INNOVATIONS BY THE FACULTY IN TEACHING AND LEARNING

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

(Autonomous Institution-UGC, Govt. of India)

Accredited by NAAC with 'A+' Grade | Programmes Accredited by NBA
National Ranking by NIRF Innovation – Rank band(151-300), MHRD, Govt. of India
Approved by AICTE, Affiliated to JNTUH, ISO 9001:2015 Certified Institution

Maisammaguda, Dhulapally, Secunderabad 500100

5.6 Innovations by the Faculty in Teaching and Learning (10)

Innovations by the Faculty in Teaching and Learning

Teaching Learning Process (TLP) is the core of any educational institute. Faculty innovations in teaching and learning often encompass various strategies and technologies aimed at enhancing student engagement and understanding. Additionally, Innovative teaching methodologies help faculty to deliver their lectures in a faster and efficient manner thereby allowing the students to keep abreast of technological advancements. In addition, innovative teaching aids also impart rationale thinking and self-sufficient thought process in the mindsets of students by making them more proactive. MRECW has adopted Holistic education and has taken all necessary steps to curate the scheme and syllabus in the autonomy to strengthen the performance of students. This practice helps in maintaining a consistent development of the students, department and the institute.

GOALS:

In order to make the teaching-learning process more effective to students, our faculty members are utilizing various innovative tools and techniques to share the knowledge, so that students can actively involve and grasp the ideas quickly. Faculty are attending various Faculty Development Programs to update their skills in field of cutting-edge technologies which make their teaching more innovative and effective.

The department will continuously strive to achieve the following goals:

- Upskilling the students learning by innovative practices.
- Enrich the students understanding of emerging technologies, academic advancements, current trends, and social issues through creative and innovative approaches expertise of creative methods and strategies.
- Encourage the students to think creatively, to develop ideas, and to take part in various students' chapter and club activities.

To enhance the teaching-learning process, faculty members employ a variety of pedagogical methods. The key pedagogical initiatives include:

- 1. ICT Enabled Tools Smart Classrooms
- 2.Learning Management System BEES
- 3. Online Resources
- 4. Research Based Learning

5. Participative Learning

- a. Process Oriented Guided Inquiry Learning (POGIL)
- b. WIT and WIL
- c. SHOW and TELL
- d. Hackathons
- e. Ideathons
- f. Online Certifications
- g. Value Added Certifications
- h. Student's Chapter Activities
- 6. Experimental Learning
 - a. Industrial Visits
 - b. Learning by Doing
 - c. Concept Canvas
 - d. Innovative Product Development
- 7. Project Based Learning
 - a. Internships/Industry Oriented Mini Projects
 - b. Research Projects
- 8. Problem Solving Methodologies
 - a. Assignments
 - b. Tutorials
 - c. Case Study
 - d. Coding Practice through CodeTantra tool and Hacker Ranking
- 9. Theory to Practice
- 10. Digital Library
- 11. Students Seminars
- 12. Group Discussions

1. ICT ENABLED TOOLS – SMART CLASSROOMS

Smart Classrooms are advanced learning environments designed to make teaching and learning more effective and engaging through technology. Each classroom is equipped with a smart board, enabling faculty to deliver lessons interactively and visually, which supports an application-oriented teaching approach. The use of digital boards, multimedia presentations, videos, animations, and PowerPoint slides allow teachers to present material dynamically, catering to diverse learning styles and enhancing student engagement

The integration of multimedia content captures students attention, fosters a deeper understanding, and promotes long-term retention of knowledge. Digital boards provide an interactive platform where teachers can write, manipulate, and annotate content, making lessons more interactive and collaborative. This approach moves away from traditional teaching methods, allowing for more material to be covered efficiently and reducing the reliance on chalk-and-talk techniques.

Smart Boards:

Smart boards also offer educational benefits that transform the classroom experience. They allow instructors to include visual aids seamlessly, enhancing explanations and providing real-time feedback through interactive quizzes. Lessons can be recorded for future review, enabling students to revisit important concepts. This modern classroom setting not only makes learning more enjoyable but also prepares students for a technology-driven world by enhancing their technical familiarity and collaborative skills.

Here are the key aspects of its significance:

a. Interactive Learning

- Facilitates a more interactive classroom environment, encouraging student participation.
- Allows for real-time annotation, drawing, and problem-solving, which can make lessons more dynamic.

b. Engagement Enhancement

- Multimedia integration (audio, video, images) caters to different learning styles (visual and audio).
- Gamified learning tools and interactive activities can make learning enjoyable and impactful.

c. Resource Accessibility

- Enables access to online resources and digital content directly on the board.
- Supports a variety of file formats (PDFs, PowerPoint, video clips) for diverse teaching materials.

d. Collaboration and Teamwork

- Promotes group activities like brainstorming and project planning using collaborative tools
- Multiple students can interact simultaneously on some smartboards, fostering teamwork.

e. Ease of Use and Flexibility

- Simple integration with computers and the internet ensures seamless operation.
- Versatile for different subjects and teaching styles.

f. Saves Time and Resources

- Reduces the need for paper-based teaching aids and repetitive preparation of materials.
- Lessons can be saved, shared, or revisited for revision purposes.

g. Improved Learning Outcomes

- Interactive visuals and demonstrations can make complex concepts easier to understand.
- Encourages active learning, leading to better retention and comprehension.

h. Facilitates Remote and Hybrid Learning

- With smartboard integration, virtual classrooms become more interactive and engaging for remote students.
- Recordable lessons and live annotations enhance e-learning experiences.

MAXHUB INTERACTIVE PANNEL - SPECIFICATIONS

- 4K Ultra High Definition Display
- Multi Touch, IR Touch (Great Touch Accuracy with +/- 1.5 mm)
- 350 nits Brightness
- 2x12 W inbuilt speaker
- Multi Touch (20 Touch, 10 Writing)
- Inbuilt 4K PC with Configuration
- (Core i5-11 Gen. Processor, 8GB RAM, 128GB SSD, Windows 10 OS)



2.LEARNING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM – BEES - COURSE MATERIALS PREPARED BY OUR FACULTY OF ALL COURSES ARE AVAILABLE

BEES Learning Management System (LMS) is a digital platform designed to streamline the administration, documentation, tracking, and delivery of educational content. BEES LMS platforms are used by institutions to create, distribute, and manage course materials in an organized and accessible manner, enabling a more flexible and efficient learning experience for both students and instructors.

Through BEES LMS, faculty can upload and share various resources like lecture notes, assignments, quizzes, videos, and interactive content, making it easy for students to access study materials anytime and from anywhere.

The Attendance module in BEES Software, is designed to streamline attendance tracking and enhance student engagement by providing an efficient, accurate, and accessible system for managing attendance records. This tool allows faculty to record attendance digitally, reducing administrative effort and ensuring real-time accuracy. The system provides students and instructors with a clear view of attendance status, supporting greater transparency and accountability.

By centralizing resources and communication, BEES LMS enhance the learning process, making it more engaging, accessible, and manageable in todays digital landscape.

ERP WEBISTE/SOFTWARE – ADMIN MANAGEMENT

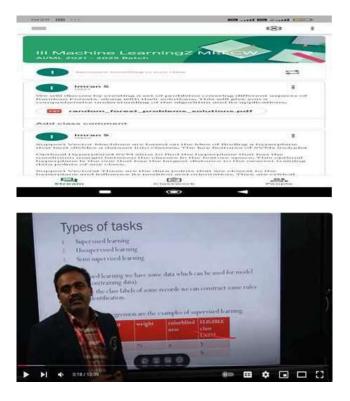
Link to the ERP Website: https://mrecwexamcell.com/BeesERP/Login.aspx (https://mrecwexamcell.com/BeesERP/Login.aspx)



3.ONLINE RESOURCES - VIDEO LECTURES OF OUR FACULTY

Online resources have become an essential part of education and learning, providing students and professionals with easy access to a vast array of information and tools. These resources include educational websites, e-books, academic journals, videos, and interactive tutorials, which cater to various learning styles and subjects. The flexibility of accessing these materials anytime and anywhere allows learners to study at their own pace, deepening their understanding of topics and enhancing their skills. Additionally, online resources often feature up-to-date information, enabling users to stay current with the latest advancements in their fields.

