) LINEAR & DIGITAL IC APPLICATIONS

Course Objectives:

The main objectives of the course are:

- 1. To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits.
- 2. To teach the linear and non linear applications of operational amplifiers.
- 3. To introduce the theory and applications of analog multipliers and PLL.
- 4. To teach the theory of ADC and DAC.
- 5. To introduce the concepts of waveform generation and introduce some special function ICs.
- 6. To understand and implement the working of basic digital circuits

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will have

- Understand the basic concepts of integrated circuits and operational amplifiers.
- Design OP- Amp circuits for different applications.
- Design and analyze the filters and oscillators using OP- Amp
- Discuss various applications of special functions of ICs such as 555, voltage Regulators and PLL applications.
- Analyze Various types of ADC and DAC
- Choose the proper LDICs by knowing their characteristics

UNIT - I: Operational Amplifier

Operational Amplifier: Ideal and Practical Op-Amp, Op-Amp Characteristics, DC and AC Characteristics, Features of 741 Op-Amp, Modes of Operation - Inverting, Non-Inverting, Differential, Instrumentation Amplifier, AC Amplifier, Differentiators and Integrators, Comparators, Schmitt Trigger, Introduction to Voltage Regulators, Features of 723 Regulator, Three Terminal Voltage Regulators. Active Filters: Analysis and Design of 1st order Low Pass and High Pass Butterworth Filters.

UNIT - II:Op-Amp, IC-555 & IC 565 Applications

Op-Amp, IC-555 & IC 565 Applications: Introduction to Active Filters, Characteristics of Band pass, Band reject and All Pass Filters, Analysis of 1st order LPF & HPF Butterworth Filters, Waveform Generators – Triangular, Saw tooth, Square Wave, IC555 Timer - Functional Diagram, Monostable, and Astable Operations, Applications, IC565 PLL - Block Schematic, Description of Individual Blocks, Applications.

UNIT - III: Data Converters

Data Converters: Introduction, Basic DAC techniques, Different types of DACs-Weighted resistor DAC, R-2R ladder DAC, Inverted R-2R DAC, Different Types of ADCs - Parallel Comparator Type ADC, Counter Type ADC, Successive Approximation ADC and Dual Slope ADC, DAC and ADC Specifications.

UNIT - IV:Digital Integrated Circuits

Digital Integrated Circuits: Classification of Integrated Circuits, Comparison of Various Logic Families Combinational Logic ICs – Specifications and Applications of TTL-74XX & Code Converters, Decoders, Demultiplexers, LED & LCD Decoders with Drivers, Encoders, Priority Encoders, Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, Priority Generators/Checkers, Parallel Binar Adder/Subtractor, Magnitude Comparators.

UNIT - V: Sequential Logic IC's and Memories

Sequential Logic IC's and Memories: Familiarity with commonly available 74XX & CMOS 40XX Series ICs – All Types of Flip-flops, 74LS279A-Set-Reset Latch,Synchronous Counters, Decade Counters, Shift Registers.Memories - ROM Architecture, Types of ROMS & Applications, RAM Architecture, Static & Dynamic RAMs.PLA, PAL, PGA, Sequential programmable logic devices

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Op-Amps & Linear ICs Ramakanth A. Gayakwad, PHI, 2003.
- 2. Digital Fundamentals Floyd and Jain, Pearson Education, 8th Edition, 2005.

- 1. Linear Integrated Circuits –D. Roy Chowdhury, New Age International (p) Ltd, 2nd Ed., 2003.
- 2. Op Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits-Concepts and Applications James M. Fiore, Cengage Learning/ Jaico, 2009.
- 3. Operational Amplifiers with Linear Integrated Circuits by K. Lal Kishore Pearson, 2009.
- 4. Linear Integrated Circuits and Applications Salivahanan, MC GRAW HILL EDUCATION.
- 5. Modern Digital Electronics RP Jain 4/e MC GRAW HILL EDUCATION, 2010.
- 6. Digital System Design Using VHDL Charles H Roth, Jr. Thomson, 1998.

III Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

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(2004PC67) DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING LAB

Course Objectives

The objective of the course to practical implementation of the convolution, correlation, DFT, IDFT, Convolution, Signal smoothing, filtering of long duration signals and multirate signal processing.

Course Outcomes

After studying this course the students would be able to

- Implement recursive difference equations to generate sinusoidal waveforms and signals
- Analyze the histogram of white Gaussian noise and uniformly distributed noise, and interpret the statistical properties of the signals
- Calculate the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) and Inverse DFT (IDFT) of given discrete-time signals, and interpret their frequency-domain characteristics
- Evaluate the frequency response of a given system using transfer function or differential equation mets, and validate the results with theoretical expectations
- Design and implement Fourier series coefficients using the formula and Fast Fourier Transform (FET) for signal analysis, and compare the results for a half-sine wave.
- Implement and analyze the performance of FIR and IIR filters for given sequences/signals, and design low-pass and high-pass filters for specific applications.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Generation of Sinusoidal Waveform / Signal based on Recursive Difference Equations
- 2. Histogram of White Gaussian Noise and Uniformly Distributed Noise.
- 3. To find DFT / IDFT of given DT Signal
- 4. To find Frequency Response of a given System given in Transfer Function/Differential equation form.
- 5. Obtain Fourier series coefficients by formula and using FET and compare for half sine ave.
- 6. Implementation of FFT of given Sequence
- 7. Determination of Power Spectrum of a given Signal(s).
- 8. Implementation of LP FIR Filter for a given Sequence/Signal.
- 9. Implementation of HP IIR Filter for a given Sequence/Signal
- 10. Generation of Narrow Band Signal through Filtering
- 11. Generation of DTMF Signals
- 12. Implementation of Decimation Process
- 13. Implementation of Interpolation Process
- 14. Implementation of I/D Sampling Rate Converters
- 15. Impulse Response of First order and Second Order Systems.

BEYOND THE SYLLABUS

- 1. DCT
- 2. DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

III Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C

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(2004PC68) LINEAR &DIGITAL IC APPLICATIONS LAB

Course Objectives:

The main objectives of this course are to

- 1. To understand the linear and non-linear applications of operational amplifiers (741).
- 2. To get familiarity with theory and applications of 555 timers.
- 3. To understand the design the different types of counter designing
- 4. To understand the design various applications using 7 segment display

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, student should possess the following:

- Design different applications using IC 741
- Analyze different 3 terminal voltage regulators and design voltage regulators using IC
 723
- Design Multivibrator using IC 555
- Design PLL circuits using IC 565
- Design different applications using digital ICs
- Design & Implement ADC and DAC Circuits

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Inverting and Non-inverting Amplifiers using Op Amps.
- 2. Adder and Subtractor using Op Amp.
- 3. Integrator and Differentiator circuits using Op Amp.
- 4. Active Filter Applications LPF, HPF (first order)
- 5. Design of Schmitt trigger using IC 741 Op Amp.
- 6. Mono-stable Multivibrator using IC 555.
- 7. AstableMultivibrator using IC 555.
- 8. IC 565 PLL Applications.
- 9. Voltage Regulator using IC 723.
- 10. Plot the transform Characteristics of 74H, LS, HS series IC's.
- 11. Design a model to 53 counter using two decade counters.
- 12. Design a two Digit 7 segment display unit using this display the Mod counter output of experiment 11
- 13. Design a 4 bit pseudo random sequence generator using 4 bit ring counter.
- 14. Design a Ring counter and Twisted ring counter using a 4-bit shift register
- 15. Design a 4 digit hex counter using synchronous one digit hex counters.
- 16. Design a 4 digit hex counter using Asynchronous one digit hex counters.

III Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C

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(2000MC05) TECHNICAL COMMUNICATION& SOFT SKILLS

INTRODUCTION:

Technical Communication and Soft skills focuses on enhancing students' communication. A thorough drill in grammar exercises is given. Various technical writing styles and skills are developed. The future placement needs of the students are met by giving them an exposure to group discussions andmockinterviews. The students hone these skills under the guidance of instructor whose constant evaluation helps in the professional development. This course fulfills the need of the aspirants in acquiring and improving the skills required for placements and professional success.

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students recognize the role of Technical English in their academic and professional fields.
- To improve language proficiency and develop the requiredprofessionalskills.
- To equip students with tools to organize, comprehend, draft short and long forms of technicalwork.

OUTCOMES:

- The students will be able to understand information which assists in completion of the assigned job tasks more successfully.
- Students will be able to communicate their ideas by writing projects, reports, instructions, diagrams and many other forms of professional writing
- Students will also be able to adhere to ethical norms of scientific communication
- Students will be able to strengthen their individual and collaborative work strategies
- Understanding the social issues and applying analytical abilities to solve the issues

UNIT I – Personal Evaluation

Self-Assessment and Self- Awareness - Self-Esteem - Perception and Attitudes - Values and Beliefs - Time Management- Concord

UNIT 2 - Professional Communication

Extempore - Oral Presentations - Presentation Aids- Email Writing, Business Letter Writing - Memo Writing - Transformation of Sentences

UNIT 3 – Career Planning

Group Discussion, Interviews - Leadership Skills & Team Building - Personal Goal Setting and Career Planning - Complex Problem Solving - Creativity - Role and Responsibilities of an Engineer - Tenses

UNIT 4 - Technical Writing

Principles of Effective Writing - Editing Strategies to Achieve Appropriate Technical Style - Technical Report Writing - Voice

UNIT 5 - Ethics and Responsibilities

Personality Development in Social and Office Settings – Netiquettes - Work Culture and Cubicle Etiquettes - Correction of Sentences

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. David F. Beer and David Mc Murrey, Guide to writing as an Engineer, John Willey. New York, 2004
- 2. Diane Hacker, Pocket Style Manual, Bedford Publication, New York, 2003. (ISBN 0312406843)
- 3. Shiv Khera, You Can Win, Macmillan Books, NewYork, 2003.
- 4. Raman Sharma, Technical Communications, Oxford Publication, London, 2004.

- 1. Meenakshi Raman, Prakash Singh, Business communication, Oxford Publication, New Delhi2012.
- 2. Dale Jung k, Applied Writing for Technicians, McGraw Hill, New York, 2004. (ISBN: 07828357-4)
- 3. Sharma, R. and Mohan, K. Business Correspondence and Report Writing, TMH New Delhi2002.
- 4. Xebec, Presentation Book, TMH New Delhi, 2000.(ISBN0402213)

IV B. TECH SYLLABUS (ECE)

ECE SYLLABUS B.Tech - IV YEAR

B.Tech. IV Year I Sem.

L / T/ P/ C

3/ 0/ 0/ 3

(2004PC12) COMPUTER NETWORKS

Course Objectives:

To introduce the fundamental various types of computer networks.

- To demonstrate the TCP/IP and OSI models with merits and demerits. To explore the various layers of OSI Model.
- To introduce UDP and TCP Models.
- To have the concept of different routing techniques for data communications.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the OSI and TCP/IP models, including their layers, protocols, and addressing schemes
- Describe data link layer concepts such as error control, flow control, framing techniques, and IEEE standards, with examples of protocols and technologies like Ethernet and wireless LANs.
- Apply routing and forwarding protocols, including RIP, OSPF, and BGP, for effective data transmission at the network layer
- Analyze transport layer protocols, specifically TCP, UDP, and SCTP, and assess their roles in ensuring reliable data delivery and congestion control
- Examine various application layer protocols, such as DNS, FTP, and HTTP, and demonstrate their usage in network communication
- Discuss network security mechanisms, including IPSec, SSL, VPNs, and firewall configurations, and describe emerging networking technologies like IPv6, Bluetooth, and Zigbee.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Networks: Internet, Protocols and Standards, the OSI Model, Layers in OSIModel, TCP/IP Suite, Addressing.

Physical Layer: Multiplexing, Transmission Media, Circuit Switched Networks, DatagramNetworks, and Virtual Circuit Networks.

UNIT - II

Data Link Layer: Introduction, Checksum, Framing, Flow and Error Control, Noiseless Channels, Noisy Channels, Random Access Controlled Access, Channelization, IEEE Standards, Ethernet, Giga-Bit Ethernet, Wireless LANs, SONET-SDH, Frame Relay and ATM.

UNIT - III

Network Layer: Logical Addressing, Internetworking, Tunneling, Address Mapping, ICMP,IGMP, Forwarding, Routing-Flooding, Bellman& Ford, Disjkstra's routing protocols, RIP, OSPF, BGP,- and Multicast Routing Protocols. Connecting Devices-Passive Hubs, Repeaters, Active Hubs, Bridges, Routers.

UNIT-IV

Transport Layer: Process to Process Delivery, UDP, TCP and SCTP Protocols, Congestion, Congestion Control, Quality of Service.

Application Layer: Domain Name Space, DNS in Internet, Electronic Mail, File TransferProtocol, WWW, HTTP, SNMP, Multi-Media.

UNIT - V

Network Security: Security services, mechanisms and attacks, IPSec, SSL, VPN, Firewall. Bluetooth, Zigbee, IPv4, IPv6.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Data Communications and Networking Behrouz A. Forouzan, 4th Edition Mc Graw Hill Education, 2006.
- 2. Computer Networks -- Andrew S Tanenbaum, 4th Edition, Pearson Education.
- 3. Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, James F. Kurose, K. W. Ross, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Data communications and Networks by William Stallings, Pearson Edu. 10^{th} Edition.
- 2. Data communication and Networks Bhusan Trivedi, Oxford University Press 2016.
- 3. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks-S.Keshav, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education.
- 4. Understanding Communications and Networks, 3rd Edition, W.A.Shay, Cengage Learning.

IV Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C

3 / 1/0 /4

(2004PC13)MICROPROCESSORS & MICROCONTROLLERS

Course Objectives:

• To develop an understanding of the operations of microprocessors and micro controllers; machine language programming and interfacing techniques.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the internal architecture, register organization, addressing modes and instruction set of 8086.
- Understand the internal architecture, register organization, addressing modes and instruction set of 8086.
- Implement LCD, RAM, ROM, ADC and DAC interfaces with the 8051 microcontroller and also assess the impact of different external communication interfaces, like RS232 and USB, on system performance and usability in embedded system applications.
- Understand the internal architecture, register organization, addressing modes and instruction set of ARM Processor.
- Understand the internal architecture and applications of CORTEX and OMAP Processors.
- Able to do the real time projects based on advanced processors in embedded systems.

