



MALLA REDDY ENGINEERING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

Autonomous Institution – UGC, Govt. of India
Accredited by NAAC with 'A+' Grade

NIRF Indian Ranking, Accepted by MHRD, Govt. of India | Band – Excellent, National Ranking by ARIIA

Programmes Accredited by NBA

Maisammaguda, Dhulapally, Secunderabad - 500010, Telangana

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Under
Student Chapter IEEE, CSI & ISTE & Technical Association CYNOSURS

INFO SPARK

HALF YEARLY TECHNICAL MAGAZINE

DEPARTMENT OF
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

CSE

www.mallareddyecw.com

DEPARTMENT VISION

- Visualizing a great future for the intelligentsia by imparting state-of the art Technologies in the field of Engineering and Technology for the bright future and prosperity of the students.
- To offer world class training to the promising Engineers.

Vision



DEPARTMENT MISSION

- To nurture high level of Decency, Dignity and Discipline in women to attain high intellectual abilities.
- To produce employable students at National and International levels by effective training programmes.
- To create pleasant academic environment for generating high level learning attitudes.

Mission



ABOUT THE DEPARTMENT

The Dept. of CSE with an intake of 660 in B.Tech Programme also offers M.Tech programmes in COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING & COMPUTER SCIENCE. The programmes ensure that the student effectively meets the highest benchmarks of competence required by the industry.

The Dept has state of the art laboratories with latest softwares like Windows 2008, Visual Studio 2012, Eclipse, WinRunner, QTP, J2EE, .NET, Fedora & Weka Tool. The Dept established IEEE & ISTE student chapters and Dept. Technical Association-CYNOSURES under which it organizes National level Technical Symposium - FUTURE SASTRA and State level Technical Symposium MEDHA every academic year and Student Development Programmes like Workshop on Web Designing, Android & its Application, ADOBE PhotoShop, Ethical Hacking and HTML5.

The Department also organizes Pre-placement training programmes on C-Skills, Java Skills and Project Based training programmes on C, C++, JAVA and Web Technologies and also organizes Intra College Student Conferences on Network Security and Data Base Management Systems and Recent Advancements in Computer Science and also organizes regular student seminar sessions of two hours per week for I - IV B.Tech student to enhance their all round performance.

To provide value added certification courses to students, The Dept. established Micro Soft Innovation Center which offers Micro Soft Certification, CISCO Networking Academy which offers CISCO Certification and in association with ORACLE Corporation, India, It offers Java Certification. The Dept. also offers Business English Certification (BEC) with the help of Center for Development of Communication Skills.

PO'S

PO1	Engineering knowledge	An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics (including probability & statistics and Mathematical Foundation of Computer science and Engineering.
PO2	Problem analysis	An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data including hardware and software components.
PO3	Design / development of solutions	An ability to design a complex computing system or process to meet desired specifications and needs.
PO4	Conduct investigations of complex problems	Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
PO5	Modern tool usage	An ability to use the techniques, skills and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.
PO6	The engineer and society	An ability to understanding of professional, health, safety, legal, cultural and social responsibilities.
PO7	Environment and sustainability	The broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental and demonstrate the knowledge need for sustainable development.
PO8	Ethics	Apply ethical principles, responsibility and norms of the engineering practice
PO9	Individual and team work	An ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams.
PO10	Communication	An ability to communicate and present effectively
PO11	Project management and finance	An ability to use the modern engineering tools, techniques, skills and management principles to do work as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects in multi-disciplinary environments
PO12	Life-long learning	A recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in, to resolve contemporary issues and acquire lifelong learning

PSO'S

The graduates of the department will attain:

PSO1: The ability to analyze, design, code and test application specific or complex engineering problems in Cryptography and Network Security, Design and Analysis of Algorithm, Computer Networks, Data Mining, Cloud Computing, Mobile Computing, Cloud Computing, Internet of Things (IoT), Data Science, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Cyber Security, Block chain Technology, and Big Data by applying the knowledge of basic sciences, engineering mathematics and engineering fundamentals.

PSO2: The ability to adapt for rapid changes in tools and technology with an understanding of societal and ecological issues, relevant to professional engineering practice through life-long learning.