Online resources support collaborative learning and communication through platforms like discussion forums, online courses, and social media groups, where individuals can share ideas, solve problems, and receive feedback from peers and experts. The availability of online certifications, virtual labs, and practice tests also helps learners gain practical experience and validate their skills. As a result, online resources play a significant role in democratizing education, making learning opportunities accessible to a wider audience across the globe.



4.RESEARCH BASED LEARNING Research-Based Learning (RBL):

Encourages students to engage in hands-on, practical approaches, either through research or the creation of tangible products. Collaborative learning, on the other hand, is an instructional strategy where groups of students work together to solve problems, complete tasks, or create products. This approach enhances student engagement, fosters teamwork, improves problem-solving abilities, and promotes the development of positive interpersonal relationships.



S.No	Title	Author(s)	Guide Name	Publication Details
1	A Deep Learning-Based Approach for Detecting and Classifying Inappropriate Content in YouTube Videos	Y. Sai Spurthi, Y. Soumya Varshitha, V. Vinshitha	Mr. V. Rajashekhar	International Journal for Innovate Engineering and Management Research, ISSN: 2456– 5083, Vol: 13, Issue 09, September 2024
2	A Deep Learning-Based Efficient Firearms Monitoring Technique for Building Secure Smart Cities	M. Trisha, N. Alekhya, N. Sri Latha	Mrs. Sri Lavanya Sajja	International Journal for Innovate Engineering and Management Research, ISSN: 2456– 5083, Vol: 13, Issue 09, September 2024
3	A Machine Learning Approach Using Statistical Models for Early Detection of Cardiac Arrest in Newborn Babies in the Cardiac Intensive Care Unit	Y. Mouna, S. Akshitha, V. Samhitha	Mrs. Bethapudi Aruna Sri	International Journal for Innovate Engineering and Management Research, ISSN: 2456– 5083, Vol: 13, Issue 09, September 2024
4	Crop Prediction Based on Characteristics of the Agricultural Environment Using Various Feature Selection Techniques and Classifiers	Sai Namitha, R. Lohitha, T. Rani	Mr. Karamsetty Shouryadhar	International Journal for Innovate Engineering and Management Research, ISSN: 2456– 5083, Vol: 13, Issue 09, September 2024
5	Sentiment Analysis System to Improve Teaching and Learning	P. Sushmitha, Nalla Amrutha Reddy, M. Vinisha	Mrs. Ramya Sri Kotha	International Journal for Innovate Engineering and Management Research, ISSN: 2456– 5083, Vol: 13, Issue 09, September 2024
6	A Stock Price Prediction Model Based on Investor Sentiment and Optimized Deep Learning	P. Usha Sri, P. Laxmi Sanjana, L. Harshini	Mr. Vijay Kumar L.	International Journal for Innovate Engineering and Management Research, ISSN: 2456– 5083, Vol: 13, Issue 09, September 2024
7	Cyber-Physical Customer Management for Internet of Robotic Things-Enabled Banking	L. Shruthi, M. Niharika, P. Swaroopa	Dr. Y. Geetha Reddy	International Journal for Innovate Engineering and Management Research, ISSN: 2456– 5083, Vol: 13, Issue 09, September 2024

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11	Pupilheart: Heart Rate Variability Monitoring Via Pupillary Fluctuations on Mobile Devices	S. Srinaya Reddy, V. Archana, V. Vennela	Dr. T. Ram Kumar	International Journal of Information Technology and Computer Engineering, ISSN: 2347-3657, Vol: 15, Issue 03, 2024
12	Rain Protected Washing Clothes	M. Lahari, P. Navya, S. Priya Datta	Mr. G. Prabhakar	International Journal of Basic and Applied Research, ISSN: 2249- 3352, Vol: 14, Issue 03, 2024
13	Stress Detection in IT Professionals by Image Processing and Machine Learning	T. Sai Shravya, S.S.S. Bhuvaneswari, V. Sharanya	Mr. M. Sravan Kumar Babu	Journal of Critical Reviews, ISSN: 2395- 5125, Vol: 14, Issue 03, September 2024
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15	Epilots: A System to Predict Hard Landing During the Approach Phase of Commercial Flights	M. Sarika, Parveen Begum, M. Akanksha	Mrs. P. Harsha	International Journal of Basic and Applied Research, ISSN: 2249- 3352, Vol: 14, Issue 03, 2024
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17	Hand Gesture Using	P. Shraddha Sree,	Mr. K. Obulesh	Turkish Journal of
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				3352, Vol: 14, No 03,
				2024

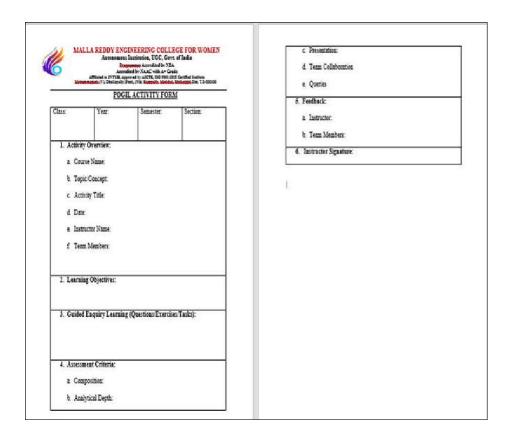
5. PARTICIPATIVE LEARNING

a. Process Oriented Guided Inquiry Learning (POGIL)

An innovative teaching approach has transformed the classroom experience beyond traditional textbooks. In a POGIL (Process Oriented Guided Inquiry Learning) classroom, students collaborate in teams to engage in guided inquiry exercises. This method explicitly enhances students analytical and critical thinking abilities.

The Guided Inquiry component of POGIL follows a structured learning cycle of exploration, concept invention, and application. Through carefully designed materials, students actively construct new knowledge rather than passively receiving information.

To ensure effective implementation, the institution conducts pedagogical training sessions on this universal teaching method, equipping educators to facilitate dynamic and engaging learning environments.



b. WIT and WIL

The definition of "WIT & WIL" method explained as an active methodology of teaching and learning activity with "Why am I Teaching & What I am Teaching" from Teacher's perspective. And from student's perspective "Why am I Learning & What I am Learning".

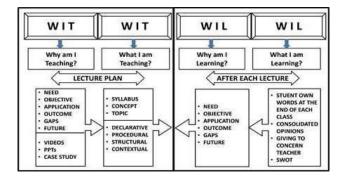
The terms WIT ("What am I Teaching" and "Why am I Teaching") and WIL ("What am I Learning" and "Why am I Learning") represent a transformative approach to teaching and learning. The primary objective of this initiative is to provide a clear and structured understanding of the curriculum and its applications beyond the classroom.

WIT encourages teachers to introspect before delivering a lesson, focusing on the importance, objectives, and real-life applications of the topic. It ensures that educators are well-prepared to emphasize the significance of the subject matter, fostering an engaging and meaningful learning experience.

On the other hand, WIL prompts students to reflect before engaging with new concepts, asking themselves where and how the knowledge can be applied. This process helps students grasp new ideas more effectively, enabling them to connect theoretical concepts to practical scenarios.

By integrating WIT and WIL into the educational framework, our college has revolutionized the traditional teaching-learning process. Students are now more enthusiastic about applying classroom concepts to real-world situations, while teachers take pride in guiding them toward achieving their goals and aspirations.

In essence, WIT and WIL have opened new dimensions for exploration and learning, transforming conventional classroom teaching into an interactive and purpose-driven experience. The figure below illustrates a sample WIT and WIL scenario.



All the teachers have to give their presentations on "WIT & WIL teaching plan" of their own subjects in knowledge sharing sessions before the semester. The expert committee is formed with the Deans, Heads and senior faculty to check the presentations through Micro-teaching sessions. The following is the sample teaching plan for which each topic in the syllabus should be prepared in the prescribed format



c. SHOW and TELL:

Show & Tell is a platform designed for students to exhibit, demonstrate, and explain their projects while presenting innovative ideas in an open forum. It enables students to showcase their cross-disciplinary knowledge and the projects they have developed, fostering a deeper understanding of various domains.