UNIT - I

8086 Architecture: 8086 Architecture-Functional diagram, Register Organization, MemorySegmentation, Programming Model, Memory addresses, Physical Memory Organization, Architecture of 8086, Signal descriptions of 8086, interrupts of 8086.

Instruction Set and Assembly Language Programming of 8086: Instruction formats, Addressing modes, Instruction Set, Assembler Directives, Macros, and Simple Programs involving Logical, Branch and Call Instructions, Sorting, String Manipulations.

UNIT - II

Introduction to Microcontrollers: Overview of 8051 Microcontroller, Architecture, I/OPorts, Memory Organization, Addressing Modes and Instruction set of 8051.

8051 Real Time Control: Programming Timer Interrupts, Programming External HardwareInterrupts, Programming the Serial Communication Interrupts, Programming 8051 Timers and Counters

UNIT - III

I/O And Memory Interface: LCD, Keyboard, External Memory RAM, ROM Interface, ADC, DAC Interface to 8051.

Serial Communication and Bus Interface: Serial Communication Standards, Serial DataTransfer Scheme, On board Communication Interfaces-I2C Bus, SPI Bus, UART; External Communication Interfaces-RS232,USB.

UNIT - IV

ARM Architecture: ARM Processor fundamentals, ARM Architecture – Register, CPSR, Pipeline, exceptions and interrupts interrupt vector table, ARM instruction set – Data processing, Branch instructions, load store instructions, Software interrupt instructions, Program status register instructions, loading constants, Conditional execution, Introduction to Thumb instructions.

UNIT - V

Advanced ARM Processors: Introduction to CORTEX Processor and its architecture, OMAP Processor and its Architecture.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals A. K. Ray and K.M. Bhurchandani, MHE, 2^{nd} Edition 2006.
- 2. The 8051 Microcontroller, Kenneth. J. Ayala, Cengage Learning, 3rd Ed.
- 3. ARM System Developers guide, Andrew N SLOSS, Dominic SYMES, Chris WRIGHT, Elsevier, 2012

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Microprocessors and Interfacing, D. V. Hall, MGH, 2nd Edition 2006.
- 2. Introduction to Embedded Systems, Shibu K.V, MHE, 2009
- 3. The 8051Microcontrollers, Architecture and Programming and Applications K.Uma Rao, Andhe Pallavi, Pearson, 2009.

IV Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem 0 / 0 / 3 / 1.5

L /T / P/ C

(2004PC69) COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB

Course Objectives:

- 1. To Understand the functionalities of various layers of OSI model
- 2. To understand the operating System functionalities

Course Outcomes:

- Implement data link layer framing techniques such as character stuffing, bit stuffing, and character stuffing to ensure data integrity
- Apply CRC polynomial algorithms (CRC-12, CRC-16, and CRC-CCIP) for error detection in data transmission and demonstrate their effectiveness
- Implement Dijkstra's algorithm to compute the shortest path in a graph, and analyze its efficiency for routing in computer networks
- Design and implement a distance vector routing algorithm and calculate routing tables based on delay weights in a subnet graph
- Design and implement encryption and decryption algorithms such as DES and RSA to secure communication over networks.
- Develop client-server applications using TCP and UDP protocols for file transfer and sentence reversal tasks

System/ Software Requirement

 Intel based desktop PCs LAN CONNECTED with minimum of 166 MHZ or faster Processor with at least 64 MB RAM and 100 MB free disk space

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Implement the data link layer framing methods such as character, character stuffing, and bit stuffing.
- 2. Implement on a data set of characters the three CRC polynomials CRC 12, CRC 16 and CRC CCIP.
- 3. Implement Dijkstra's algorithm to compute the Shortest path thru a graph.
- 4. Take an example subnet graph with weights indicating delay between nodes. Now obtain Routing table art each node using distance vector routing algorithm
- 5. Take an example subnet of hosts. Obtain broadcast tree for it.
- 6. Take a 64 bit playing text and encrypt the same using DES algorithm.
- 7. Write a program to break the above DES coding

- 8. Using RSA algorithm encrypts a text data and Decrypt the same.
- 9. C Program to implement Link state routing.
- 10. Design TCP iterative Client and Server application to reverse the given input sentence.
- 11. TCP Client and Server application to transfer file.
- 12. UDP Client and Server application to transfer a file.

IV Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

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(2004PC70) MICROPROCESSORS & MICROCONTROLLERS LAB

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The Primary objective of this course is:

- To enable the students to identify the programming model of microprocessor/microcontroller
- To enable the students to use the instruction set architecture to perform various operations.
- To enable the students to write the programs in assembly language to perform a particular task.
- To enable the students to use basic interfacing techniques to connect the microprocessor to outside world.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Able to demonstrate programming proficiency using the various addressing modes and data transfer instructions of the target microprocessor.
- Able to program using the capabilities of the stack, the program counter, and the status register and show how these are used to execute a machine code program.
- Able to apply knowledge of the microprocessor's internal registers and operations by use of a PC based microprocessor simulator.
- Able to write assembly language programs and download the machine code that will provide solutions real-world control problems using 8255 and 8251.
- Able to verify Timer/Counter, interrupt handling and UART operation in 8051 microcontroller.
- Implement the programs to interface LCD, Keyboard and multiprocessors using 8051 microcontroller.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Programs for 16 bit arithmetic operations 8086(using various addressing modes)
- 2. Programs for sorting an array for 8086.
- 3. Programs for searching for a number of characters in a string for 8086.
- 4. Programs for string manipulation for 8086.
- 5. Programs for digital clock design using 8086.
- 6. Interfacing ADC and DAC to 8086.
- 7. Parallel communication between two microprocessor kits using 8255.
- 8. Serial communication between two microprocessor kits using 8251.
- 9. Interfacing to 8086 and programming to control stepper motor.
- 10. Programming using arithmetic, logical and bit manipulation instructions of 8051.
- 11. Program and verify Timer/Counter in 8051.
- 12. Program and verify interrupt handling in 8051.
- 13. UART operation in 8051.
- 14. Communication between 8051 kit and PC
- 15. Interfacing LCD to 8051
- 16. Interfacing Matrix/Keyboard to 8051

IV Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C

2/0/0/0

(2000MC07) GENDER SENSITIZATION

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course offers an introduction to Gender Studies, an interdisciplinary field that asks critical questions about the meanings of sex and gender in society. The primary goal of this course is to familiarize students with key issues, questions and debates in Gender Studies, both historical and contemporary. It draws on multiple disciplines – such as literature, history, economics, psychology, sociology, philosophy, political science, anthropology and media studies – to examine cultural assumptions about sex, gender, and sexuality.

This course integrates analysis of current events through student presentations, aiming to increase awareness of contemporary and historical experiences of women, and of the multiple ways that sex and gender interact with race, class, caste, nationality and other social identities. This course also seeks to build an understanding and initiate and strengthen programmes combating genderbased violence and discrimination. The course also features several exercises and reflective activities designed to examine the concepts of gender, genderbased violence, sexuality, and rights. It will further explore the impact of gender-based violence on education, health and development.

Objectives of the Course:

- To develop students' sensibility with regard to issues of gender in contemporary India.
- To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women.
- To introduce students to information about some key biological aspects of genders.
- To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work.
- To help students reflect critically on gender violence.
- To expose students to more egalitarian interactions between men and women.

Learning Outcomes:

- Students will attain a finger grasp of how gender discrimination works in our society and how to counter it.
- Students will develop a better understanding in issues relating to gender in India.
- Students will empower to understand and respond to gender violence.
- Students will acquire insight into the gendered division of labor and its relation to politics and economics
- Students will develop a sense of appreciation of women in all walks of life.
- Men and women students and professionals will be better equipped to work and live together as equal.

UNIT - I: UNDERSTANDING GENDER Introduction: Definition of Gender-Basic Gender Concepts and Terminology-Exploring Attitudes towards Gender-Construction of Gender-Socialization: Making Women, Making Men - Preparing for Womanhood. Growing up Male. First lessons in Caste.

UNIT – II: GENDER ROLES AND RELATIONS Two or Many? -Struggles with Discrimination-Gender Roles and Relations-Types of Gender RolesGender Roles and Relationships Matrix-Missing Women-Sex Selection and Its ConsequencesDeclining Sex Ratio. Demographic Consequences-Gender Spectrum: Beyond the Binary

UNIT – III: GENDER AND LABOUR Division and Valuation of Labour-Housework: The Invisible Labor- "My Mother doesn't Work." "Share the Load."-Work: Its Politics and Economics -Fact and Fiction. Unrecognized and Unaccounted work. -Gender Development Issues-Gender, Governance and Sustainable Development-Gender and Human Rights-Gender and Mainstreaming

UNIT – IV: GENDER - BASED VIOLENCE The Concept of Violence-Types of Genderbased Violence-Gender-based Violence from a Human Rights Perspective-Sexual Harassment: Say No! -Sexual Harassment, not Eve-teasing- Coping with Everyday Harassment-Further Reading: "Chupulu". Domestic Violence: Speaking OutIs Home a Safe Place? -When Women Unite [Film]. Rebuilding Lives. Thinking about Sexual Violence Blaming the Victim-"I Fought for my Life...."

UNIT – V: GENDER AND CULTURE Gender and Film-Gender and Electronic Media-Gender and Advertisement-Gender and Popular Literature- Gender Development Issues-Gender Issues-Gender Sensitive Language-Gender and Popular Literature - Just Relationships: Being Together as Equals Mary Kom and Onler. Love and Acid just do not Mix. Love Letters. Mothers and Fathers. Rosa ParksThe Brave Heart.

Note: Since it is Interdisciplinary Course, Resource Persons can be drawn from the fields of English Literature or Sociology or Political Science or any other qualified faculty who has expertise in this field from engineering departments.

Classes will consist of a combination of activities: dialogue-based lectures, discussions, collaborative learning activities, group work and in-class assignments. Apart from the above prescribed book, Teachers can make use of any authentic materials related to the topics given in the syllabus on "Gender". X

ESSENTIAL READING: The Textbook, "Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook on Gender" written by A.Suneetha, Uma Bhrugubanda, DuggiralaVasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu published by Telugu Akademi, Telangana Government in 2015.

IV Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C

3/0/0/3

Professional Elective -V

IV Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C

3/0/0/3

Professional Elective -VI

IV Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C

0/0/0/2

Technical Seminar (2004PR06)

IV Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C

0/0/6/3

Innovation- Start-Up & Entrepreneurship (2004PR07)

IV Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C

3/0/0/3

Project – II (2004PR08)

ECE PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

III Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE01) MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS

(Professional Elective – I)

Course Objectives:

- To provide the student with an understanding of the Cellular concept, Frequency reuse, Hand-off strategies.
- To enable the student to analyze and understand wireless and mobile cellular communication systems over a stochastic fading channel
- To provide the student with an understanding of Co-channel and Non- Co-channel interference
- To give the student an understanding of cell coverage for signal and traffic, diversity techniques and mobile antennas.
- To give the student an understanding of frequency management, Channel assignment and types of handoff.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student will be able to analyze and design wireless and mobile cellular systems.

- To know the evolution of Mobile communication and cell concept to improve capacity of the system.
- Design and analyze various cellular systems considering interferences.
- Analyze radio channel characteristics in different propagation environments
- Examine different frequency management and channel assignment techniques
- Demonstrate knowledge on different types of hand-off and mechanisms.
- Examine different Multiple access techniques.

UNIT -I

Introduction to Cellular Mobile Radio Systems: Limitations of Conventional Mobile Telephone Systems, Basic Cellular Mobile System, First, Second, Third and Fourth Generation Cellular Wireless Systems, Uniqueness of Mobile Radio Environment- Fading - Time Dispersion Parameters, Coherence Bandwidth, Doppler Spread and Coherence Time. Fundamentals of Cellular Radio System Design: Concept of Frequency Reuse, Co-Channel Interference, Co-Channel Interference Reduction Factor, Desired C/I From a Normal Case in a Omni Directional Antenna System, System Capacity, Trunking and Grade of Service, Improving Coverage and Capacity in Cellular Systems- Cell Splitting, Sectoring, Microcell Zone Concept.

UNIT -II

Co-Channel Interference: Measurement Of Real Time Co-Channel Interference, Design of Antenna System, Antenna Parameters and Their Effects, Diversity Techniques-Space Diversity, Polarization Diversity, Frequency Diversity, Time Diversity.

Non-Co-Channel Interference: Adjacent Channel Interference, Near End Far End Interference, Cross Talk, Effects on Coverage and Interference by Power Decrease, Antenna Height Decrease, Effects of Cell Site Components.

UNIT-III

Cell Coverage for Signal and Traffic: Signal Reflections in Flat And Hilly Terrain, Effect of Human Made Structures, Phase Difference Between Direct and Reflected Paths, Constant Standard Deviation, Straight Line Path Loss Slope, General Formula for Mobile Propagation and Flat Open Area, Near and Long Distance Propagation, Path Loss From a Point to Point Prediction Model in Different Conditions, Merits of Lee Model. Cell Site and Mobile Antennas: Space Diversity Antennas, Umbrella Pattern Antennas, Minimum Separation of Cell Site Antennas, Mobile Antennas.

UNIT-IV

Frequency Management and Channel Assignment: Numbering and Grouping, Setup Access and Paging Channels, Channel Assignments to Cell Sites and Mobile Units, Channel Sharing and Borrowing, Sectorization, Overlaid Cells, Non Fixed Channel Assignment. **Coding:** Vocoders, Linear Predictive coders, Selection of Speech Coders for Mobile Communication.