PSO3: Excellent adaptability to function in multi-disciplinary work environment, good interpersonal skills as a leader in a team, in appreciation of professional ethics and societal responsibilities.

PEO'S

PEO1

PROFESSIONAL ENHANCEMENT: Provide the students with strong fundamental and advanced knowledge in Mathematics, Science and Engineering with respect to Computer Science and Engineering discipline with an emphasis to solve Engineering problems.

PEO2

CORE COMPETENCE: Prepare the students through well - designed curriculum to excel in various programmes in Computer Science and Engineering, to meet the needs of the industry and for higher education pursuit.

PEO3

TECHNICAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS: Train the students with intensive and extensive engineering knowledge and skill to analyze, design and create novel products and solutions in the field of Computer Science and Engineering.

PEO4

PROFESSIONALISM: To inculcate in students professional attitude, multidisciplinary approach, ethics, team work, communication, ability to relate computer engineering issues with societal needs and contribute towards nation building.

PEO5

LEARNING ENVIRONMENT: To provide students with an academic environment that inculcates the spirit of excellence, creativity, innovation, leadership, lifelong learning, ethical codes and guidelines to become a successful professional in Computer Science and Engineering.

MESSAGES

Founder Chairman's Message



Ch. Malla Reddy

Founder Chairman, MRGI

Hon'ble Minister, Govt. of
Telangana State

MRECW has made tremendous progress in all areas and now crossing several milestones within a very short span of time and now I feel very happy to know that the students and faculty of the CSE Department of MRECW are bringing out the volume-1 of the Technical magazine INFOSPARK in A.Y 2021-22. As I understand this magazine is intended to bring out the inherent literary talents in the students and the teachers and also to inculcate leadership skills among them. I am confident that this issue will send a positive signal to the staff, students and the persons who are interested in the educational and literary activities.

Principal's Message

I congratulate the department of CSE, MRECW for bringing out the first issue of the prestigious half yearly department technical Magazine INFOSPARK under A.Y: 2024-25, I am sure that the magazine will provide a platform to the students and faculty members to expand their technical knowledge and sharpen their hidden literary talent and will also strengthen the all round development of the students. I am hopeful that this small piece of literary work shall not only develop the taste for reading among students but also develop a sense of belonging to the institution as well. My congratulations to the editorial board who took the responsibility for the arduous task most effectively. I extend best wishes for the success of this endeavor.



Dr. Y. Madhavee Latha

Principal

HOD'S MESSAGE

INFOSPARK-2024, Our Department magazine showcases the various achievements and talents of students. The primary objective of the department has been to impart quality technical education to the students. We are providing the students with most conducive academic environment and making them towards serving the society with advanced technologies. Our department provides training sessions, workshops, hands-on, webinars, Industrial visits, Internships and Personality development classes. I am privileged to offer my best wishes. I congratulate students who have contributed their articles in huge volume.



Dr. Y. GEETHA REDDY

Professor and HOD

FACULTY ARTICLES

Automated Forest Types Classification using Ensemble Machine Learning in Hyper spectral Satellite Images

The forest is a major factor in the changes in climatic conditions. As the population is increasing the needs of humans are also growing, where numerous of forest areas are destroyed for civilization. The Ensemble Machine Learning (ML) classifier is proposed for forest type classification in hyper spectral satellite images. The ensemble ML classifiers such as Support Vector Machine (SVM), K-Nearest Neighbor (KNN) and Random Forest (RF) lead to enhance the robustness and accuracy. The SVM provides better generalization, KNN captures local patterns and RF includes robustness to over fitting thereby enhancing classification performance. The Local Ternary Pattern (LTP) is used for feature extraction which enhances the robustness to noise and it captures texture data through encoding three distinct states that assist to classify forest types. The median filter is used as preprocessing which effectively removes noise without reducing image sharpness. The ensemble ML got better performance of 98.4% recall, 98.7% precision, 99.2% accuracy and 98.6% f1-score for Sentinel-2 dataset compared to VGG19 and ResNet50.