This initiative creates a collaborative space where innovations are shared and shaped, paving the way for meaningful research opportunities among peers. To ensure a comprehensive learning experience, all final-year B.Tech.., students are required to present their projects on the Show & Tell platform prior to their viva voce examinations.





d. Hackathons:

Hackathons provide a platform for Students to think outside the box and explore unconventional ideas, they often result in practical solution to real-world problems. MRECW offers hackathons for the benefit of students. Hackathons are a great way to showcase their skills and creativity. Hackathons bring together individuals from diverse backgrounds, providing excellent opportunities. Participants can enhance a wide array of skills, including coding, project management, and teamwork.













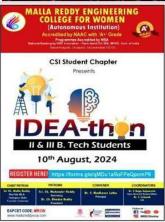
e. Ideathons

An Ideathon is a competitive event where participants brainstorm and develop innovative solutions to real-world problems. It is a platform designed to encourage creative thinking and problem-solving by individuals or teams within a short time frame. Ideathons are often focused on specific themes such as sustainability, technology, social issues, or entrepreneurship, and can be organized by companies, educational institutions, or innovation hubs.

The objectives of the Ideathon are to encourage innovation by inspiring participants to generate creative ideas, foster collaboration through teamwork and networking among diverse participants, promote practical problem-solving to address real-world challenges, and provide a comprehensive learning experience through workshops, mentorship, and peer feedback









f.Online Certifications:

Online certifications, including programs like NPTEL, Coursera, Cisco, and cloud-based platforms, offer flexible learning opportunities that support skill development and career advancement. NPTEL, an initiative by the IITs and IISc, provides courses in engineering, technology, and management, along with optional low-cost certification exams. We also have a subscription to Coursera, providing access to a wide range of courses across various fields. These resources enable learners to expand their knowledge, gain valuable credentials, and improve employability in today's competitive job market.

Online courses that offer certifications in technology, programming, and other skills help students and faculty alike build expertise and gain confidence by passing structured assessments. This learning experience exposes them to new ideas and approaches beyond their usual scope, fostering critical thinking and leadership qualities.

Students have access to online resources like NPTEL, Cisco, and Coursera for enrolling in various certification courses. Faculty encourage students to earn NPTEL certifications, providing continuous guidance and mentorship, particularly with NPTEL assignments. Through video lectures and chapter quizzes, students stay engaged with the course material, testing their knowledge regularly. Upon successful completion, students earn certificates, which provide valuable credentials to enhance employability in diverse fields.



g. Value Added Certifications:

Malla Reddy Engineering College for Women (MRECW) offers a variety of Value-Added Certification Programs to enhance students technical expertise, industry readiness, and employability. These certifications supplement the regular curriculum and provide hands-on training in cutting-edge technologies and tools demanded by the industry.

Benefits of Value-Added Certifications at MRECW:

- Bridges the gap between academic knowledge and industrial needs.
- Enhances technical skills, making students job-ready.
- Adds weight to resumes and boosts placement opportunities.



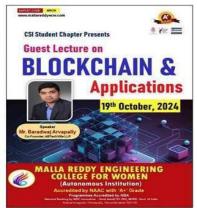
h.Student's Chapter Activities:

Our institution hosts several student chapters, such as the Computer Society of India (CSI), which focuses on building technical and professional skills among students. Through workshops and seminars on trending technologies like AI and blockchain, CSI offers hands-on learning and insight into modern advancements. It organizes coding competitions, hackathons, and technical paper presentations to cultivate problem-solving skills, research capabilities, and innovation. Additionally, CSI arranges guest lectures and webinars where industry experts provide career advice and discuss current tech trends. Students also get to showcase their projects in expos, promoting creativity and practical knowledge.

Similarly, the Indian Society for Technical Education (ISTE) chapter aims to enhance technical education by conducting faculty and student development programs that align academic learning with industry needs. ISTE hosts technical competitions, conferences, and symposia on educational innovation. Skill-building workshops in leadership, communication, and entrepreneurship further prepare students for professional success. Their community outreach initiatives engage students in socially impactful projects, encouraging responsibility and service.

Our IEEE chapter organizes workshops on emerging fields like IoT and robotics, and hosts conferences where students can present their work, gain exposure, and network with peers and experts. IEEE also provides mentorship opportunities, linking students with professionals from academia and industry to support career growth. Each year, major events such as MEDHA and FUTURE SASTRA showcase these chapter activities, fostering a dynamic learning environment that enhances students academic and professional journeys.







6. EXPERIMENTAL LEARNING

a) Industrial Visits

The purpose of industry visits is to provide students with firsthand insight into the practices, technologies, and culture of the IT sector. Each year, third-year students have the opportunity to visit industries, gaining exposure to real-world operations and professional environments. This experience equips them with practical knowledge that complements their academic learning.

Moreover, these industry-institute interactions not only benefit students but also help faculty stay informed about the latest technological advancements and trends across various fields. This ensures that both the curriculum and teaching methods remain relevant to the evolving demands of the industry.











b) Learning by Doing:

The Learning by Doing methodology enables faculty to train students through hands-on experiences using state-of-the-art equipment in laboratories. Each student is required to spend a minimum of 96 hours in the laboratory during an academic year, gaining practical exposure to complement their theoretical knowledge. The research facilities and training details for each lab are outlined in the table below

Laboraties List for Learning by Doing

S.No	Name of the	Equipment	Utilization Details (Week-	PO
	Laboratory	Details	wise)	Attainment
1	DATA	Dell, 12th Gen	Week 1: Linear & Binary Search	PO1, PO2,
	STRUCTURES &	Intel i5	(Recursive & Non-recursive)	PO3, PO4,
	ALGORITHMS LAB	Processor,	Week 2: Sorting (Bubble,	PSO1, PSO3
		16GB RAM,	Selection, Quick, Insertion) Week	
		256GB SSD, 20"	3: Stack & Queue ADT (Array)	
		Full HD Monitor	Week 4: List ADT Operations	
			(Insert, Delete, Search, Count	
			Nodes) Week 5: Stack & Queue	
			ADT (Singly Linked List) Week 6:	
			Deque (Doubly Linked List &	
			Array) Week 7: Binary Search	
			Tree (Insert, Delete, Search)	
			Week 8: Sorting (Merge & Heap)	
			Week 9: Binary Tree Traversal	
			(Pre-order, In-order, Post-order)	
			Week 10: B-Tree (Insertion,	
			Deletion) Week 11: AVL Tree	

				-	sertion) Week 12: Dictionary	
2	OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB	Int	ll, 12th Gen el i5 ocessor,	We Rol	T using Hashing Lek 1: CPU Scheduling (Round Join, SJF, FCFS, Priority) Week File Allocation Strategies	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5, PO12,
		16 25	GB RAM, 6GB SSD, 20" II HD Monitor	(See Wee Corr (W. Wee Tee Lev 6: E Ave Alg Wee SCA Rep Wee Pro	quential, Indexed, Linked) sek 3: MVT & MFT Week 4: ntiguous Memory Allocation orst Fit, Best Fit, First Fit) sek 5: File Organization chniques (Single Level, Two rel, Hierarchical, DAG) Week Banker's Algorithm (Deadlock oidance) Week 7: Banker's orithm (Deadlock Prevention) sek 8: Disk Scheduling (FCFS, AN, C-SCAN) Week 9: Page olacement (FIFO, LRU, LFU) sek 10: Paging Technique sek 11: Producer-Consumer oblem (Semaphores) Week 12: hing Philosophers Problem	PSO1, PSO2
3	OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA LAB	Int Pro 16 25	II, 12th Gen el i5 ocessor, GB RAM, 6GB SSD, 20" II HD Monitor	(Ree Maa Mee Over (Scalar Chee Interest of the Proof the	tek 1: Fibonacci Series cursive & Non-recursive), trix Multiplication Week 2: whod & Constructor erloading, Employee Details anner Class), Palindrome eck Week 3: Abstract Class, erface Implementation Week User Defined Package Week 5: er Classes, Multiple Catch cks, User Defined Exception ek 6: Producer-Consumer ablem (Threads), Multi- eading Week 7: File erations, List Files in Directory subdirectories Week 8: ayList Class, HashTable one Number & Name) Week Applet (Display Message, mpute Factorial, Passing rameters) Week 10: Mouse & or Event Handling Week 11: aple Calculator (Grid Layout, ctons for Digits & Operations, ct Field for Result)	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5, PSO1
4	DATABASE		Dell 12th Gen		Week 1: E-R Model: Identify	PO1, PO2,
	MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB		Intel i5, 16 GE RAM, 256 GB		entities, attributes, and primary keys. Week 2: MySQL installation and	PO3, PO4, PO10, PO12, PSO1