UNIT - V

Handoffs and Dropped Calls: Handoff Initiation, Types of Handoff, Delaying Handoff, Advantages of Handoff, Power Difference Handoff, Forced Handoff, Mobile Assisted and Soft Handoff, Intersystem Handoff, Introduction to Dropped Call Rates and their Evaluation. Multiple Access Techniques: FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, SDMA, Capacity of Cellular CDMA and SDMA.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Mobile Cellular Telecommunications W.C.Y. Lee, McGraw Hill, 2nd Edn., 1989.
- 2. Wireless Communications Theodore. S. Rapport, Pearson Education, 2nd Edn., 2002.
- 3. W.C.Y.Lee, "Mobile Communications Engineering: Theory and applications, Second Edition, McGraw-Hill International, 1998.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Principles of Mobile Communications Gordon L. Stuber, Springer International, 2nd Edn., 2001.
- 2. Modern Wireless Communications-Simon Haykin, Michael Moher, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Wireless Communications Theory and Techniques, Asrar U. H. Sheikh, Springer, 2004.
- 4. Wireless Communications and Networking, Vijay Garg, Elsevier Publications, 2007.
- 5. Wireless Communications —Andrea Goldsmith, Cambridge University Press, 2005.

III Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE02) ERROR CORRECTING CODES

(Professional Elective – I)

Course Objectives:

The main objectives are:

- To understand the need for source and channel coding.
- To study various source and channel coding techniques.
- This course introduces how various coding takes place in communication.
- It also introduces different entropies, channel capacity and purpose of encoding.
- To understand the Fundamental Limits in Information Theory.

Course Outcomes:

Student will be:

- Explain the fundamental concepts of information theory, including logarithmic measures, mutual information, and entropy, as applied to reliable digital transmission and storage.
- Analyze the error detection and correction capabilities of linear block codes, cyclic codes, and convolutional codes using mathematical models..
- Apply the concepts of Hamming codes, cyclic redundancy checks, and convolutional codes to design error control strategies for data storage and transmission systems..
- Evaluate the performance of turbo codes, LDPC codes, and product codes in terms of their decoding efficiency and error correction capabilities.
- Design and simulate space-time block codes, such as Alamouti's scheme and BLAST, to achieve diversity and performance improvements in wireless communication systems.
- Demonstrate the ability to work collaboratively on implementing coding strategies for error control and improving transmission reliability.

UNIT – I: Coding for Reliable Digital Transmission and storage:

Mathematical model of Information, A Logarithmic Measure of Information, Average and Mutual Information and Entropy, Types of Errors, Error Control Strategies. Linear Block Codes: Introduction to Linear Block Codes, Syndrome and Error Detection, Minimum Distance of a Block code, Error-Detecting and Error-correcting Capabilities of a Block code, Standard array and Syndrome Decoding, Probability of an undetected error for Linear Codes over a BSC, Hamming Codes. Applications of Block codes for Error control in data storage system

UNIT - II : Cyclic Codes :

Description, Generator and Parity-check Matrices, Encoding, Syndrome Computation and Error Detection, Decoding ,Cyclic Hamming Codes, Shortened cyclic codes, Error-trapping decoding for cyclic codes, Majority logic decoding for cyclic codes.

UNIT – III : Convolutional Codes:

Encoding of Convolutional Codes, Structural and Distance Properties, maximum likelihood decoding, Sequential decoding, Majority- logic decoding of Convolution codes. Application of Viterbi Decoding and Sequential Decoding, Applications of Convolutional codes in ARQ system.

UNIT - IV: Turbo Codes:

LDPC Codes- Codes based on sparse graphs, Decoding for binary erasure channel, Log-likelihood algebra, Brief propagation, Product codes, Iterative decoding of product codes, Concatenated convolutional codes- Parallel concatenation, The UMTS Turbo code, Serial concatenation, Parallel concatenation, Turbo decoding

UNIT – V : Space-Time Codes:

Introduction, Digital modulation schemes, Diversity, Orthogonal space- Time Block codes, Alamouti's schemes, Extension to more than Two Transmit Antennas, Simulation Results, Spatial Multiplexing: General Concept, Iterative APP Preprocessing and Per-layer Decoding, Linear Multi-layer Detection, Original BLAST Detection, QL Decomposition and Interface Cancellation, Performance of Multi – Layer Detection Schemes, Unified Description by Linear Dispersion Codes.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Shu Lin, Daniel J.Costello, Jr, "Error Control Coding-Fundamentals and Applications", Prentice Hall, Inc.
- 2. Man Young Rhee, "Error Correcting Coding Theory", 1989, McGraw-Hill

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Bernard Sklar, "Digital Communications-Fundamental and Application", PE.
- 2. John G. Proakis, "Digital Communications", 5 th Edition, 2008, TMH.
- 3. Salvatore Gravano, "Introduction to Error Control Codes", Oxford
- 4. Todd K.Moon, "Error Correction Coding Mathematical Methods and Algorithms", 2006, Wiley India.
- 5. Ranjan Bose, "Information Theory, Coding and Cryptography", 2nd Edition, 2009, TMH.

III Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE03) ELECTRONIC MEASUREMENT & INSTRUMENTATION

(Professional Elective – I)

Course Objectives:

The main objectives are:

- It provides an understanding of various measuring systems functioning and metrics for performance analysis.
- Provides understanding of principle of operation, working of different electronic instruments viz. signal generators, signal analyzers, recorders and measuring equipment.
- Provides understanding of use of various measuring techniques for measurement of different physical parameters using different classes of transducers.
- To introduce the basic principles of all measuring instruments
- To deal with the measurement of voltage, current Power factor, power, energy and Magnetic Measurements.

Course Outcomes:

Student will be:

- Understand the block schematic, performance, and static/dynamic characteristics of measuring instruments and analyze various errors in measurement.
- Apply the principles of potentiometers, instrument transformers, and electrostatic voltmeters to measure resistance, voltage, and current in various systems.
- Analyze the operation of wattmeters and energy meters for power and energy measurements in single-phase and three-phase systems, and perform error analysis.
- Explain the working and applications of signal analyzers and signal generators for analyzing waveforms, frequencies, and other signal characteristics.
- Analyze the block schematic of CROs, time base circuits, and specialized oscilloscopes to measure parameters like time, frequency, and phase.
- Design measurement setups using oscilloscopes, analyzers, and advanced instruments for precise parameter evaluation in engineering applications.

UNIT – I: Block Schematics of Measuring Systems:

Performance Characteristics, Static Characteristics, Accuracy, Precision, Resolution, Types of Errors, Gaussian Error, Root Sum Squares formula, Dynamic Characteristics, Repeatability, Reproducibility, Fidelity, Lag ;Measuring Instruments: DC Voltmeters, D' Arsonval Movement, DC Current Meters, AC Voltmeters and Current Meters, Ohmmeters, Multimeters, Meter Protection, Extension of Range, True RMS Responding Voltmeters, Specifications of Instruments.

UNIT-II: Potentiometers & Instrument transformers:

Principle and operation of D.C. Crompton's potentiometer – standardization – Measurement of unknown resistance, current, voltage. A.C. Potentiometers: polar and coordinate type's standardization – applications. CT and PT – Ratio and phase angle errors. Errors and compensations, extension of range using shunts and series resistance. Electrostatic Voltmeters-electrometer type and attracted disc type – extension of range of E.S. Voltmeters.

UNIT –III: Measurement of Power & Energy:Single phase dynamometer wattmeter, LPF and UPF, Double element and three element dynamometer wattmeter, expression for deflecting and control torques – Extension of range of wattmeter using instrument transformers – Measurement of active and reactive powers in balanced and unbalanced systems. Single phase induction type energy meter – driving and braking torques – errors and compensations – testing by phantom loading using R.S.S. meter. Three phase energy meter – tri-vector meter, maximum demand meters.

UNIT - IV: Signal Analyzers:

AF, HF Wave Analyzers, Harmonic Distortion, Heterodyne wave Analyzers, Spectrum Analyzers, Power Analyzers, Capacitance-Voltage Meters, Oscillators. Signal Generators: AF, RF Signal Generators, Sweep Frequency Generators, Pulse and Square wave Generators, Function Generators, Arbitrary Waveform Generator, Video Signal Generators, and Specifications.

UNIT - V: Oscilloscopes:

CRT, Block Schematic of CRO, Time Base Circuits, Lissajous Figures, CRO Probes, High Frequency CRO Considerations, Delay lines, Applications: Measurement of Time, Period and Frequency Specifications. Special Purpose Oscilloscopes: Dual Trace, Dual Beam CROs, Sampling Oscilloscopes, Storage Oscilloscopes, Digital Storage CROs.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation K. Lal Kishore, Pearson Education 2010.
- 2. Electronic Instrumentation: H.S.Kalsi TMH, 2nd Edition 2004.
- 3. "G. K. Banerjee", "Electrical and Electronic Measurements", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Edition, 2016
- 4. "S. C. Bhargava", "Electrical Measuring Instruments and Measurements", BS Publications, 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. "A. K. Sawhney", "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instruments", Dhanpat Rai & Co. Publications, 2005.
- 2. "R. K. Rajput", "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation", S. Chand and Company Ltd., 2007.
- 3. "Buckingham and Price", "Electrical Measurements", Prentice Hall, 1988.

- 4. "Reissland, M. U", "Electrical Measurements: Fundamentals, Concepts, Applications", New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 1st Edition 2010.
- 5. Electronic Instrumentation and Measurements David A. Bell, Oxford Univ.Press, 1997.
- 6. Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques: A.D. Helbincs, W.D.Cooper: PHI 5th Edition 2003
- 7. Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation: B.M. Oliver, J.M. Cage TMH Reprint 2009.

III Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE04) ANTENNAS AND WAVE PROPAGATION

(Professional Elective – II)

Course Objectives:

The main objectives are:

- Understand basic terminology and concepts of Antennas.
- To attain knowledge on the basic parameters those are considered in the antenna design process and the analysis while designing that.
- Analyze the electric and magnetic field emission from various basic antennas and mathematical formulation of the analysis.
- To have knowledge on antenna operation and types as well as their usage in real time field.
- Aware of the wave spectrum and respective band antenna usage and also to know the propagation of the waves at different frequencies through different layers in the existing layered free space environment structure.

Course Outcomes:

Student will be:

- Explain the radiation through antenna and identify different types of antennas.
- Identify and measure the basic antenna parameters.
- Design and analyze Very high frequency AND Ultra high frequency Antennas.
- Design and analyze antenna arrays.
- Design the bench setup for antenna parameters measurement.
- Identify the characteristics of radio-wave propagation.

UNIT- I: Antenna Basics & Thin Linear Wire Antennas

Antenna Basics: Introduction, Basic Antenna Parameters - Patterns, Beam Area, Radiation Intensity, Beam Efficiency, Directivty- Gain- Resolution, Antenna Apertures, Effective Height. Related Problems.

Thin Linear Wire Antennas: Radiation from Small Electric Dipole, Quarter wave Mono pole and Half wave Dipole – Current Distributions, Field Components, Radiated Power, Radiation Resistance, Beam widths, Directivity, Effective Area and Effective Height. Natural current distributions, fields and patterns of Thin Linear Center-fed Antennas of Different Lengths, Illustrative Problems. Loop Antennas - Introduction, Small Loop, Comparison of Far Fields of Small Loop and Short Dipole, Radiation Resistances and Directivities of Small and Large Loops (Qualitative Treatment).

UNIT - II: VHF, UHF AND Microwave Antennas - I

VHF, UHF AND Microwave Antennas - I: Arrays with Parasitic Elements, Yagi - Uda Arrays, Folded Dipoles & their characteristics, Helical Antennas - Helical geometry, Helix Modes, Practical Design Considerations for Monofilar Helical Antenna in Axial and Normal Modes. Horn Antennas - Types, Fermat's Principle, Optimum Horns, Design Considerations of Pyramidal Horns, Illustrative Problems.

UNIT - III:VHF, UHF, Microwave Antennas & Lens Antennas- II

VHF, UHF AND Microwave Antennas - II: Micro strip Antennas - Introduction, Features, Advantages and Limitations, Rectangular Patch Antennas - Geometry and Parameters, Characteristics of Micro strip Antennas. Impact of Different Parameters on Characteristics, Reflector Antennas - Introduction, FlatSheet and Corner Reflectors, Paraboloidal Reflectors - Geometry, Pattern Characteristics, Feed Methods, Reflector Types - Related Features, Illustrative Problems. Lens Antennas - Introduction, Geometry of Non-metallic Dielectric Lenses, Zoning, Tolerances, Applications.

UNIT - IV: Antenna Arrays & Antenna Measurements

Antenna Arrays: Point Sources - Definition, Pattern, arrays of 2 Isotropic Sources - Different Cases, Principle of Pattern Multiplication, Uniform Linear Arrays - Broadside Arrays, End fire Arrays, EFA with Increased Directivity, Derivation of their Characteristics and Comparison, BSAs with Non-unitform Amplitude Distributions - General Considerations and Binomial Arrays, Illustrative Problems.

Antenna Measurements: Introduction, Concepts - Reciprocity, Near and Far Fields, Coordinate System, Sources of Errors. Patterns to be Measured, Pattern Measurement Arrangement, Directivity Measurement, Gain Measurements (by Comparison, Absolute and 3-Antenna Methods)

UNIT - V: Wave Propagation - I & Wave Propagation - II

Wave Propagation - I: Introduction, Definitions, Categorizations and General Classifications, Different Modes of Wave Propagation, Ray/Mode Concepts, Ground Wave Propagation (Quantitative Treatment) - Introduction, Plane Earth Reflections, Space and Surface Waves, Wave Tilt, Curved Earth Reflections, Space Wave Propagation - Introduction, Field Strength Variation with Distance and Height, Effect of Earth's Curvature, Absorption, Super retraction, M-Curves and Duct Propagation, Scattering Phenomena, Tropospheric Propagation.

Wave Propagation - II: Sky Wave Propagation - Introduction, Structure of Ionosphere, Refraction and Reflection of Sky Waves by Ionosphere, Ray Path, Critical Frequency, MUF, LUF, OF, Virtual Height and Skip Distance, Relation between MUF and skip Distance, Multi-hop Propagation.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Antennas for All Applications John D. Kraus and R. J. Marhefka, and Ahmad S. Khan TMH, New Delhi, 4th ed., (Special Indian Edition) 2010.
- 2. Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems E.C. Jordan and K.G. Balmain, PHI, 2nd ed., 2000.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Antenna Theory C.A. Balanis, John Wiley & Sons, 3rd ed., 2005.
- 2. Antennas and Wave Propagation K.D. Prasad, Satya Prakashan, Tech India Publications, New Delhi, 2001.
- 3. Transmission and Propagation E.V.D. Glazier and H.R.L. Lamont, The Services Text Book of Radio, vol. 5, Standard Publishers Distributors, Delhi.
- 4. Electronic and Radio Engineering F.E. Terman, McGraw-Hill, 4th edition, 1955.
- 5. Antennas John D. Kraus, McGraw-Hill (International Edition), 2nd Ed. 1988.

III Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE05) WAVELET TRANSFORMS

(Professional Elective – II)

Course Objectives

- To provide the student with an understanding the Fourier analysis, Properties and Applications.
- To enable the student to analyze and understand different Transform and its Properties.
- To provide the student with an understanding of Continuous wavelet Transform.
- To give the student an understanding of multi rate Analysis and DWT.
- To give the student an understanding of Wavelet packet Transform and Multi Wavelets.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student will be able to analyze and design wavelet Transforms.

- Explain the fundamental concepts of Fourier Analysis, including vector spaces, Hilbert spaces, Fourier basis, and time-frequency analysis.
- Apply transforms such as Walsh, Hadamard, Haar, Slant Transforms, DCT, DST, and KLT, and analyze their properties and applications in signal processing.
- Understand and explain the concept of Continuous Wavelet Transform (CWT), its advantages over STFT, and its applications using various wavelets like Haar, Mexican Hat, Meyer, Daubechies.
- Analyze multi-rate analysis and Discrete Wavelet Transform (DWT), including its multi-resolution analysis, filter banks, and applications in signal processing...
- Apply advanced techniques such as wavelet packet transform, multidimensional wavelets, bi-orthogonal basis, and B splines in real-world signal processing problems.
- Design and implement experiments using wavelet transforms in practical applications, setting up measurement procedures and analyzing results.

UNIT -I : Fourier Analysis: Vector space, Hilbert spaces, Fourier basis, FT- Limitations of Fourier Analysis, Need for time-frequency analysis, DFT, 2D-DFT: Definition, Properties and Applications, IDFT, Hilbert Transform, STFT.

UNIT -II: Transforms: Walsh, Hadamard, Haar and Slant Transforms, DCT, DST, KLT–definition, properties and applications.

UNIT -III: Continuous Wavelet Transform (CWT): Short comings of STFT, Need for wavelets, Wavelet Basis Concept of Scale and its relation with frequency, Continuous time wavelet Transform Equation- Series Expansion using Wavelets- CWT- Tiling of time scale plane for CWT, Inverse CWT. Important Wavelets: Haar, Mexican Hat, Meyer, Shannon, Daubechies.

UNIT -IV: Multi Rate Analysis and DWT: Need for Scaling function – Multi Resolution Analysis, Two-Channel Filter Banks, Perfect Reconstruction Condition, Relationship between Filter Banks and Wavelet Basis, DWT, Structure of DWT Filter Banks, Daubechies Wavelet Function, Applications of DWT.

UNIT -V: Special Topics: Wavelet Packet Transform, Multidimensional Wavelets, Biorthogonal basis- B Splines, Filtering relationship for bi-orthogonal filters, Lifting Scheme of Wavelet Generation, Multi Wavelets.

TEXT BOOKS:

- RaghuveerM.Rao and Ajit S. Bopardikar, "Wavelet Transforms-Introduction theory and applications" Pearson Edu, Asia, New Delhi, 2003.
- Soman. K. P, Ramachandran. K.I, "Insight into Wavelets from Theory to Practice" Printice Hall India, 1st Edition, 2004.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Jaideva C Goswami, Andrew K Chan, "Fundamentals of Wavelets- Theory, Algorithms and Applications" John Wiley & Sons, Inc, Singapore, 1999.
- Vetterli M. Kovacevic, "Wavelets and Sub-band Coding", PJI, 1995.
- C. Sydney Burrus, "Introduction to Wavelets and Wavelet Transforms", PHI, 1st Edition, 1997.
- Stephen G. Mallat,v, "A Wavelet Tour of Signal Processing", Academic Press, 2nd Edition
- S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan, T.Veera Kumar, "Digital Image Processing", TMH, 2009

III Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE06) AUTOMOTIVE ELECTRONICS

(Professional Elective – II)

Course Objectives

- To provide the student with an understanding the working and design of charging circuits.
- To enable the student to analyze and understand the Ignition and Injection Systems.
- To provide the student with an understanding of Sensor and Actuators.
- To give the student an understanding of control models for fuel control and CAN standard.
- To give the student an understanding of chassis and Safety Systems.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the students will be able to use advanced sensors and actuators in the up gradation of automobiles.

- Understand the evolution of electronics in automobiles, including emission laws, automobile physical configurations, and international standards such as Euro and Bharat Standards.
- Analyze the working and design of automobile charging systems, alternators, and starter systems, including circuits for starter motors and requirements of the starting system.
- Understand the fundamentals of ignition systems and including electronic ignition systems, programmed ignition, fuel injection systems for both petrol and diesel engines.
- Explain the working principles and characteristics of various sensors and actuators used in automobiles, including airflow rate sensors, crankshaft position sensors, temperature sensors, and fuel injectors.
- Understand and analyze the engine control systems, including fuel control, ignition control, different ECUs, and vehicle networks such as CAN and diagnostics systems.
- Analyze various chassis and safety systems in modern automobiles, including traction control systems, cruise control systems, ABS, electronic suspension systems, and airbag systems.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Evolution of electronics in automobiles – emission laws –Automobile Physical Configuration- introduction to Euro I, Euro II, Euro III, Euro IV, Euro V standards – Equivalent Bharat Standards. Charging systems: Working and design of charging circuit diagram – Alternators – Requirements of starting system - Starter motors and starter circuits.

UNIT II: IGNITION AND INJECTION SYSTEMS

Ignition systems: Ignition fundamentals - Electronic ignition systems - Programmed Ignition - Distribution less ignition - Direct ignition - Spark Plugs. Electronic fuel Control: Basics of

combustion – Engine fuelling and exhaust emissions – Electronic control of carburetion – Petrol fuel injection – Diesel fuel injection.

UNIT III: SENSOR AND ACTUATORS

Working principle and characteristics of Airflow rate, Engine crankshaft angular position, Hall effect, Throttle angle, temperature, exhaust gas oxygen sensors –Strain Gauge MAP sensor-Hall effect Position sensor- study of fuel injector, exhaust gas recirculation actuators, stepper motor actuator, vacuum operated actuator.

UNIT IV: ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEMS

Control modes for fuel control-engine control subsystems – ignition control methodologies – different ECU's used in the engine management – block diagram of the engine management system. In vehicle networks: CAN standard, format of CAN standard – diagnostics systems in modern automobiles.

UNIT V: CHASSIS AND SAFETY SYSTEMS

Traction control system – Cruise control system – electronic control of automatic transmission – antilock braking system – electronic suspension system – working of airbag and role of MEMS in airbag systems – centralized door locking system – climate control of cars.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Ribbens, "Understanding Automotive Electronics", 7th Edition, Elsevier, Indian Reprint, 2013 REFERENCES:
- 2. Tom Denton, "Automobile Electrical and Electronics Systems", Edward Arnold Publishers, 2000.
- 3. Barry Hollembeak, "Automotive Electricity, Electronics & Computer Controls", Delmar Publishers, 2001.
- 4. Richard K. Dupuy "Fuel System and Emission controls", Check Chart Publication, 2000.
- 5. Ronald. K. Jurgon, "Automotive Electronics Handbook", McGraw-Hill, 1999.

III Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE07) FIBER OPTIC COMMUNICATION

(Professional Elective – III)

OBJECTIVES

The student will be introduced to the functionality of each of the components that comprise a fiber-optic communication system

- The properties of optical fiber that affect the performance of a communication link and types of fiber materials with their properties and the losses occur in fibers.
- The principles of single and multi-mode optical fibers and their characteristics, working of semiconductor lasers, and differentiate between direct modulation and external electro-optic modulation
- Analyze the operation of LEDs, laser diodes, and PIN photo detectors (spectral properties, bandwidth, and circuits) and apply in optical systems.
- Analyze and design optical communication and fiber optic sensor systems, the models of analog and digital receivers.

OUTCOMES

After going through this course the student will be able to

- Understand the fundamentals of optical fiber communication, including its history, system components, and advantages.
- Analyze optical fiber waveguides, including modes, V-number, and different types of fibers (Step Index, Graded Index, Single Mode).
- Study the materials used in optical fibers, signal distortions like attenuation and dispersion, and fiber splicing techniques.
- Understand the operation of optical sources (LEDs, Injection Laser Diodes) and detectors (PIN, APD), and their performance parameters.
- Analyze the source-to-fiber power launching, optical receiver operation, and factors affecting the performance of digital and analog optical receivers.
- Design optical systems, including point-to-point links, link power budgets, rise time budgets, and Wavelength Division Multiplexing (WDM) principles.

UNIT I

Overview of optical fiber communication - Historical development, The general system, advantages of optical fibercommunications. Optical fiber wave guides- Introduction, Ray theory transmission, Total Internal Reflection, Acceptance angle, Numerical Aperture, Skew rays, Cylindrical fibers- Modes, V-number, Mode coupling, Step Index fibers, Graded Index fibers, Single mode fibers- Cut off wavelength, Mode Field Diameter, Effective Refractive Index, Related problems.

UNIT II

Fiber materials:- Glass, Halide, Active glass, Chalgenide glass, Plastic optical fibers. Signal distortion in optical fibers-Attenuation, Absorption, Scattering and Bending losses, Core and Cladding losses, Information capacity determination, Group delay, Types of Dispersion:- Material dispersion, Wave-guide dispersion, Polarization-Mode dispersion, Intermodal

dispersion, Pulse broadening in Graded index fiber, Related problems.

Optical fiber Connectors-Connector types, Single mode fiber connectors, Connector return loss, Fiber Splicing-Splicing techniques, Splicing single mode fibers, Fiber alignment and joint loss- Multimode fiber joints, single mode fiber joints.

UNIT III

Optical sources- LEDs, Structures, Materials, Quantum efficiency, Power, Modulation, Power bandwidth product.Injection Laser Diodes- Modes, Threshold conditions, External quantum efficiency, Laser diode rate equations, Resonant frequencies, Reliability of LED&ILD, Optical detectors- Physical principles of PIN and APD, Detector response time, Temperature effect on Avalanche gain, Comparison of Photo detectors, Related problems.

UNIT IV

Source to fiber power launching - Output patterns, Power coupling, Power launching, Equilibrium Numerical Aperture, Laser diode to fiber coupling, Optical receiver operation-Fundamental receiver operation, Digital signal transmission, error sources, Receiver configuration, Digital receiver performance, Probability of Error, Quantum limit, Analog receivers.

UNIT V

Optical system design - Point-to- point links- Component choice and considerations, Link power budget, Rise time budget with examples, Line coding in Optical links, WDM, Necessity, Principles, Measurement of Attenuation and Dispersion, Eye pattern.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Optical Fiber Communications Gerd Keiser, Mc Graw-Hill International edition, 3rd Edition, 2000.
- 2. Optical Fiber Communications John M. Senior, PHI, 2nd Edition, 2002.

RERFERENCES:

- 1. Fiber Optic Communications D.K. Mynbaev , S.C. Gupta and Lowell L. Scheiner, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 2. Text Book on Optical Fiber Communication and its Applications S.C.Gupta, PHI, 2005.
- 3. Fiber Optic Communication Systems Govind P. Agarwal , John Wiley, 3rd Ediition, 2004.
- 4. Fiber Optic Communications Joseph C. Palais, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2004

III Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE08) DSP ARCHITECTURE

(Professional Elective – III)

Course Objectives:

- To introduce architectural features of programmable DSP Processors of TI and Analog Devices.
- To recall digital transform techniques.
- To give practical examples of DSP Processor architectures for better understanding.
- To develop the programming knowledge using Instruction set of DSP Processors.
- To understand interfacing techniques to memory and I/O devices.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course the student will be able to:

- To introduce architectural features of programmable DSP Processors of TI and Analog Devices..
- To recall digital transform techniques.
- To give practical examples of DSP Processor architectures for better understanding.
- To familiarize students with the architecture, memory, addressing, and programmability of DSP devices, emphasizing speed and external interfacing features...
- To develop the programming knowledge using Instruction set of DSP Processors..
- To understand interfacing techniques to memory and I/O devices

UNIT -I:

Introduction to Digital Signal Processing:

Introduction, A Digital signal-processing system, The sampling process, Discrete time sequences. Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) and Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), Linear time-invariant systems, Digital filters, Decimation and interpolation.

Computational Accuracy in DSP Implementations:

Number formats for signals and coefficients in DSP systems, Dynamic Range and Precision, Sources of error in DSP implementations, A/D Conversion errors, DSP Computational errors, D/A Conversion Errors, Compensating filter.

UNIT-II:

Architectures for Programmable DSP Devices:

Basic Architectural features, DSP Computational Building Blocks, Bus Architecture and Memory, Data Addressing Capabilities, Address Generation UNIT, Programmability and Program Execution, Speed Issues, Features for External interfacing.

UNIT -III:

Programmable Digital Signal Processors:

Commercial Digital signal-processing Devices, Data Addressing modes of TMS320C54XX DSPs, Data Addressing modes of TMS320C54XX Processors, Memory space of TMS320C54XX Processors, Program Control, TMS320C54XX instructions and Programming, On-Chip Peripherals, Interrupts of TMS320C54XX processors, Pipeline operation of TMS320C54XX Processors.

UNIT-IV:

Analog Devices Family of DSP Devices:

Analog Devices Family of DSP Devices – ALU and MAC block diagram, Shifter Instruction, Base Architecture of ADSP 2100, ADSP-2181 high performance Processor.

Introduction to Blackfin Processor - The Blackfin Processor, Introduction to Micro Signal Architecture, Overview of Hardware Processing Units and Register files, Address Arithmetic Unit, Control Unit, Bus Architecture and Memory, Basic Peripherals.