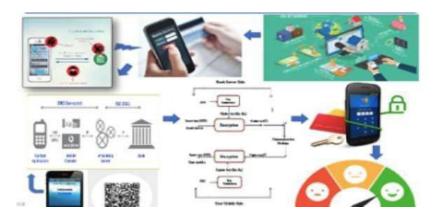
5	DESIGN AND	SSD, 20" Full HD Monitor Dell 12th Gen	practicing DDL commands. Week 3: Practicing DML commands. Week 4: Querying with ANY, ALL, IN, EXISTS, NOT EXISTS, UNION, INTERSECT, Constraints. Week 5: Aggregate and Number Functions. Practice with COUNT, SUM, AVG, MAX, MIN, GROUP BY, HAVING. Week 6: Views and Joins (Inner Join, Left Join, Right Join, Full Join). Week 7: Triggers Week 8: Stored Procedures. Week 9: Cursors. Week 10: Normalization. Week 11: PL/SQL Programs. Week 12: Revoke/Grant/Commit/Rollb ack operations. Week 1: Implement Quick	PO1, PO2,
	ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS LAB	RAM, 256 GB SSD, 20" Full HD	Sort Algorithm. Week 2: Implement Merge Sort Algorithm. Week 3: DFS	PO3, PO4, PO5, PO9, PO10, PO11,
6	COMPLITER	Monitor Dell 12th Gen	Algorithm for a graph. Week 4: BFS Algorithm for a graph. Week 5: Backtracking for N- Queens problem. Week 6: Backtracking for sum of subsets problem. Week 7: Backtracking for Hamiltonian Circuits problem. Week 8: Greedy Algorithm for job sequencing. Week 9: Dijkstra's algorithm for shortest path. Week 10: Prim's algorithm for minimum spanning tree. Week 11: Kruskal's algorithm for minimum spanning tree. Week 12: Floyd's algorithm for all pairs shortest path. Week 13: Dynamic Programming for 0/1 Knapsack problem.	PO1 PO2
6	COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB	Dell 12th Gen Intel i5, 16 GB RAM, 256 GB SSD, 20" Full HD Monitor	Week 1: Data link layer framing methods (character, stuffing, bit stuffing). Week 2: CRC Polynomials (CRC 12, CRC 16, CRC). Week 3: Stop and wait protocol. Week 4:	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5, PO9, PO12, PSO1, PSO2, PSO3
			Dijkstra's algorithm for	

			shortest path. Week 5: Distance vector routing algorithm. Week 6: Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) Routing Protocol. Week 7: DES Encryption of 64-bit plain text. Week 8: RSA encryption and decryption of text.	
7	DATA WAREHOUSING AND DATA MINING LAB	Dell 12th Gen Intel i5, 16 GB RAM, 256 GB SSD, 20" Full HD Monitor	Week 1: Build Data Warehouse, Design multi- dimensional models (Star, Snowflake). Week 2: Preprocess data, apply association rule mining using Weka. Week 3: Perform classification on datasets using ID3, J48, Naïve-Bayes. Week 4: Perform clustering using k-means, visualize clusters. Week 5: Perform regression on datasets using linear regression.	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5, PSO1, PSO2
8	WEB TECHNOLOGIES LAB	Dell 12th Gen Intel i5, 16 GB RAM, 256 GB SSD, 20" Full HD Monitor	Week 1: Install Apache, Tomcat, MariaDB, PHP. Week 2: Design simple online shopping website with HTML elements. Week 3: Apply CSS to redesign the website. Week 4: Design login and registration pages, validate with JavaScript. Week 5: Create and parse XML using DOM and SAX. Week 6: Implement login validation web application with PHP, Servlet, and JSP. Week 7: Implement AJAX for dynamic web content. Week 8: Simple calculator web app using PHP. Week 9: Implement a session-based welcome and logout system. Week 10: Implement age verification on web pages. Week 11: User authentication with database and session handling. Week 12: Implement a cookie-based web app.	PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5, PO12, PSO1, PSO2, PSO3

9	MACHINE LEARNING	Dell 12th Gen	Week 1: Apply Bayes' rule	PO1, PO2,
	LAB	Intel i5, 16 GB	using Python for probability	PO3, PO4,
		RAM, 256 GB	problems. Week 2: Extract	PO5, PO12,
		SSD, 20" Full HD	data from database using	PSO1, PSO2,
		Monitor	Python. Week 3: Implement	PSO3
			k-Nearest Neighbors	
			algorithm. Week 4:	
			Implement K-means	
			clustering algorithm. Week	
			5: Predict classifications for	
			credit worthiness using	
			Naïve Bayes. Week 6:	
			Implement Linear Regression	
			using Python. Week 7:	
			Implement Naïve Bayes for	
			text classification. Week 8:	
			Demonstrate genetic	
			algorithm significance. Week	
			9: Implement	
10		5 11 40 11 0	Backpropagation algorithm.	201 200
10	INFORMATION	Dell 12th Gen	Week 1: Perform encryption	PO1, PO2,
	SECURITY LAB	Intel i5, 16 GB	and decryption using	PO3, PO4,
		RAM, 256 GB	substitution techniques	PO5, PO6,
		SSD, 20" Full HD	(Caesar, Playfair, Hill,	PO12, PSO1,
		Monitor	Vigenère). Week 2: Perform	PSO2, PSO3
			encryption using	
			transposition techniques	
			(Rail Fence, Row & Column Transformation). Week 3:	
			Apply DES encryption	
			algorithm. Week 4: Apply	
			AES algorithm for	
			encryption. Week 5:	
			Implement RSA algorithm	
			using HTML and JavaScript.	
			Week 6: Implement Diffie-	
			Hellman Key Exchange	
			algorithm. Week 7: Calculate	
			message digest using SHA-1.	
			Week 8: Implement Digital	
			Signature Standard (DSS).	
			Week 9: Demonstrate	
			Intrusion Detection System	
			(IDS) using Snort. Week 10:	
			Automated Attack and	
			Penetration testing tools.	
			Week 11: Building Trojans	
			and Rootkit Hunter.	

c) Story Board/Concept

Canvas Storyboard/Concept Canvas is a visual representation in the form of images, block diagrams or illustrations displayed for the purpose of pre-visualizing the concepts of the laboratory experiments in a single real-time application. This is presented to the students before conducting practical experiments in the laboratory to create enthusiasm among them. The sample story board for Network Security Laboratory is displayed in the figure given below



d) INNOVATIVE PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

Innovative Product Development focuses on transforming creative ideas into products through a structured and collaborative process. It encompasses research, design, prototyping, testing, and refining to meet user needs and ensure functionality, feasibility, and appeal. This process requires a blend of technical skills, creativity, and business acumen to successfully take an idea from concept to reality.