UNIT-V:

Interfacing Memory and I/O Peripherals to Programmable DSP Devices:

Memory space organization, External bus interfacing signals, Memory interface, Parallel I/O interface, Programmed I/O, Interrupts and I/O, Direct memory access (DMA).

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Digital Signal Processing Avtar Singh and S. Srinivasan, Thomson Publications, 2004
- 2. A Practical Approach to Digital Signal Processing K Padmanabhan, R. Vijayarajeswaran, Ananthi. S, New Age International, 2006/2009
- 3. Embedded Signal Processing with the Micro Signal Architecture Publisher: Woon-Seng Gan, Sen M. Kuo, Wiley-IEEE Press, 2007

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Digital Signal Processors, Architecture, Programming and Applications B. Venkataramani and M. Bhaskar, 2002, TMH.
- 2. Digital Signal Processing Jonatham Stein, 2005, John Wiley.'
- 3. DSP Processor Fundamentals, Architectures & Features Lapsley et al. 2000, S. Chand & Co.
- 4. Digital Signal Processing Applications Using the ADSP-2100 Family by The Applications Engineering Staff of Analog Devices, DSP Division, Edited by Amy Mar, PHI.
- 5. The Scientist and Engineer's Guide to Digital Signal Processing by Steven W. Smith, Ph.D., California Technical Publishing, ISBN 0-9660176-3-3, 1997 6.Embedded Media Processing by David J. Katz and Rick Gentile of Analog Devices, Newnes, ISBN 0750679123, 2005

III Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE09) VLSI DESIGN

(Professional Elective – III)

Course Objectives: The objectives of the course are to:

- 1. Give exposure to different steps involved in the fabrication of ICs.
- 2. Explain electrical properties of MOS and BiCMOS devices to analyze the behavior of inverters designed with various loads.
- 3. Give exposure to the design rules to be followed to draw the layout of any logic circuit.
- 4. Provide design concepts to design building blocks of data path of any system using gates.
- 5. Understand basic programmable logic devices and testing of CMOS circuits.

Course Outcomes: Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

- Explain the fundamental concepts of various IC technologies, including MOS, PMOS, NMOS, CMOS, and BiCMOS, and their electrical properties.
- Apply the principles of VLSI design processes to develop MOS and CMOS transistor layouts, utilizing stick diagrams and design rules
- Analyze gate-level design, including complex gates and switch logic, to determine the impact on time delays, wiring capacitance, and load driving capacity
- Develop data path subsystems like adders, ALUs, and comparators using appropriate design metologies for optimized performance
- Design array subsystems such as SRAM, DRAM, and ROM to meet specific data storage requirements in VLSI systems
- Evaluate programmable logic devices, including PLA, PAL, FPGAs, and CPLDs, and implement CMOS testing strategies at the chip level

UNIT – I Introduction: Introduction to IC Technology – MOS, PMOS, NMOS, CMOS & BiCMOS Basic Electrical Properties: Basic Electrical Properties of MOS and BiCMOS Circuits: Ids-Vds relationships, MOS transistor threshold Voltage, gm, gds, Figure of merit; Pass transistor, NMOS Inverter, Various pull ups, CMOS Inverter analysis and design, Bi-CMOS Inverters.

UNIT - II VLSI Circuit Design Processes: VLSI Design Flow, MOS Layers, Stick Diagrams, Design Rules and Layout, Transistors Layout Diagrams for NMOS and CMOS Inverters and Gates, Scaling of MOS circuits.

UNIT – III Gate Level Design: Logic Gates and Other complex gates, Switch logic, Alternate gate circuits, Time delays, Driving large capacitive loads, Wiring capacitance, Fan – in, Fan – out.

UNIT - IV Data Path Subsystems: Subsystem Design, Shifters, Adders, ALUs, Multipliers, Parity generators, Comparators, Zero/One Detectors, Counters. Array Subsystems: SRAM,

DRAM, ROM, Serial Access Memories.

UNIT - V Programmable Logic Devices: Design Approach – PLA, PAL, Standard Cells FPGAs, CPLDs. CMOS Testing: CMOS Testing, Test Principles, Design Strategies for test, Chip level Test Techniques.

TEXT BOOKS: 1. Essentials of VLSI circuits and systems – Kamran Eshraghian, Eshraghian Dougles and A. Pucknell, PHI, 2005 Edition CMOS VLSI Design – A Circuits and Systems Perspective, Neil H. E Weste, David Harris, Ayan Banerjee, 3rd Ed, Pearson, 2009.

REFERENCE BOOKS: 1. Introduction to VLSI Systems: A Logic, Circuit and System Perspective – Ming-BO Lin, CRC Press, 2011 2. CMOS logic circuit Design - John. P. Uyemura, Springer, 2007. 3. Modern VLSI Design - Wayne Wolf, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 1997. 4. VLSI Design- K. Lal Kishore, V. S. V. Prabhakar, I.K International, 2009

IV Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE10) GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEMS (Professional Elective – IV)

Course outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to

- Understand the basic concepts, architecture, and operational segments of GPS, GLONASS, and GAGAN
- Analyze the signal characteristics, pseudorange estimation, and differences between GPS and GALILEO systems
- Identify the GPS receiver architecture, data error sources, and methods for multipath mitigation
- Evaluate differential GPS techniques, such as LADGPS, WADGPS, and GPS/INS integration architectures
- Demonstrate GPS applications in surveying, mapping, GIS, and precision landing systems
- Interpret RINEX data formats, navigation message parameters, and GPS position determination using least squares methods

UNIT I

Introduction: Basic concept, system architecture, GPS and GLONASS Overview, Satellite Navigation, Time and GPS, User position and velocity calculations, GPS, Satellite Constellation, Operation Segment, User receiving Equipment, Space Segment Phased development, GPS aided Geo augmented navigation (GAGAN) architecture.

UNIT II

Signal Characteristics: GPS signal components, purpose, properties and power level, signal acquisition and tracking, Navigation information extraction, pseudorange estimation, frequency estimation, GPS satellite position calculation, Signal structure, anti spoofing (AS), selective availability, Difference between GPS and GALILEO satellite construction.

UNIT III

GPS Receivers & Data Errors: Receiver Architecture, receiver design options, Antenna design, GPS error sources, SA errors, propagation errors, ionospheric error, tropospheric error, multipath, ionospheric error, estimation using dual frequency GPS receiver, Methods of multipath mitigation, Ephemeris data errors, clock errors.

UNIT IV

Differential GPS: Introduction, LADGPS, WADGPS, Wide Area Augmentation systems, GEO Uplink subsystem, GEO downlink systems, Geo Orbit determination, Geometric nalysis, covariance analysis, GPS /INS Integration Architectures

UNIT V

GPS Applications: GPS in surveying, Mapping and Geographical Information System,

Precision approach Aircraft landing system, Military and Space application, intelligent transportation system.

GPS orbital parameters, description of receiver independent exchange format (RINEX), Observation data and navigation message data parameters, GPS position determination, least squares method.

Textbook:

1. Mohinder S.Grewal, Lawrence R.Weill, Angus P.Andrews, "Global positioning systems, Inertial Navigation and Integration", Wiley 2007.

Reference

1. E.D.Kaplan, Christopher J. Hegarty, "Understanding GPS Principles and Applications", Artech House Boston 2005.

IV Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE11) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING

(Professional Elective – IV)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Understanding artificial intelligence (AI) principles and approaches.
- Develop a basic understanding of the building blocks of AI as presented in terms of intelligent agents
- Implementing Search techniques, Knowledge representation, inference, logic, and learning.
- To introduce the basic concepts and techniques of machine learning and the need for Machine learning techniques for real world problem
- To provide understanding of various Machine learning algorithms and need for neural networks in real time applications

COURSE OUTCOMES

- Understand key concepts in artificial intelligence, state space and heuristic search techniques, and Assess knowledge representation approaches.
- Understand predicate logic and rules, and Compare procedural and declarative knowledge.
- Apply concepts of probability, Bayes' theorem, and fuzzy logic, while Illustrate probabilistic graphical models, including Bayesian and Markov networks.
- Remember the concept of machines learning from data and Recall of data in model training.
- Analyze gradient descent to optimize single-variable linear regression models. and Examine the associated cost function to assess model accuracy.
- Remember the fundamentals of unsupervised learning, including the k-means algorithm and Relate its optimization objectives.

UNIT-I

AI Fundamentals: Defining Artificial Intelligence, Defining AI techniques, AI Applications. **State Space Search and Heuristic Search Techniques:** Defining problems as State Space search, Production systems and characteristics, Hill Climbing, Breadth first and depth first search, Best first search

Knowledge Representation Issues: Representations and Mappings, Approaches to knowledge representation

UNIT-II

Using Predicate Logic and Representing Knowledge as Rules:

Representing simple facts in logic, Computable functions and predicates, Procedural vs. Declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward vs. backward reasoning

Symbolic Reasoning under Uncertainty: Non-monotonic Reasoning, Logics for non-monotonic reasoning

UNIT-III

Statistical Reasoning: Probability and Bayes Theorem, Certainty factors, Probabilistic Graphical Models, Bayesian Networks, Markov Networks, Fuzzy Logic.

Introduction to Machine Learning:

Idea of Machines learning from data, Classification of problem – Regression and Classification, Supervised and Unsupervised learning.

UNIT-IV

Supervised learning: Linear Regression: Model representation for single variable, Single variable Cost Function, Gradient Decent for Linear Regression, Multivariable model representation, Multivariable cost function, Gradient Decent in practice, Normal Equation and non-invertibility

Logistic Regression

Classification, Hypothesis Representation, Decision Boundary, Cost function, Advanced Optimization, Multi-classification (One vs. All), Problem of Over fitting, Regularization Classification Problems: Support Vector Machines: Optimization Objective, Large Margin Classifiers, Kernels, SVM practical considerations

UNIT-V

Unsupervised learning: Unsupervised learning introduction, k-Means Algorithm, Optimization objective, Random Initialization, Choosing number of clusters

Neural Networks: Non-linear Hypothesis, Biological Neurons, Model representation, Intuition for Neural Networks, Multiclass classification, Cost Function, Back Propagation Algorithm, Back Propagation Intuition, Weights initialization, Neural Network Training

TEXT BOOKS

- 1) Artificial Intelligence, Elaine Rich and Knight, McGraw-Hill Publications
- 2) MACHINE LEARNING An Algorithmic Perspective 2nd Edition, Stephen Marsland, 2015, by Taylor & Francis Group, LLC
- 3) Introduction to Machine Learning, The Wikipedia Guide

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1) Introduction To Artificial Intelligence & Expert Systems, Patterson, PHI
- 2) Multi Agent systems- a modern approach to Distributed Artificial intelligence, Weiss.G, MITPress.
- 3) Artificial Intelligence: A modern Approach, Russell and Norvig, Printice Hall

IV Year B.Tech ECE-I Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE12) ROBOTICS ENGINEERING

(Professional Elective – IV)

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the functional elements of Robotics
- To impart knowledge on the direct and inverse kinematics
- To introduce the manipulator differential motion and control
- To educate on various path planning techniques
- To introduce the dynamics and control of manipulators

OUTCOMES:

- Understand the basic concepts, classifications, specifications, and design considerations of robots
- Solve direct and inverse kinematics problems for robotic manipulators using Denavit-Hartenberg parameters
- Analyze the differential motion, statics, and singularities of robotic manipulators
- Plan robot paths using joint space and Cartesian space techniques with polynomial interpolation methods
- Derive dynamic models of manipulators using Lagrangian mechanics and analyze control schemes.
- Implement PID and force control schemes for robotic manipulators

UNIT I: Basic Concepts

Brief history-Types of Robot-Technology-Robot classifications and specifications-Design and controlissues- Various manipulators – Sensors - work cell - Programming languages.

UNIT II: Direct and Inverse Kinematics

Mathematical representation of Robots - Position and orientation - Homogeneous transformationVarious joints- Representation using the Denavit Hattenberg parameters - Degrees of freedom-Direct kinematics-Inverse kinematics- SCARA robots- Solvability - Solution methods-Closed form solution.

UNIT III: Manipulator Differential Motion and Statics

Linear and angular velocities-Manipulator Jacobian-Prismatic and rotary joints-Inverse - Wrist and arm singularity - Static analysis - Force and moment Balance.

UNIT IV: Path Planning

Definition-Joint space technique-Use of p-degree polynomial-Cubic polynomial-Cartesian space technique - Parametric descriptions - Straight line and circular paths - Position and orientation planning.

UNIT V: Dynamics and Control

Lagrangian mechanics-2DOF Manipulator-Lagrange Euler formulation-Dynamic model – Manipulator control problem-Linear control schemes-PID control scheme-Force control of robotic manipulator.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. R.K.Mittal and I.J.Nagrath, Robotics and Control, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi,4th Reprint, 2005.
- 2. JohnJ.Craig ,Introduction to Robotics Mechanics and Control, Third edition, Pearson Education, 3. 2009.
- 3. M.P.Groover, M.Weiss, R.N. Nageland N. G.Odrej, Industrial Robotics, McGraw-Hill Singapore, 1996.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ashitava Ghoshal, Robotics-Fundamental Concepts and Analysis', Oxford University Press, Sixth impression, 2010.
- 2. K. K. Appu Kuttan, Robotics, I K International, 2007.
- 3. Edwin Wise, Applied Robotics, Cengage Learning, 2003.
- 4. R.D.Klafter, T.A.Chimielewski and M.Negin, Robotic Engineering—An Integrated Approach, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1994.
- 5. B.K.Ghosh, Control in Robotics and Automation: Sensor Based Integration, Allied Publishers, Chennai, 1998.
- 6. S.Ghoshal, "Embedded Systems & Robotics" Projects using the 8051 Microcontroller", Cengage Learning, 2009.

IV Year B. Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE13) RADAR SYSTEMS

(Professional Elective – V)

Course Objectives:

- To explore the concepts of radar and its frequency bands.
- To understand Doppler effect and get acquainted with the working principles of CW radar, FM-CW radar.
- To impart the knowledge of functioning of MTI and Tracking Radars. To explain the deigning of a Matched Filter in radar receivers.

Course Outcomes: Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

- Understand the basic concepts of radar systems, radar equations, and their applications in predicting range performance
- Analyze the principles and operations of CW and FM-CW radar for range and Doppler measurements
- Apply concepts of MTI and pulse Doppler radar to filter characteristics, blind speeds, and staggered PRFs.
- Examine various tracking radar techniques such as sequential lobing, conical scanning, and monopulse tracking.
- Evaluate radar signal detection in noise using matched filter receivers and nonmatched filters.
- Discuss phased array antennas, beam steering, and their advantages and limitations in radar systems

UNIT – I

Basics of Radar: Maximum Unambiguous Range, Simple form of Radar Equation, Radar Block Diagram and Operation, Radar Frequencies and Applications. Prediction of Range Performance, Minimum Detectable Signal, Receiver Noise, Modified Radar Range Equation.

Radar Equation: SNR, Envelope Detector – False Alarm Time and Probability, Integration of Radar Pulses, Radar Cross Section of Targets, Transmitter Power, PRF and Range Ambiguities, System Losses (qualitative treatment).

UNIT – II

CW and Frequency Modulated Radar: Doppler Effect, CW Radar – Block Diagram, Isolation between Transmitter and Receiver, Non-zero IF Receiver, Receiver Bandwidth Requirements, Applications of CW radar.

FM-CW Radar: Range and Doppler Measurement, Block Diagram and Characteristics, FM-CW altimeter.

UNIT - III

MTI and Pulse Doppler Radar: Principle, MTI Radar - Power Amplifier Transmitter and Power Oscillator Transmitter, Delay Line Cancellers – Filter Characteristics, Blind Speeds, Double Cancellation, Staggered PRFs. Range Gated Doppler Filters. MTI Radar Parameters, Limitations to MTI Performance, MTI versus Pulse Doppler Radar.

UNIT - IV

Tracking Radar: Tracking with Radar, Sequential Lobing, Conical Scan, Mono pulse Tracking Radar – Amplitude Comparison Mono pulse (one- and two- coordinates), Phase Comparison Mono pulse, Tracking in Range, Acquisition and Scanning Patterns, Comparison of Trackers.

UNIT - V

Detection of Radar Signals in Noise Matched Filter Receiver – Response Characteristics and Derivation, Correlation Function and Cross-correlation Receiver, Efficiency of Nonmatched Filters, Matched Filter with Non-white Noise.

Radar Receivers – Noise Figure and Noise Temperature, Displays – types. Duplexers – Branch type and Balanced type, Circulators as Duplexers. Introduction to Phased Array Antennas – Basic Concepts, Radiation Pattern, Beam Steering and Beam Width changes, Applications, Advantages and Limitations.

TEXT BOOK:

 Introduction to Radar Systems – Merrill I. Skolnik, TMH Special Indian Edition, 2ndEd., 2007.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Radar: Principles, Technology, Applications Byron Edde, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 2. Radar Principles Peebles, Jr., P.Z., Wiley, New York, 1998.
- 3. Principles of Modern Radar: Basic Principles Mark A. Richards, James A. Scheer, William A. Holm, Yesdee, 2013
- 4. Radar Handbook Merrill I. Skolnik, 3rd Ed., McGrawHill Education, 2008.

IV Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE14) SPEECH & AUDIO PROCESSING

(Professional Elective – V)

Course Objectives: The objectives of this course are to make the student

- Understand the anatomy and Physiology of Speech Production system and perception model and to design an electrical equivalent of Acoustic model for Speech Production.
- To understand the articulatory and acoustic interpretation of various phonemes and their allophones.
- To analyze the speech in time domain and extract various time domain parameters which can be used for various applications like pitch extraction, end point detection, Speech Compression, Speech Synthesis etc.,
- To study the concept of Homomorphic system and its use in extracting the vocal tract information from speech using Cepstrum which is a bye product of Homomorphic processing of Speech.
- To study various Speech Signal Processing applications viz: Speech Enhancement, Speech Recognition, Speaker Recognition.
- To study various Audio coding techniques based on perceptual modeling of the human ear.

Course Outcomes: On completion of this course student will be able to

- Understand the anatomy and physiology of speech organs and the acoustic theory of speech production
- Analyze time-domain models for speech processing, including energy, zero-crossing, and LPC-based techniques.
- Evaluate homomorphic speech processing techniques and speech enhancement methods for noise reduction.
- Apply automatic speech recognition and speaker recognition techniques using pattern recognition approaches and HMM
- Discuss audio coding methods, including psychoacoustics and MPEG standards for efficient audio representation
- Design and implement speech processing systems for tasks like pitch detection, formant estimation, and speaker verification.

Unit – I: Fundamentals of Digital Speech Processing: Anatomy & Physiology of Speech Organs, The Process of Speech Production, The Acoustic theory of speech production-Uniform lossless tube model, effect of losses in vocal tract, effect of radiation at lips, Digital models for speech signals. Perception: Anatomical pathways from the Ear to the Perception of Sound, The Peripheral Auditory system, Hair Cell and Auditory Nerve Functions, Properties of the Auditory Nerve. Block schematics of the Peripheral Auditory system.

Unit - II: Time Domain models for Speech Processing: Introduction - Window

considerations, Short time energy, average magnitude, average zero crossing rate, Speech vs Silence discrimination using energy and zero crossing, pitch period estimation using a parallel processing approach, the short time autocorrelation function, average magnitude difference function, pitch period estimation using the autocorrelation function. Linear

Predictive Coding (LPC) Analysis: Basic principles of Linear Predictive Analysis: The Autocorrelation Method, The Covariance method, Solution of LPC Equations: Cholesky Decomposition Solution for Covariance Method, Durbin's Recursive Solution for the Autocorrelation Equations, comparison between the methods of solution of the LPC Analysis Equations, Applications of LPC Parameters: Pitch Detection using LPC Parameters, Formant Analysis using LPC Parameters.

Unit – III: Homomorphic Speech Processing: Introduction, Homomorphic Systems for Convolution: Properties of the Complex Cepstrum, Computational Considerations, The Complex Cepstrum of Speech, Pitch Detection, Formant Estimation, The Homomorphic Vocoder. Speech Enhancement: Speech enhancement techniques: Single Microphone Approach, Spectral Subtraction, Enhancement by re-synthesis, Comb filter, Wiener filter, Multi Microphone Approach.

Unit – IV: Automatic Speech Recognition: Basic pattern recognition approaches, parametric representation of Speech, Evaluating the similarity of Speech patterns, Isolated digit Recognition System, Continuous word Recognition system. Elements of HMM, Training & Testing of Speech using HMM. Automatic Speaker Recognition: Recognition techniques, Features that distinguish speakers, MFCC, delta MFCC, Speaker Recognition Systems: Speaker Verification System, Speaker Identification System, Performance Metrics.

Unit – V: Audio Coding : Lossless Audio Coding, Lossy Audio coding, Psychoacoustics , ISO-MPEG-1 Audio coding , MPEG - 2 Audio coding, MPEG - 2 Advanced Audio Coding, MPEG - 4 Audio Coding.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Digital Processing of Speech Signals L.R. Rabiner and S. W. Schafer. Pearson Education.
- 2. Digital Audio Signal Processing Udo Zolzer, 2nd Edition, Wiley.
- 3. Speech & Audio Signal Processing- Ben Gold & Nelson Morgan, 1st Ed., Wiley

REFENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Discrete Time Speech Signal Processing: Principles and Practice Thomas F. Ouateri, 1st Ed., PE.
- 2. Digital Processing of Speech Signals. L.R Rabinar and R W Jhaung, 1978, PHI.
- 3. Speech Communications: Human & Machine Douglas O'Shaughnessy, 2nd Ed., EEE Press.

IV Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE15) CMOS DESIGN

(Professional Elective – V)

Course Objectives:

- Analog circuits play a very crucial role in all electronic systems and due to continued miniaturization; many of the analog blocks are not getting realized in CMOS technology.
- To understand most important building blocks of all CMOS analog Ics.
- To study the basic principle of operation, the circuit choices and the tradeoffs involved in the MOS transistor level design common to all analog CMOS ICs.
- Understand basic programmable logic devices and testing of CMOS circuits.

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, each student is expected to be able to

- Understand and Model MOS Devices
- Design and Analyze Analog CMOS Sub-Circuits
- Construct CMOS Amplifiers
- Design and Optimize CMOS Operational Amplifiers
- Characterize and Improve Comparator Performance
- Simulate and Implement Integrated Circuit Layouts

Unit-I

Introduction: Introduction to IC Technology - MOS, PMOS, NMOS, CMOS & BiCMOS.

Basic Electrical Properties: Basic Electrical Properties of MOS and BiCMOS Circuits: Ids-Vds relationships, MOS transistor threshold Voltage, gm, gds, Figure of merit; Pass transistor, NMOS Inverter, Various pull ups, CMOS Inverter analysis and design, Bi-CMOS Inverters.

Unit-II:

VLSI Circuit Design Processes and Gate Level Design: VLSI Design Flow, MOS Layers, Stick Diagrams, Design Rules and Layout, Transistors Layout Diagrams for NMOS and CMOS Inverters and Gates, Scaling of MOS circuits.

Unit-III:

Gate Level Design: Logic Gates and Other complex gates, Switch logic, Alternate gate circuits, Time delays, Driving large capacitive loads, Wiring capacitance, Fan – in, Fan – out.

Unit-IV:

MOS Devices and Modeling: The MOS Transistor, Passive Components- Capacitor & Resistor, CMOS Device Modeling - Simple MOS Large-Signal Model, Small- Signal Model for the MOS Transistor.

Analog CMOS Sub-Circuits: MOS Switch, MOS Diode, MOS Active Resistor, Current Sinks and Sources.

UNIT-V:

Programmable Logic Devices: PLAs, FPGAs, CPLDs, Standard Cells, ProgrammableArray Logic, Design Approach, Parameters influencing low power design.

CMOS Testing: CMOS Testing, Need for testing, Test Principles, Design Strategies for test, Chip level Test Techniques.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Essentials of VLSI circuits and systems Kamran Eshraghian, Eshraghian Dougles and A. Pucknell, PHI, 2005 Edition
- 2. CMOS Analog Circuit Design Philip E. Allen and Douglas R. Holberg, Oxford University Press, International Second Edition/Indian Edition, 2010.

REFERENCES

- 1. Analog Integrated Circuit Design-David A. Johns, Ken Martin, Wiley Student Edn, 2013.
- 2. Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits- Behzad Razavi, TMH Edition.
- 3. CMOS logic circuit Design John. P. Uyemura, Springer, 2007.

IV Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE16) 5G COMMUNICATIONS

(Professional Elective – VI)

Course Objectives

- To provide the student with an understanding of the Cellular concept, Frequency reuse, Co-channel interference.
- To give the student an understanding of handoff and dropped calls and multiple access techniques.
- To learn 5G technology basic requirements and advances.
- To learn about Device to Device Communication.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student will be able to analyze and design wireless and mobile cellular systems.

- Explain the evolution from 1G to 4G technologies, and identify key requirements and regulations for 5G communications.
- Describe the unique challenges and requirements of 5G propagation channels, including channel modeling for mmWave MIMO systems
- Apply transmission and design techniques in 5G, such as modulation and multiple access techniques including OFDM, GFDM, and NOMA.
- Analyze D2D and M2M communication extensions from 4G to 5G, focusing on radio resource management and multihop operations.
- Evaluate spectrum regulations and physical layer techniques for millimeter-wave communications, including beamforming and interference management.
- Demonstrate the concepts of Massive MIMO, channel estimation, and techniques to address challenges like pilot contamination and spatial modulation in 5G.

UNIT I

Overview of 5G Broadband Wireless Communications: Evaluation of mobile technologies 1G to 4G (LTE, LTEA, LTEA Pro) , An Overview of 5G requirements, Regulations for 5G,Spectrum Analysis and Sharing for 5G.

UNIT II

The 5G wireless Propagation Channels: Channel modeling requirements, propagation scenarios and challenges in the 5G modeling, Channel Models for mm Wave MIMO Systems.

UNIT III

Transmission and Design Techniques for 5G: Basic requirements of transmission over 5G, Modulation Techniques – Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM), generalized frequency division multiplexing (GFDM), filter bank multi-carriers (FBMC) and universal filtered multi-carrier (UFMC), Multiple Accesses Techniques – orthogonal frequency division multiple accesses (OFDMA), generalized frequency division multiple accesses (GFDMA), nonorthogonal multiple accesses (NOMA).

UNIT IV

Device-to-device (D2D) and machine-to-machine (M2M) type communications – Extension of 4G D2D standardization to 5G, radio resource management for mobile broadband D2D, multihop and multi-operator D2D communications.

UNIT V

Millimeter-wave Communications – spectrum regulations, deployment scenarios, beamforming, physical layer techniques, interference and mobility management, Massive MIMO propagation channel models, Channel Estimation in Massive MIMO, Massive MIMO with Imperfect CSI, Multi-Cell Massive MIMO, Pilot Contamination, Spatial Modulation (SM),

Textbooks:

- 1. Martin Sauter "From GSM From GSM to LTE-Advanced Pro and 5G: An Introduction to Mobile Networks and Mobile Broadband", Wiley-Blackwell.
- 2. Afif Osseiran, Jose.F.Monserrat, Patrick Marsch, "Fundamentals of 5G Mobile Networks", Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Athanasios G.Kanatos, Konstantina S.Nikita, Panagiotis Mathiopoulos, "New Directions in Wireless Communication Systems from Mobile to 5G", CRC Press.
- 4. Theodore S.Rappaport, Robert W.Heath, Robert C.Danials, James N.Murdock "Millimeter Wave Wireless Communications", Prentice Hall Communications.

References

- 1. Jonathan Rodriguez, "Fundamentals of 5G Mobile Networks", John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Amitabha Ghosh and Rapeepat Ratasuk "Essentials of LTE and LTE-A", Cambridge University Press.