Our institute emphasizes hands-on experience in product development, encouraging students to tackle real-world problems with innovative solutions. Students engage (a team of 4 members) in every phase of the development cycle, from identifying user requirements and research gaps to creating prototypes and conducting usability tests. Through interdisciplinary collaboration, students gain insights into various aspects of product development, such as engineering design, user experience, sustainability, and commercialization strategies. Innovative Product Development begins in Semester III, with each IPD carrying 1 credit. Evaluation can be conducted by industry

It looks like you're trying to format a table with semester details and credits. Here's a properly tabulated version of your data:

S.NO	SEMESTER	EXEED MODULE / INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT	CREDITS
1	III	INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT-1	1
2	IV	INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT-2	1
3	V	INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT-3	1
4	VI	INNOVATIVE PRODUCT	1
5	VII	INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT-4	1
6	VII	INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT-5	1
7	VII	INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT-6	1





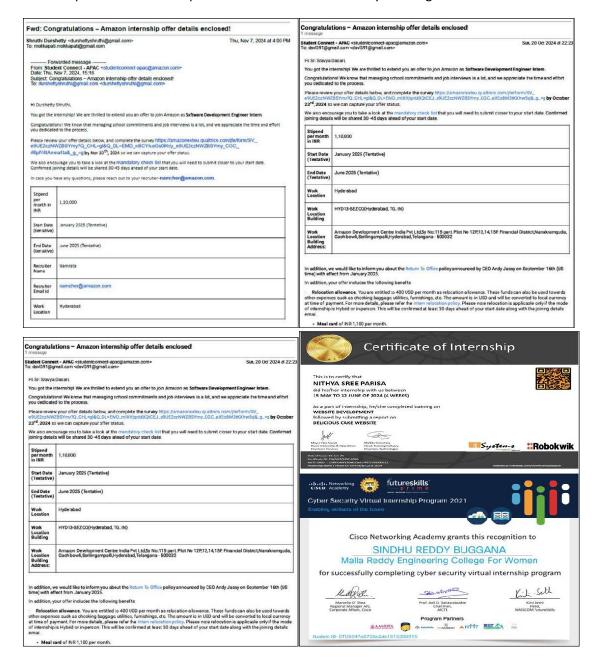


Innovative Product Development – Evaluated by Industry Expert

7. PROJECT BASED LEARNING

a) Internships/Industry Oriented Mini Projects

An internship is an opportunity to gain hands-on experience with the companies. Many of the internships leads to offer a fulltime job. It enhances not only the technical skills but also improves communication, teamwork and problem solving. Industry needs are known against the technical path. MRECW promotes internships for the benefit of students by fulfilling the academic curriculum.





b) Research Projects

Integrating society-related projects into the curriculum aims to strengthen students problem-solving abilities by tackling real-world challenges. These projects enable students to apply their theoretical knowledge in practical research, developing and showcasing pilot projects with potential for future growth and implementation

As part of this process, students present their projects during a dedicated expo, where their work is evaluated by both internal and external examiners. This comprehensive assessment ensures that students receive valuable feedback from diverse perspectives, fostering continuous improvement and innovation in their work. These projects also encourage community engagement and can inspire solutions to societal issues



Best Major Projects for AY: 2023 – 24

S. No	Roll No.	Name of the Student	Project Title	Supervisor Name
1	20RH5A0524	V. Vijaya Laxmi V.	An Evaluation of the Tidiness of	Dr. D. B. K.
	20RH5A0523	Lahari R. Preethi	Urban Streets Utilizing Mobile	Kamesh
	20RH5A0519	P. Spoorthi	Edge Computing and Deep	
	20RH1A05J6		Learning	
2	20RH1A05E4	MD. Ayesha P.	Django Web Framework	Dr. Raja Ram
	20RH1A05G9	Sindhu M.	Software Metrics Measurement	
	20RH1A05D1	Chandana M.	Using Radon and Pylint	
	20RH1A05D0	Hebsheeba		
3	20RH1A0509	A. Shirisha K.	Integrity Auditing for Multi-	Mrs. K. Aarati
	20RH1A0526	Bindhu CH.	Copy in Cloud Storage Based on	
	20RH1A0545	Vandhana CH.	Red-Black Tree	
	20RH1A0553	Hasika		
4	20RH1A0577	G. Deepthi G.	Anomaly Activity Detection	Mr. Bhanu
	20RH1A0585	Akshaya Reddy G.	Using CNN and RNN	Prasad
	20RH1A0588	Vijaya Laxmi G.		Gorantla
	20RH1A0589	Rajasree		
5	20RH1A05C2	K. Soujanya M.	Deep Learning-Based Traffic	Dr. Y. Geetha
	20RH1A05C8	Nandini M. Sai	and Fire Incident Surveillance	Reddy
	20RH1A05E2	Thanmai M.		
	20RH1A05E6	Ashwini		
6	20RH1A0549	CH. Rasmitha CH.	Surface Identification of Robot	Dr. G. Kalpana
	20RH1A0550	Sindhu D. Satvika	Sensed Data - An Artificial	
	20RH1A0557		Intelligence Approach	
7	20RH1A0519	B. Vidya Dharani	Privacy Preserving Medical	Dr. D. B. K.
	20RH1A0540	A. C. Chandana	Diagnosis on Edge Computing	Kamesh
	20RH1A0544	CH. Shirisha	Platforms: An Efficient	
			Approach	
8	20RH1A0552	Ch. Hemasai D.	Improving Spacecraft Decision	Dr. Baby Muni
	20RH1A0556	Naga Jahnavi B.	Making Using Deep Learning	Rathinam
	20RH1A0527	Lahari	with Rule Master Generated	
			Rules	
9	20RH1A05L2	S. Akshitha S.	Machine Learning for Robot	Dr. N. Baskar
	20RH1A05L3	Yosmitha T.V.	Navigation Classification Using	
	20RH1A05M7	Tejaswini	Ultrasound Sensor Data	
10	20RH1A05M0	S. Bhavya A.	Extreme Learning Framework	A. Sravani
	20RH1A05M6	Supriya V. Jaya Sri	with Multi-Layer Perceptron for	
	20RH1A05N8		Detection and Classification of	
			Malware Attacks	
11	20RH1A05N3	T. Ankitha Y.	The Impact of Artificial	Mrs. A. Sneha
	20RH1A05P8	Mahitha P.	Intelligence on Forecasting	Chaturya
	20RH1A05J8	Soumya Sri	Startup Success or Failure Using	
			Crunchbase Data	
12	20RH1A05J9	R. Laxmi Prasana	A Fernet-Based Lightweight	Mr. K.
	20RH1A05M4	S. Lakshmi	Cryptography Approach for	Obulesh
	20RH1A05K8	Supraja Sameena	Enhancing Certificate Validation	
		Begum	Through Blockchain Technology	

13	20RH1A0573	G. Sahithi G.	Confidential Deep Packet	Dr. A.
13	20RH1A0586	Shravani K. Laxmi	·	
			Inspection: Ensuring Privacy,	Swaroopa
	20RH1A05A9	Nandini	Efficiency, and Verifiability for	Rani
4.4	200114 4 05 60	- I I I - I	Cloud Computing	
14	20RH1A0569	E. Harshitha Farah	Reject-Aware Multi-Task	Dr. D. B. K.
	20RH1A0571	Tazeen K.	Network: Advancing Credit	Kamesh
	21RH5A0509	Bhuvana Ramya	Scoring Through Modeling	
			Missing-Not-at-Random Data in	
			Finance	
15	20RH1A0563	D. Neharika G.	Blockchain E-Voting Done	Dr. D. B. K.
	20RH1A0591	Namarath	Right: Privacy and Transparency	Kamesh
			with Public Blockchain	
16	20RH1A0580	G. Akshitha I.	Trustworthy and Reliable	Ms. M.
	20RH1A0594	Nikitha G. Manasa	Machine Learning-Based	Maheshwari
	21RH5A0508		Cyberattack Detection in IoT	
17	20RH1A05D2	M. Srinija Reddy	Personalized Federated	Dr. Y. Geetha
	20RH1A05H8	P. Samshritha P.	Learning for In-Hospital	Reddy
	20RH1A05H0	Sravani	Mortality Prediction of Multi-	
			Center ICU	
18	20RH1A05C3	B. Kritika M.	Optimal Ambulance Positioning	Mrs. B. Aruna
	20RH1A05F2	Harini M. Sree Sai	System for Road Accidents	Sree
	20RH1A05F9	Harshitha Nusrat	Using Deep Embedded	
	20RH1A05G4	Begum	Clustering	
19	20RH1A05F6	N. Bhavana N. Sai	Social Recruiter: Dynamic	Ms. K. Ramya
	20RH1A05G2	Mohana Sowmya	Incentive Mechanism for	Sri
	20RH1A05F5	N. Sai Nikitha	Mobile Crowdsourcing Worker	
			Recruitment with Social	
			Networks	
20	20RH1A05G9	P. Sindhu M.	Activity Minimization of	Dr. B. Santosh
	20RH1A05E0	Madhu Priya Md.	Misinformation Influence in	
	20RH1A05E4	Ayesha	Online Social Networks	

Best Major Projects for AY: 2022 – 23

S.	Roll No.	Name of the	Project Title	Supervisor
No		Student		Name
1	19RH1A0565	G. Sri Chandrika G.	Automatic Facial Expression	Dr. D. B. K.
	19RH1A0566	Mary Rithika I.	Recognition Based on Spatial	Kamesh
	19RH1A0590	Bhavyasri	and Temporal Sequencing	
2	19RH1A05K0	K. Reethika V. Sri	Unified Deep Learning Approach	Dr. S.
	19RH1A05N8	Chandra Ch. Yukta	for Crop Disease Classification	Pradeep
	19RH1A05Q0		and Prediction	
3	19RH1A05N7	V. Srividya Shazia	Deep Learning Model for	Mr. G.
	19RH1A05L0	Naaz T. Himabindu	Automated Detection of Cardiac	Prabhakar
	19RH1A05M4		Arrhythmia	
4	19RH1A05D8	M. Bhavana L.	Chronic Kidney Disease Stage	Mrs. Aarthi
	19RH1A05C7	Nivegna	Identification	
5	19RH1A0526	B. Harshitha B.	Implementation of Blockchain in	Mr. K.
	19RH1A0531	Chandana D. Divija	Financial Sector	Obuleshu
	19RH1A0556	Lakshmi		
6	19RH1A0577	G. Akshaya G.	Vehicle Pattern Recognition	Mr. S.
	19RH1A0578	Sowjanya G. Divya	Using Machine and Deep	Pratap
	19RH1A0574		Learning to Predict Car Model	

Best Major Projects for AY: 2021 – 22

S.	Roll No.	Name of the Student	Project Title	Supervisor
No				Name
1	18RH1A05C7	M. Sravani M. Srileka	Disease Drug Prediction Using	Mrs. B.
	18RH1A05D2	P. Shwetha Reddy	ML	Prathyusha
	18RH1A05G8			
2	18RH1A0521	A. Bhavana A.	Analysis and Prediction of	Ms. Srivalli
	18RH1A0506	Vaibhavi Sree H.	Cardiovascular Diseases Using	
	18RH1A0551	Tarunasree	Machine Learning Classifiers	
3	18RH1A0572	K. Divyasree L.	Vehicle Tracking and Speed	Dr. G.
	18RH1A0588	Anushareddy P.	Estimation	Kalpana
	18RH1A05B7	Madhumitha		
4	18RH1A05F9	P. Swetha P. Nikhitha	Location Prediction on Twitter	Mrs. G.
	18RH1A05G9	J. Sravanthi	Using Machine Learning	Navyatha
	18RH1A05F7			
5	18RH1A0580	K. Tulasi Kavya K.	Expression Recognition-Based	Mrs. Baby
	18RH1A0592	Anusha V. Radhika	Scoring System for	Rani
	18RH1A05A4		Restaurants	
6	18RH1A05J1	S. Charithasrikari S.	Deep Learning-Based	Ms. C. D.
	18RH1A05K5	Priyasharma M.	Improved Security Model for	Amulya
	18RH1A05L1	Sravani	Multi-Modal Biometrics	

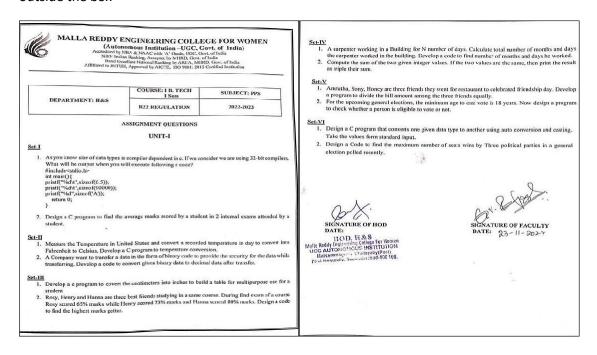
8.PROBLEM SOLVING METHODOLOGIES:

a) Assignments:

Assignments play a crucial role in education as they contribute to the overall learning process and student development. Heres why they are important:

- Assignments help reinforce what is taught in the classroom by requiring students to apply the concepts independently.
- They encourage revision and deepen understanding of the subject. Assignments require analysing and solving problems, improving critical and analytical thinking.
- Students learn how to gather, analyse, and synthesize information. Completing assignments on deadlines teaches students to manage their time effectively.
- Teachers use assignments to evaluate a student's understanding of the topic.
- Feedback on assignments helps students identify their strengths and areas for improvement.
- Assignments act as a form of self-study, preparing students for exams by familiarizing them with potential questions and scenarios.
- Many assignments involve real-world problems, helping students understand how theoretical knowledge is applied practically.
- Assignments promote independent learning, allowing students to take responsibility for their education.

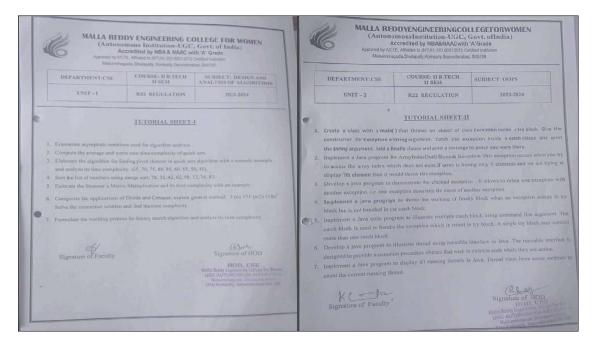
Creative assignments encourage innovation and originality, enhancing a student's ability to think outside the box



b) TUTORIALS

Tutorials are an essential aspect of the learning process, complementing traditional lectures and self-study. They provide a focused, interactive, and practical learning experience. Here's why tutorials are important:

- Tutorials help clarify and reinforce the concepts taught in lectures.
- They provide opportunities to delve deeper into complex topics and resolve doubt
- Tutorials encourage active participation, enabling students to engage in discussions, ask questions, and share ideas
- Interactive sessions help cater to diverse learning styles and improve retention of knowledge.
- Tutorials often involve smaller groups, allowing instructors to address individual needs. They provide a platform for personalized guidance, helping students overcome specific challenges.
- **Problem-Solving Skills:** Tutorials often focus on practical exercises, encouraging analytical and critical thinking.
- Collaboration: Group activities foster teamwork and communication skills.
- **Application of Knowledge:** Tutorials often emphasize the practical application of theoretical concepts.
- Tutorials allow students to apply theoretical knowledge to real-world problems. This handson approach strengthens understanding and prepares students for practical scenarios in their careers.
- Regular tutorial participation leads to better preparation for exams and assignments.
- Students gain confidence in their abilities through regular practice and constructive feedback.
- Tutorials often require pre-session preparation, fostering independent learning habits.
- They empower students to take initiative and responsibility for their education.
- Explaining solutions, participating in discussions, and presenting ideas during tutorials enhance communication and interpersonal skills



C. CASE STUDY BASED LEARNING

A teaching strategy called case study-based learning (CBL) deepens students comprehension of a subject by using real-world situations. Students actively examine, debate, and suggest solutions to challenging problems through case studies, which develops their critical thinking and problem-solving abilities. Teacher provides the needed guidance to understand the case study in a better way. Teacher search for various case studies that are very much helpful to the students such that their ability to understand the concept in many ways. Through group conversations, this method improves cooperation and communication skills while bridging the gap between theoretical knowledge and realworld application. CBL has several advantages, such better student participation and the development of practical skills, but it also has drawbacks, like the time needed for preparation and the difficulty of some situations. Choosing pertinent instances, establishing clear expectations, promoting dialogues, and assessing student achievement based on their assessments and suggested solutions are all necessary for successful implementation. All things considered, CBL improves education by reorienting the emphasis from memorizing to the practical application of information. For Each Subject, Students are formed as group of three and for each group one real time scenario-based Case Study is provided by the teacher. Teacher explores various real time scenarios, excellent case studies and provide to the student batches. With the help of the teacher support the students will be able to document the case study in the form of a report.