IV Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE17) CONSUMER ELECTRONICS

(Professional Elective – VI)

COURSE OUTCOMES: Upon the completion of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to:

- Explain the functioning and design of audio systems, including microphones, loudspeakers, and theater sound systems
- Describe video systems and display technologies, including monochrome, color TVs, HDTV, LED, and DTH systems
- Demonstrate the working principles of domestic and consumer appliances like washing machines, microwave ovens, and air conditioners
- Analyze power supply systems like SMPS and UPS and their preventive maintenance techniques
- Evaluate RFID product compliance in terms of electrical safety, EMI/EMC standards, and RF interference design techniques.
- Apply preventive maintenance methods and remote control technologies for enhancing consumer electronics systems.

UNIT-I:

Audio System: Microphones, loudspeakers baffle and enclosure, Acoustics, mono, stereo, Quad, Amplifying System, Equalizers and Mixers Synthesizers, Commercial Sound, Theater Sound System.

UNIT-II:

Video Systems and Displays: Monochrome, Color TV standards, TFT, Plasma, HDTV, LCD,LED TV, Direct-ToHome(DTH- Set Top Box), Video Telephone and Video Conferencing.

UNIT-III:

Domestic & Consumer Appliances: Washing machines, Microwave ovens, Air-conditioners and Refrigerators, Computers office System, Telephone & Mobile Radio System

UNIT-IV

Power Supplies SMPS/UPS and Preventive Maintenance and others systems such as Remote controls, Bar codes.

UNIT-V

RFID Product Compliance: Product safety and liability issues; standards related to electrical safety and fire hazards, EMI/EMC requirements, design techniques for ESD, RF interference and immunity, line current harmonics and mains voltage surge.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Consumer Electronics; SP Bali; Pearson Education.
- 2. Consumer Electronics; J.S. Chitode; Technical Publications, Pune.

IV Year B. Tech ECE-II Sem

L/T/P/C 3/0/0/3

(2004PE18) MIXED SIGNAL PROCESSING

(Professional Elective – VI)

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Study the mixed signal of submicron CMOS circuits•
- Understand the various integrated based filters and topologies•
- Learn the data converters architecture, modeling and signal to noise ratio•
- Study the integrated circuit of oscillators and PLLs

OUTCOMES:

- Explain submicron CMOS circuit design principles, including MOSFET models, delay elements, and Op-Amp design
- Analyze integrator-based CMOS filters and filtering topologies for various signal processing applications.
- Compare and contrast data converter architectures, including DACs and ADCs, for mixed signal systems.
- Evaluate data converter modeling, quantization noise, and methods to improve SNR for ADCs and DACs.
- Describe the principles and design of oscillators and PLLs, including their nonideal effects and applications in signal processing..
- Design and implement mixed-signal circuits using CMOS technology for real-world applications.

UNIT I: SUBMICRON CMOS CIRCUIT DESIGN

Submicron CMOS: Overview and Models, CMOS process flow, Capacitors and Resistors. Digital circuit design: The MOSFET Switch, Delay Elements, An Adder. Analog Circuit Design: Biasing, Op-Amp Design, Circuit Noise.

UNIT II: INTEGRATOR BASED CMOS FILTERS

Integrator Building Blocks- low pass filter, Active RC integrators, MOSFET-C Integrators, gmC integrators, Discrete time integrators. Filtering Topologies: The Bilinear transfer function, The Biquadratic transfer function, Filters using Noise shaping.

UNIT III

DATA CONVERTER ARCHITECTURES

DAC Architectures- Resistor string, R-2R ladder Networks, Current Steering, Charge Scaling DACs, Cyclic DAC, and Pipeline DAC. ADC Architectures- Flash, Two-step flash ADC, Pipeline ADC, Integrating ADC's, Successive Approximation ADC.

UNIT IV

DATA CONVERTER MODELING AND SNR

Sampling and Aliasing: A modeling approach, Impulse sampling, The sample and Hold, Quantization noise. Data converter SNR: An overview, Clock Jitter, Improving SNR using Averaging, Decimating filter for ADCs, Interpolating filter for DACs, Band pass and High pass sinc filters - Using feedback to improve SNR

UNIT V

OSCILLATORS AND PLL

LC oscillators, Voltage Controlled Oscillators. Simple PLL, Charge pumps PLLs, Non ideal effects in PLLs, Delay Locked Loops.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. CMOS Mixed Signal Circuit Design by R.Jacob Baker, Wiley India, IEEE Press, reprint 2008.
- 2. CMOS Circuit Design, Layout and Simulation by R.Jacob Baker, Wiley India, IEEE Press, Second Edition, reprint 2009.
- Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits by Behzad Razavi, McGraw Hill, 33rd Reprint, 2016

REFERENCES:

- 1. R. Gregorian and Temes Analog MOS integrated circuits for signal processing
- 2. R.Gregorian Introduction to CMOS op amps and comparators.
- 3. D.Johns and K.Martin Analog integrated circuit design 4. B.Razavi Monolithic

Phase-locked loops and clock recovery circuits: Theory and design

OPEN ELECTIVES OFFERED BY ECE

II Year B.Tech ECE-II Sem L / T / P/C (Semester–IV)

3/0/0/3

(2004OE01) COMPUTER ORGANIZATION (Open Elective – I)

Course Objectives:

- To understand Basic Structure of Computers
- To understand register language and micro operations
- To analyze Mircro programming control and to understand computer arithmetic operations
- To understand memory system & I/O Organization

Course Outcomes:

The students can

- To Know the Basic structure of a digital computer and Remembering Various types and applications.
- To Know the Role of Register Transfer Language and Micro Operations in Computer Organization.
- Analyze memory hierarchy concepts, including cache, main memory, and virtual memory, and evaluate their impact on system performance.
- To the Know the Various types of Input-Output Organization with respect to their Input-Output Processor (IOP) and Serial Communication Protocols.
- To Know the Overview of Computer Operating Systems Functions and Operating Systems Structures.

UNIT I: BASIC STRUCTURE OF COMPUTERS:

Computer Types, Functional unit, Basic OPERATIONAL concepts, Bus structures, Software, Performance, multiprocessors and multi computers. Data Representation. Fixed Point Representation. Floating – Point Representation. Error Detection codes.

UNIT II: REGISTER TRANSFER LANGUAGE AND MICROOPERATIONS:

Register Transfer language.Register Transfer Bus and memory transfers, Arithmetic Mircrooperations, logic micro operations, shift micro operations, Arithmetic logic shift unit. Instruction codes. Computer Registers Computer instructions – Instruction cycle. Memory

 Reference Instructions. Input – Output and Interrupt. STACK organization. Instruction formats. Addressing modes. DATA Transfer and manipulation. Program control. Reduced Instruction set computer.

UNIT III: MICRO PROGRAMMED CONTROL:

Control memory, Address sequencing, microprogram example, design of control unit Hard wired control. Microprogrammed control

COMPUTER ARITHMETIC: Addition and subtraction, multiplication Algorithms, Division Algorithms, Floating – point Arithmetic operations. Decimal Arithmetic unit Decimal Arithmetic operations.

UNIT V: THE MEMORY SYSTEM & INPUT-OUTPUT ORGANIZATION:

Basic concepts semiconductor RAM memories. Read-only memories Cache memories performance considerations, Virtual memories secondary storage. Introduction to RAID. Peripheral Devices, Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous data transfer Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt Direct memory Access, Input –Output Processor (IOP) Serial communication; Introduction to peripheral component, Interconnect (PCI) bus. Introduction to standard serial communication protocols like RS232, USB, IEEE1394.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Computer Organization Carl Hamacher, ZvonksVranesic, SafeaZaky, Vth Edition, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Computer Systems Architecture M.Moris Mano, IIIrd Edition, Pearson/PHI

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Computer Organization and Architecture William Stallings Sixth Edition, Pearson/PHI
- 2. Structured Computer Organization Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4th Edition PHI/Pearson
- 3. Fundamentals or Computer Organization and Design, SivaraamaDandamudi Springer Int. Edition.
- 4. Computer Architecture a quantitative approach, John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, Fourth Edition Elsevier

II Year B.TechECE-IVSemL / T / P/C (Semester–IV)

3/0/0/3

(2004OE02) SENSORS & ACTUATORS (Open Elective – I)

Aim & objectives: To study the various instruments displays and panels in the aircraft and to discuss the cock pit layout. The objective of the study of aircraft instrumentation is to know the functions of all the flight, gyroscopic and power plant instruments in the aircraft and enable the learners to rectify the problems occurring in the aircraft.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Fundamental Concepts of Sensors, Transducers, and Signal Transmission Systems
- Inductive and Capacitive Transducers
- Selection and Operation of Actuators
- Micro Sensors and Micro Actuators in Real-World Applications
- Suitable Sensor Materials and Processing Techniques
- Comparison of Micro Sensor and Actuator Fabrication Techniques

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Explain the fundamental concepts of sensors, transducers, and signal transmission systems.
- Analyze the working principles, characteristics, and applications of inductive and capacitive transducers.
- Illustrate the selection and operation of different types of actuators, including pneumatic, hydraulic, and electrical systems
- Evaluate the functionalities and applications of micro sensors and micro actuators in real-world scenarios.
- Identify suitable sensor materials and justify their processing techniques for various applications.
- Compare different fabrication techniques for micro sensors and actuators, assessing their advantages and limitations.

UNIT - I SENSORS

Difference between sensor, transmitter and transducer - Primary measuring elements - selection and characteristics: Range; resolution, Sensitivity, error, repeatability, linearity and accuracy, impedance, backlash, Response time, Dead band. Signal transmission - Types of signal: Pneumatic signal; Hydraulic signal; Electronic Signal. Principle of operation, construction details, characteristics and applications of potentiometer, Proving Rings, Strain Gauges, Resistance thermometer, Thermistor, Hot-wire anemometer, Resistance Hygrometer, Photoresistive sensor.

UNIT- II INDUCTIVE & CAPACITIVE TRANSDUCER

Inductive transducers: - Principle of operation, construction details, characteristics and applications of LVDT, Induction potentiometer, variable reluctance transducer, synchros, microsyn. Capacitive transducers: - Principle of operation, construction details, characteristics of Capacitive transducers – different types & signal conditioning- Applications:- capacitor microphone, capacitive pressure sensor, proximity sensor.

UNIT III ACTUATORS

Definition, types and selection of Actuators; linear; rotary; Logical and Continuous Actuators, Pneumatic actuator- Electro-Pneumatic actuator; cylinder, rotary actuators, Mechanical actuating system: Hydraulic actuator - Control valves; Construction, Characteristics and Types, Selection criteria. Electrical actuating systems: Solid-state switches, Solenoids, Electric Motors- Principle of operation and its application: D.C motors - AC motors - Single phase & 3 Phase Induction Motor; Synchronous Motor; Stepper motors - Piezoelectric Actuator.

UNIT IV MICRO SENSORS AND MICRO ACTUATORS

Micro Sensors: Principles and examples, Force and pressure micro sensors, position and speed micro sensors, acceleration micro sensors, chemical sensors, biosensors, temperature micro sensors and flow micro sensors. Micro Actuators: Actuation principle, shape memory effects-one way, two way and pseudo elasticity. Types of micro actuators- Electrostatic, Magnetic, Fluidic, Inverse piezo effect, other principles.

UNIT V SENSOR MATERIALS AND PROCESSING TECHNIQUES

Materials for sensors: Silicon, Plastics, metals, ceramics, glasses, nano materials Processing techniques: Vacuum deposition, sputtering, chemical vapour deposition, electro plating, photolithography, silicon micro machining, Bulk silicon micro machining, Surface silicon micro machining, LIGA process.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Patranabis.D, "Sensors and Transducers", Wheeler publisher, 1994.
- 2. SergejFatikow and Ulrich Rembold, "Microsystem Technology and Microbotics", First edition, Springer VerlagNEwyork, Inc, 1997.
- 3. Jacob Fraden, "Hand Book of Modern Sensors: Physics, Designs and Application" Fourth edition, Springer, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Robert H Bishop, "The Mechatronics Hand Book", CRC Press, 2002.
- 2. Thomas. G. Bekwith and Lewis Buck.N, Mechanical Measurements, Oxford and IBH publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.,
- 3. MassoodTabib and Azar, "Microactuators Electrical, Magnetic, thermal, optical, mechanical, chemical and smart structures", First edition, Kluwer academic publishers, Springer, 1997.
- 4. Manfred Kohl, "Shape Memory Actuators", first edition, Springer

III Year B.TechECE-ISemL / T / P/C (Semester-V)

3/0/0/3

(2004OE03) PRINCIPLES OFELECTRONICCOMMUNICATIONS (Open Elective – II)

Course Objectives:

Themain objectivesofthecourseare:

- 1. Todevelopabilityto analyzesystemrequirementsofanalog communicationsystems.
- 2. Tounderstandtheneed formodulation
- 3. Tounderstandthegeneration, detectionofvarious analogmodulationtechniquesandalsoperformthemathematicalanalysisassociatedwiththese techniques.
- 4. Tounderstandthepulsemodulationtechniques.
- $5. \quad To understand the functional block diagram of Digital communication system. \\$
- 6. Tolearnaboutthenetworkingconcept, layered protocols.
- 7. Tounderstandvariouscommunicationsconcepts.
- 8. Togettheknowledgeofvarious networkingequipment.
- 9. To understand the basic concepts of satellite, optical, cellular, mobile and wirelesscommunication systems.

Course Outcomes:

Uponcompletionofthecourse, student should possess the following skills:

- Define the need of modulation and frequency conversion for communication systems
- Explain the different analog and digital modulation schemes for transmission of information.
- Understand and apply the concepts telecommunication, networking and switching technologies
- Illustrate the different concepts used in a satellite communication system and summarize the basic elements of optical fiber transmission link and structures.
- Discuss various cellular and mobile communications systems.
- Exposure about the various communication concepts. And will get awareness about the structure and equipment of computer network structures

UNIT-I

Introduction: Needfor Modulation, Frequency translation, Electromagnetic spectrum, Gain, Attenuation and decibels.

UNIT-II

Simple description on Modulation: Analog Modulation-AM, FM, Pulse Modulation-AM, FM, Pulse Modulation-AM, Pul

PAM,PWM,PCM,DigitalModulationTechniques-

ASK,FSK,PSK,QPSKmodulationanddemodulationschemes.