SUBJECT: Design Thinking

Faculty: Murali Ponagant

Case Study on Understanding Design Thinking Process

A company is struggling with product innovation and has tasked a new team to revamp its design process. Discuss how the team could apply the principles of Design Thinking. Explain the process models they could adopt, and how these models help solve complex problems. Use real-world examples to illustrate your answer. Case Study on Comparison of Design Thinking and Engineering Thinking A multinational organization is debating whether to adopt Design Thinking or Engineering Thinking for a new product development initiative. Develop a case study that compares both approaches. Highlight specific advantages and disadvantages in the context of product development, problem-solving, and user satisfaction. Case Study on Design Thinking in the Healthcare Industry The healthcare industry is facing a critical challenge in improving patient experiences in hospitals. How can Design Thinking be utilized to address this problem? Create a case study demonstrating the steps of empathizing with patients, ideating solutions, and prototyping in a healthcare setting.

Case Study on Evolution of Design Thinking: A Historical Perspective

Discuss a case study about the origin of Design Thinking. Analyze the key milestones in its evolution and explain how it has grown from a purely design-centered approach to a universal problem-solving methodology across industries. Include examples of its applications in different domains. Case Study on Importance of Design Thinking for Startups A startup in the tech industry is struggling to differentiate its products from the competition. Create a case study showing how the startup can adopt Design Thinking to innovate and stay ahead in the market. Discuss how each phase of the Design Thinking process helps build a user-centric product that stands out.

Case Study on Application of Design Thinking in Social Impact Projects

NGOs are often tasked with solving pressing societal issues. Using a real or hypothetical example, build a case study that explains how an NGO can apply Design Thinking to develop sustainable solutions. Focus on stages like ideation, prototyping, and testing within the scope of limited resources. Case Study on Redefining Education with Design Thinking A university is looking to reform its educational model to make it more student-centered and engaging. Develop a case study that outlines how Design Thinking can be applied in education to reshape curricula and teaching methods. Describe the role of each process model (empathize, define, ideate, prototype, test) in achieving these reforms.

Case Study on Design Thinking vs Engineering Thinking in Software Development

A software development company is divided between using Design Thinking or traditional Engineering Thinking to build a new app. Develop a detailed case study where you compare the outcomes of both approaches in software design. Discuss how user feedback, iterative design, and problem-solving vary between the two methods. Case Study on Design Thinking for Enhancing Customer Experience in Retail A retail chain is experiencing declining customer satisfaction and wants to redesign its in-store experience. Create a case study where Design Thinking is used to enhance customer interaction. Explain how empathy mapping, customer journey analysis, and rapid prototyping are applied to create solutions.

Case Study on Design Thinking in the Public Sector: Smart City Initiatives

The government of a developing country is planning a smart city project to improve urban living. Build a case study that shows how Design Thinking can be utilized to address the needs of the citizens in the planning phase. Describe how empathizing with stakeholders, defining urban challenges, ideating, prototyping, and testing can lead to better city planning and management.

Case Study on Role of Empathy in Healthcare Product Design

A medical device company aims to create a new solution for elderly patients. Develop a case study that explains how empathy plays a crucial role in understanding the physical and emotional needs of elderly users. How can the company use empathy tools such as interviews, surveys, and shadowing to define the patients' needs?

Case Study on Exploring the Define Phase in User-Centric Software Development

A software company wants to create an inclusive educational app for children with special needs. Build a case study that describes how the company can use empathy methods to gather insights and move through the Define phase. How do empathy tools help in clearly defining the unique problems faced by this user group?

Case Study on Empathizing with Users in Redesigning a Public Transportation System

A city is looking to revamp its public transportation system to improve accessibility for people with disabilities. Create a case study demonstrating how empathy methods such as observation and persona creation can be employed to understand user pain points. How does the team use this information in the Define phase to articulate the needs of disabled commuters?

Case Study on Prototyping and Testing for a Social Good App

An NGO wants to develop a mobile app to provide clean drinking water in rural areas. Develop a case study where the team follows the HCD process from empathizing with rural communities to testing various prototypes. How do iterative testing and empathy influence the design of the final product?

Case Study on Using Empathy Tools in Designing a Mental Health Support Platform

A tech startup is working on creating a mental health support platform. Write a case study that details how empathy tools such as user diaries, empathy maps, and focus groups can uncover emotional challenges faced by users. How can the insights gathered in the Empathize and Define phases shape the ideation and prototype stages?

Case Study on Iterating Solutions for a Sustainable Energy Product

A renewable energy company is designing a new product for off-grid communities. Build a case study explaining how the team iterates through the prototype phase after gathering user insights via empathy. Highlight the importance of testing with real users and refining based on feedback during the iterative design process

Case Study on Exploring Methods of Empathy in a Retail Experience Redesign

A retail brand wants to redesign its in-store experience for a better customer journey. Develop a case study exploring how the company can use empathy methods like journey mapping and role-playing to understand the emotional and practical needs of shoppers. How does empathy lead to a more focused Define phase?

Case Study on Human-Centered Design in Developing Wearable Technology

A tech company is developing wearable fitness technology. Create a case study showing how empathy helps identify the needs of fitness enthusiasts during the Empathize and Define phases. Describe how tools like empathy mapping and contextual inquiry can be employed to define the core issues faced by users.

Case Study on Applying the Define Phase in Redesigning an E-commerce Platform

An e-commerce company is looking to improve its website's user experience. Write a case study on how empathy techniques such as user journey mapping and interviews help define user frustrations and needs. How can the Define phase narrow down the focus areas for the design team to address?

Case Study on Understanding Empathy in the Design of a Smart Home System

A company is designing a smart home system for elderly users. Develop a case study detailing how empathy tools such as shadowing, interviews, and experience maps can reveal daily challenges faced by elderly users. Explain how this empathy-driven approach informs the Define phase and leads to better user-centric product features.

Case Study on Brainstorming for Product Innovation in the Tech Industry

A tech company is struggling to come up with innovative features for their next-generation smartphone. Develop a case study that focuses on how the team can apply brainstorming techniques to generate a wide range of ideas. Discuss the advantages of brainstorming in promoting creativity and collaboration, and explain the role of ideation methods such as mind mapping and sketching in refining these ideas into feasible solutions.

Case Study on Ideation Methods in Solving Environmental Challenges

A non-profit organization is looking for creative solutions to reduce plastic waste in urban areas. Create a case study that explores different ideation methods such as SCAMPER, brainwriting, and role-playing to generate diverse ideas. Analyze how these tools of ideation can help the team think outside the box and develop practical, sustainable solutions. Discuss the role of brainstorming in fostering a collaborative environment for innovative thinking

Case Study on Advantages of Brainstorming in Redesigning a Customer Service Experience

A retail company wants to improve its customer service experience and is using brainstorming sessions to gather ideas. Write a case study illustrating the advantages of brainstorming in identifying pain points and generating a variety of customer service improvements. Discuss how tools like affinity diagrams and concept mapping can be used to organize and refine the ideas generated during brainstorming

d) CODING PRACTICE THROUGH CODETANTRA AND HACKER RANKING

We offering online coding practice platforms that helps the students to enhance their skills, expand their knowledge and prepare for technical interviews. It offers an extensive collection of more than 2000 coding challenges for C and Data Structures and Algorithms practice. Theses helps the students for honing coding skills and interview preparation. Students can practice in these coding challenges, contests and competitions for their needs.



9. THEORY TO PRACTICE

Theory to practice is fundamentally about acquiring new skills or knowledge through direct experience rather than through passive activities like reading, watching, or listening.

It is one of the most natural and effective ways of learning, leading to higher engagement rates, improved long-term retention, and better transferability of skills compared to other methods.

This approach fosters richer skill development.

In a technology-driven world, the most essential skills for students is practical learning power skills, which encompass mindset, creativity, leadership, and self management.

Well-structured, supervised, and assessed practical learning programs can encourage academic inquiry by promoting interdisciplinary learning and combining strong technical skills in

engineering design and computation with key business skills, such as marketing and business model generation.

Integrating teaching and learning approaches is essential due to the increasing use of emerging technologies in academia, research, and industry. This integration allows students to gain a clearer understanding of the industry landscape.

Conceptual experiments demonstrate the flow of processes in core industries, enabling students to connect and apply the knowledge acquired in various labs to complete their tasks.