UNIT-III

TelecommunicationSystems: Telephones Telephonesystem, Pagingsystems, Internet Telephony. **NetworkingandLocalAreaNetworks:** Networkfundamentals, LANhardware, Ethernet LANs, Token Ring LAN.

UNIT-IV

SatelliteCommunication:SatelliteOrbits,SatelliteCommunicationsystems,Satellitesubsystems,Ground StationsSatelliteApplications,GlobalPositioning systems.

Optical Communication: Optical Principles, Optical Communication Systems, Fiber – OpticCables,OpticalTransmitters&Receivers,WavelengthDivisionMultiplexing.

UNIT-V

 $\label{lem:communications:} Cellular telephone systems, AMPS, GSM, CDMA, and WCDMA.$

Wireless Technologies: Wireless LAN, PANs and Beeand Mesh Wireless networks, Wi-MAX and

Bluetooth,Zig-

MANs,Infrared

wireless,RFIDcommunication,UWB.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. LouisE.Frenzel, "PrinciplesofElectronicCommunicationSystems", 3rdEd., McGrawHillpublications, 2008.
- 2. Kennady, Davis, "Electronic Communications systems", 4Ed., TMH, 1999

REFERENCEBOOKS

- 1. 1.TarmoAnttalainen, "IntroductiontoTelecommunicationsNetworkEngineering", Arte chHouseTelecommunicationsLibrary.
- 2. 2. TheodoreRappaport, "WirelessCommunications-Principlesandpractice", PrenticeHall, 2002.
- 3. 3.RogerL.Freeman, "FundamentalsofTelecommunications", 2Ed. Wileypublications.
- 4. 4. WayneTomasi, "Introductiontodatacommunicationsandnetworking", Pearson Education, 2005.

III Year B.TechECE-ISemL / T / P/C (Semester–V)

3/0/0/3

(2004OE04) FUZZY LOGIC & NEURAL NETWORKS (Open Elective – II)

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand Fuzzy set and logic control
- 2. To analyze Adaptive Fuzzy Systems
- 3. To Understand the operation of Artificial Neural Networks
- 4. To understand mapping and recurrent networks operation
- 5. To observe various case studies

Course Outcomes: After completion of this course, the students can

- 1. Able to understand Fuzzy set and logic control
- 2. Able to analyze Adaptive Fuzzy Systems
- 3. Able to Understand the operation of Artificial Neural Networks
- 4. Able to understand mapping and recurrent networks operation
- 5. Able to observe various case studies

UNIT – I : Fuzzy Set Theory and Fuzzy Logic Control:

Basic concepts of fuzzy sets- Operations on fuzzy sets- Fuzzy relation equations- Fuzzy logic control Fuzzification –Defuzzification- Knowledge base- Decision making logic Membership functions – Rule base.

UNIT – II : Adaptive Fuzzy Systems:

Performance index- Modification of rule base0- Modification of membership functions-Simultaneous modification of rule base and membership functions- Genetic algorithms-Adaptive fuzzy system Neuro fuzzy systems.

UNIT – III : Artificial Neural Networks:

Introduction- History of neural networks- multilayer perceptions- Back propagation algorithm and its Variants- Different types of learning, examples.

UNIT – IV : Mapping and Recurrent Networks:

Counter propagation —Self organization Map- Congnitron and Neocognitron- Hopfield Net-Kohonnen Nets- Grossberg Nets- Art-I, Art-II reinforcement learning

UNIT - V : Case Studies:

Application of fuzzy logic and neural networks to Measurement- Control- Adaptive Neural Controllers – Signal Processing and Image Processing

TEXT BOOK:

1. Vallum B.R AndHayagriva V.R C++, Neural networks and Fuzzy logic, BPB Publications, New Delhi, 1996

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Fuzzy logic & Neural Networks/ Chennakesava R. Alavala/ New Age International, 2008
- 2. Neural Networks for control, Millon W. T, Sutton R.S and Werbos P. J, MIT Press 1992
- 3. Fuzzy sets Fuzzy logic, Klir, G. J anfd Yuan B.B Prentice Hall oif India Pvt. Ltd.,, New Delhi
- 4. Neural Networks and Fuzzy systems, Kosko.. Prentice hall of India Pvt. Ltd.,, New Delhi 1994
- 5. Introduction to Fuzzy control, Dirankov D. Hellendoorn H, Reinfrank M., Narosa Publications House, New Delhi 1996
- 6. Introduction to Artificial Neural systems, Zurada J. M Jaico Publishing House, New Delhi 1994

III Year B.TechECE-IISemL / T / P/C (Semester-VI)

3/0/0/3

(2004OE05) PRINCIPLES OF COMPUTER COMMUNICATIONS & NETWORKS (Open Elective – III)

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the concept of computer communication.
- 2. To learn about the networking concept, layered protocols.
- 3. To understand various communications concepts.
- 4. To get the knowledge of various networking equipment.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. The student can get the knowledge of networking of computers, data transmission betweencomputers.
- 2. Will have the exposure about the various communication concepts.
- 3. Will get awareness about the structure and equipment of computer networkstructures

UNIT - I

Overview of Computer Communications and Networking: Introduction to Computer Communications and Networking, Introduction to Computer Network, Types of Computer Networks, Network Addressing, Routing, Reliability, Interoperability and Security, Network Standards, The Telephone System and Data Communications.

UNIT - II

Essential Terms and Concepts: Computer Applications and application protocols, Computer Communications and Networking models, Communication Service Methods and data transmission modes, analog and Digital Communications, Speed and capacity of a Communication Channel, Multiplexing and switching, Network architecture and the OSI referencemodel.

UNIT-III

Analog and Digital Communication Concepts: Representing data as analog signals, representing data as digital signals, data rate and bandwidth reduction, Digital Carrier Systems.

UNIT-IV

Physical and data link layer Concepts: The Physical and Electrical Characteristics of wire, Copper media, fiber optic media, wireless Communications. Introduction to data link Layer,

the logical link control and medium access controlsub-layers.

UNIT - V

Network Hardware Components: Introduction to Connectors, Transreceiversand media convertors, repeaters, network interference cards and PC cards, bridges, switches, switches VsRouters.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Computer Communications and Networking Technologies, Michel A. Gallo and William H. Hancock, Thomson Brooks /Cole.
- 2. Data Communications and Networking Behrouz A. Forouzan, Fourth Edition MC GRAW HILL EDUCATION, 2006.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Principles of Computer Networks and Communications, M. Barry Dumas, Morris Schwartz, Pearson.
- 2. Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, James F. Kurose, K. W. Ross, 3rd Edition, PearsonEducation.

III Year B.TechECE-IISemL / T / P/C (Semester-VI)

3/0/0/3

(2004OE06)INTERNET OF THINGS (Open Elective – III)

Course Objectives:

- 1. To introduce the terminology, technology and its applications
- 2. To introduce the concept of M2M (machine to machine) with necessary protocols
- 3. To introduce the Python Scripting Language which is used in many IoT devices
- 4. To introduce the Raspberry PI platform, that is widely used in IoT applications
- 5. To introduce the implementation of web based services on IoT devices

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Interpret the impact and challenges posed by IoT networks leading to new architectural models.
- 2. Compare and contrast the deployment of smart objects and the technologies to connect them to network.
- 3. Appraise the role of IoT protocols for efficient network communication.
- 4. Elaborate the need for Data Analytics and Security in IoT.
- 5. Illustrate different sensor technologies for sensing real world entities and identify the applications of IoT in Industry.
 - UNIT I Introduction to Internet of Things —Definition and Characteristics of IoT, Physical Design of IoT IoT Protocols, IoT communication models, Iot Communication APIs IoTenabaled Technologies Wireless Sensor Networks, Cloud Computing, Big data analytics, Communication protocols, Embedded Systems, IoT Levels and Templates Domain Specific IoTs Home, City, Environment, Energy, Retail, Logistics, Agriculture, Industry, health and Lifestyle
 - **UNIT II IoT and M2M** Software defined networks, network function virtualization, difference between SDN and NFV for IoT Basics of IoT System Management with NETCOZF, YANG- NETCONF, YANG, SNMP NETOPEER
 - **UNIT III Introduction to Python** Language features of Python, Data types, data structures, Control of flow, functions, modules, packaging, file handling, data/time operations, classes, Exception handling Python packages JSON, XML, HTTPLib, URLLib, SMTPLib
 - **UNIT IV IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints** Introduction to Raspberry PI-Interfaces (serial, SPI, I2C) Programming Python program with Raspberry PI with focus of interfacing external gadgets, controlling output, reading input from pins.
 - **UNIT V IoT Physical Servers and Cloud Offerings** Introduction to Cloud Storage models and communication APIs Webserver Web server for IoT, Cloud for IoT, Python web

application framework Designing a RESTful web API

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Internet of Things A Hands-on Approach, ArshdeepBahga and Vijay Madisetti, Universities Press, 2015, ISBN: 9788173719547
- 2. Getting Started with Raspberry Pi, Matt Richardson & Shawn Wallace, O'Reilly (SPD), 2014, ISBN: 9789350239759

IV Year B. Tech ECE-I Sem (Semester-VII)3/0/0/3

L/T/P/C

(2004OE07) 5G TECHNOLOGY (Open Elective – IV)

Course Objectives

- 1. To provide the student with an understanding of the Cellular concept, Frequency reuse, Co-channel interference.
- 2. To give the student an understanding of handoff and dropped calls and multiple access techniques.
- 3. To learn 5G technology basic requirements and advances.
- 4. To learn about Device to Device Communication.

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student will be able to analyze and design wireless and mobile cellular systems.

- 1. The student will be able to understand Co-channel and Non Co channel interference
- 2. The student will have understanding types of handoff and dropped calls and multiple access techniques required for 5G
- 3. Learn 5G Technology advances and their benefits.
- 4. Learn Device to device communication

UNIT I

Introduction to Cellular Mobile Radio Systems: Basic Cellular Mobile System, First, Second, Third and Fourth Generation Cellular Wireless Systems. Concept of Frequency Reuse, Co-Channel Interference, Sectoring, Microcell Zone Concept.

UNIT II

Handoffs and Dropped Calls: Handoff Initiation, Types of Handoff, Delaying Handoff, Advantages of Handoff, Power Difference Handoff, Forced Handoff, Mobile Assisted and Soft Handoff, Introduction to Dropped Call Rate.

UNIT III

Overview of 5G Broadband Wireless Communications: Requirements, Modulation Techniques – Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM), generalized frequency division multiplexing (GFDM).

UNIT IV

Multiple Access Techniques: FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, orthogonal frequency division multiple accesses (OFDMA), generalized frequency division multiple accesses (GFDMA), Non-rthogonal Multiple accesses (NOMA).

UNIT V

Device-to-device (D2D) and machine-to-machine (M2M) type communications – Extension of 4G D2D standardization to 5G, Need for millimeter wave communications and MIMO systems.

Textbooks:

- 1. Mobile Cellular Telecommunications W.C.Y. Lee, McGraw Hill, 2nd Edn., 1989.
- 2. Martin Sauter "From GSM From GSM to LTE-Advanced Pro and 5G: An Introduction to Mobile Networks and Mobile Broadband", Wiley-Blackwell.
- 3. AfifOsseiran, Jose.F.Monserrat, Patrick Marsch, "Fundamentals of 5G Mobile Networks", Cambridge University Press.

References

- 1. 1.Jonathan Rodriguez, "Fundamentals of 5G Mobile Networks", John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Amitabha Ghosh and RapeepatRatasuk "Essentials of LTE and LTE-A", Cambridge University Press.

IV Year B. Tech ECE-I Sem (Semester-VII)3/0/0/3

L/T/P/C

(2004OE07) ROBOTICS (Open Elective – IV)

Course Objectives: The goal of the course is to familiarize the students with the concepts and techniques in robotic engineering, manipulator kinematics, dynamics and control, chose, and incorporate robotic technology in engineering systems.

- 1. Make the students acquainted with the theoretical aspects of Robotics
- 2. Enable the students to acquire practical experience in the field of Robotics through design projects and case studies.
- 3. Make the students to understand the importance of robots in various fields of engineering.
- 4. Expose the students to various robots and their operational details.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be

- 1. Able to understand the basic components of robots.
- 2. Differentiate types of robots and robot grippers.
- 3. Model forward and inverse kinematics of robot manipulators.
- 4. Analyze forces in links and joints of a robot.
- 5. Programme a robot to perform tasks in industrial applications.
- 6. Design intelligent robots using sensors.

UNIT – I Introduction: Automation and Robotics, CAD/CAM and Robotics – An over view of Robotics – present and future applications. Components of the Industrial Robotics: common types of arms. Components, Architecture, number of degrees of freedom – Requirements and challenges of end effectors, Design of end effectors, Precision of Movement: Resolution, Accuracy and Repeatability, Speed of Response and Load Carrying Capacity.

UNIT – II Motion Analysis: Basic Rotation Matrices, Equivalent Axis and Angle, Euler Angles, Composite Rotation Matrices. Homogeneous transformations as applicable to rotation and translation – problems. Manipulator Kinematics-H notation-H method of Assignment of frames-H Transformation Matrix, joint coordinates and world coordinates, Forward and inverse kinematics – problems on Industrial Robotic Manipulation.

UNIT – III Differential transformation of manipulators, Jacobians – problems. Dynamics: Lagrange – Euler and Newton – Euler formations – Problems Trajectory planning and avoidance of obstacles, path planning, Slew motion, joint interpolated motion – straight line motion.

UNIT - IV Robot actuators and Feedback components: Actuators: Pneumatic, Hydraulic actuators, electric & stepper motors, comparison of Actuators, Feedback components: position sensors – potentiometers, resolvers, encoders – Velocity sensors, Tactile and Range sensors,

Force and Torque sensors.

UNIT - VRobot Application in Manufacturing: Material Transfer - Material handling, loading and unloading- Processing - spot and continuous arc welding & spray painting - Assembly and Inspection.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Industrial Robotics / Groover M P /Mc Graw Hill
- 2. Introduction to Industrial Robotics / Ramachandran Nagarajan / Pearson

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Robot Dynamics and Controls / Spony and Vidyasagar / John Wiley
- 2. Robot Analysis and control / Asada ,Slotine / Wiley Inter-Science