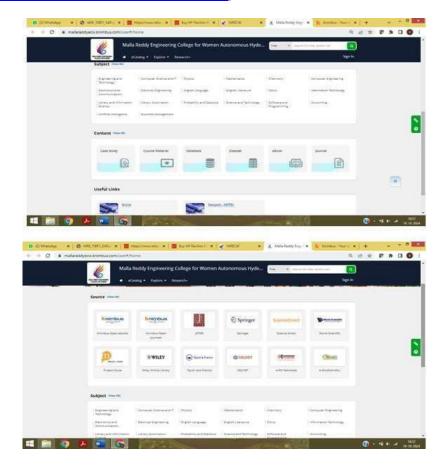
S. No	Conceptual Experiments / Implementations		
1	Implementation of Railway Reservation System		
2	Implementation of Employee Management		
3	Implementation of Banking System		
4	Implementation of Hotel Management		
5	Implementation of E-Commerce Database		
6	Implementation of Hospital Management		
7	Implementation of Student Management		
8	Implementation of Library Management		
9	Implementation of Fashion Designer Website		
10	Implementation of Company Management		

These Conceptual experiments are designed to cultivate a successful graduates ability to grasp fundamental engineering principles, apply knowledge to solve complex problems, and develop the interpersonal skills necessary to work effectively as part of a team. At the beginning of each semester, a list of Conceptual experiments is provided to students to help them acquire practical skills throughout their studies. Students are encouraged to select experiments from this list or to discuss their interests with the relevant faculty members. Below is a sample list of conceptual experiments available for selection.

10. DIGITAL LIBRARY

The colleges digital library features a rich collection of resources, including lecture notes, video lectures, journals, and more, which students can access to enhance their understanding of both theoretical and laboratory courses. This resource not only helps students deepen their knowledge in their program of study but also supports them in preparing tech talks, concept videos, and literature reviews for their projects. Incorporating Knimbus into the Digital Library has offered numerous advantages for the institution, improving the educational experience for students and bolstering the research capabilities of faculty. It provides access to subscribed content, e-journals, e-books and e-databases, the digital nature of Knimbus allows students and faculty to access resources from anywhere, supporting flexible and remote learning environments. Furthermore, the knimbus has integrated NPTEL courses into its framework. The video lectures offered by NPTEL serve as a valuable self-learning resource for students, and all courses provided by IITs are archived in the digital library for use by both students and faculty.

(https://mallareddyecw.knimbus.com/user#/home)



11. TECHNICAL SEMINARS

Technical seminars are invaluable for students as they provide insights into current trends, technologies, and practices in various fields, helping students understand the real-world applications of their studies. Seminars often focus on practical skills, offering workshops or hands-on sessions that enhance students technical competencies. Presenting their work or ideas in seminars allows students to receive constructive feedback and learn from others' experiences. Technical seminars often cover a range of topics, encouraging students to explore different fields and discover new interests. Technical seminars provide students with essential benefits that significantly enhance their educational experience. They offer valuable industry insights, allowing students to stay updated on current trends and technologies, which bridges the gap between theory and practice. Additionally, these seminars help develop practical skills through hands-on workshops, fostering competencies that are crucial for employability. Networking opportunities with professionals and peers can lead to internships and career connections, while exposure to expert speakers inspires and motivates students in their academic and professional journeys. Technical seminars help students develop essential skills like public speaking, critical thinking, and networking, preparing them for professional growth and career readiness. Teacher provides various domains and ideas out of which students will be selecting one particular idea and teacher help in preparing the students for the seminars. Technical seminars are included in the semester wise time table and week wise schedule and various emerging topics to be selected by the students are provided prior to the start of the semester, such that students can explore various IEEE papers and various other standard research and review papers to gather the literature. The students then prepare a power point presentation with the help of the respective teachers such that it can be focusing on current trends and technologies.

Year/Sec	Day/Hour	Year/Sec	Day/Hour
IV / A	WED / 2,3	II / C	MON / 4,5
IV / B	TUS / 2,3	II / D	SAT / 4,5
IV / C	TUS / 4,5	II / E	SAT / 4,5
IV / D	TUS / 4,5	II / F	SAT / 4,5
III / A	SAT / 4,5	II / G	WED / 2,3
III / B	FRI / 2,3	II/H	SAT / 2,3
III / C	SAT / 2,3	11/1	SAT / 2,3
III / D	TUS / 2,3	II/J	FRI / 4,5
III / A	SAT / 4,5	II / K	SAT / 4,5
II / B	FRI / 2,3		



12. GROUP DISCUSSIONS

A Group Discussion (GD) is a widely used evaluation technique in recruitment, involving 6 to 15 participants discussing a specific topic or problem. The primary goal of a group discussion is to assess a candidates ability to communicate, collaborate, and present their ideas effectively within a group setting. Group discussions play a crucial role in assessing not just an individuals knowledge but also their interpersonal skills, teamwork, and ability to think on their feet.

- Testing Communication Skills
- Teamwork and Leadership
- Problem-Solving and Decision-Making
- Knowledge and Awareness
- Time Management
- Convincing and Persuasive Skills
- Handling Pressure



Availability of Work for Peer Review and Critique

The faculty of Malla Reddy Engineering College for Women actively implements innovative teaching and learning strategies to enhance the educational experience. These innovations include modern pedagogical techniques, technology integration, and interdisciplinary approaches. To ensure quality and continuous improvement, the following practices are in place for peer review and critique:

1. Documenting and Sharing Innovations:

Faculty members document their innovative teaching practices in lesson plans, case studies, or research articles and share them in department meetings, workshops, and faculty development programs.

2. Peer Review Mechanisms:

Regular departmental discussions are held, where faculty present their innovative teaching methods for feedback from peers. Faculty members undergo a structured peer-review process for academic content, teaching strategies, and research outputs.

3. Faculty Development Programs (FDPs):

Internal and external FDPs are organized to discuss and review innovative teaching methods and tools. Faculty members are encouraged to present their work in these programs for constructive critique.

4. Collaborative Learning Practices:

Inter-departmental collaborations and expert reviews are conducted to align innovative methods with industry standards and pedagogical advancements.

5. Feedback Collection:

Feedback is sought from students, peers, and academic experts on the effectiveness of the innovations. This helps refine teaching methods and ensures they meet educational objectives.

These practices demonstrate the facultys commitment to fostering an academic environment of continuous learning and innovation.

Reproducibility and Reusability by Other Scholars for Further Development

The faculty at Malla Reddy Engineering College for Women ensures that their innovative teaching and learning practices are reproducible and reusable for other scholars to build upon.

This is achieved through systematic documentation, dissemination, and collaboration. The approaches include:

1. Structured Documentation:

- Innovative teaching strategies, tools, and methodologies are meticulously documented like lesson plans, project reports, and case studies.
- These documents include clear objectives, implementation steps, and outcomes to facilitate reproducibility.

2. Sharing Through Open Educational Resources (OERs):

- Faculty develop and share educational content, such as lecture notes, instructional videos, and assignments, on public platforms or institutional repositories.
- These resources are designed to be reused and adapted by other educators and institutions.

3. Publication in Peer-Reviewed Journals and Conferences:

- Faculty publish their work in reputed journals and present it at conferences, ensuring visibility and accessibility to the academic community.
- These publications provide a foundation for other scholars to validate, replicate, and expand upon the innovations.

4. Workshops and Training Programs:

• Innovative practices are shared with other educators through workshops, faculty development programs (FDPs), and seminars.

• These events allow for practical demonstrations and discussions, encouraging adoption and adaptation

5. Collaboration with Academic and Industry Experts:

Faculty collaborate with peers from other institutions and industry experts to refine and propagate their teaching practices. These collaborations often result in scalable models that can be further developed

6. Integration into Curriculum Design:

Effective innovations are incorporated into the curriculum, making them a part of institutional best practices and enabling their application in different contexts.

7. Encouraging Research and Development:

Faculty motivate students and peers to conduct research on these innovations, ensuring continuous improvement and the generation of new knowledge.

Through these efforts, the institution fosters a culture of academic sharing and advancement, ensuring that innovative teaching methodologies are accessible and impactful across the educational community.