Mr.V.Rajashekhar

Asst. Professor, CSE



Rapidly Exploring Random Tree Based Obstacle Aware Mobile Sink

Trajectory For Data Collection In Wireless Sensor Networks

Wireless sensor networks (WSNs) have embraced mobile sink-based data collection for a decade due to its advantages in addressing sinkhole or energy hole problems, as well as collecting data from disjoint nodes. Several algorithms are introduced in the literature to address mobile sink-based algorithms for WSNs. However, they do not focus on the obstacles contained in WSNs. In this context, we propose RRTMT which performs efficient RP selection and obstacle-aware path planning for a mobile sink in WSNs with obstacles. A spectral clustering algorithm is used to identify the most effective RPs in which the hop count between the RPs and their children is minimal. Next, we determine the obstacle-aware path between the RPs using a rapidly-explored random tree (RRT) to adapt to the environment dynamically. We conduct the simulation through Python under different scenarios and various metrics. The proposed RRTMT outperforms the existing but related obstacle-sensitive mobile sink data collection algorithms by approximately 14-26% on network lifespan, 12-24% in energy efficiency, 6-19% in buffer utility, 17-51% on latency, 11-29% in packet delivery ratio, and 11-26× in terms of average path length. We also estimate the complexity of the proposed work, and it is reasonable to compare it to the existing one.

Dr.B.Srinivasulu

Asst. Professor, CSE



STUDENT ARTICLES

PROMPT ENGINEERING

Prompt engineering is a technique used in artificial intelligence (AI) and natural language processing (NLP) to refine and optimize the input prompts given to large language models, such as GPT, to generate desired outputs. The quality and specificity of a prompt can significantly impact the response generated by the AI, making it a critical tool for improving accuracy, relevance, and control over the AI's behavior. Prompt engineering is especially important as AI models are trained on vast datasets but often require context or constraints to produce responses that are aligned with the user's intentions.

In recent developments, prompt engineering has emerged as a skill for maximizing the potential of language models across various applications. For example, in areas like content creation, coding assistance, or customer service automation, crafting tailored prompts can elicit more coherent, informative, or creative responses. Techniques such as using explicit instructions, providing examples, and setting parameters for the model's behavior help refine the output quality. Through iterative prompt refinement, users can also minimize ambiguities and misinterpretations, which are common when interacting with AI systems.

As AI continues to evolve, prompt engineering becomes a key factor in bridging the gap between human input and machine understanding. This field is set to grow as AI becomes more integrated into everyday tasks, with prompt engineering playing a vital role in ensuring that AI systems are responsive, accurate, and aligned with user expectations.

MD.Maahirah

22RH1A05G2



INTERNET OF THINGS

The Internet of Things (IoT) is a transformative technology that connects everyday devices to the internet, enabling them to collect and exchange data. From smart home appliances to industrial machinery, IoT enhances functionality and efficiency by allowing devices to communicate in real time. This interconnectivity not only improves convenience but also supports data-driven decision-making, paving the way for advancements in various sectors including healthcare, transportation, and agriculture.

One of the key benefits of IoT is its ability to gather vast amounts of data, which can be analyzed to optimize operations and enhance user experiences. For example, in smart homes, IoT devices can learn user preferences and adjust settings automatically, leading to increased energy efficiency and improved comfort. In industries, IoT solutions can monitor equipment health and performance, predicting maintenance needs and reducing downtime. As businesses leverage these insights, they can create more efficient workflows and improve overall productivity.

However, the rapid expansion of IoT also raises concerns, particularly regarding security and privacy. As more devices connect to the internet, the potential for cyber attacks increases, making it crucial for companies to implement robust security measures. Additionally, the vast amounts of personal data collected by IoT devices must be handled with care to protect user privacy. Addressing these challenges will be vital for the continued growth and acceptance of IoT technologies, ensuring they deliver benefits without compromising security or privacy.

22RH1A05F3

MD. Asra Begum



VIRTUAL REALITY

Virtual Reality (VR) is a technology that creates immersive, computer-generated environments that users can interact with in a seemingly real way. By wearing specialized VR headsets, users are transported into a digital world, which can be entirely fictitious or modeled after real-world locations and experiences. Key components of VR include:

Head-Mounted Display (HMD): Devices like the Oculus Rift, HTC Vive, or PlayStation VR provide users with a visual and auditory experience by covering their field of vision and often incorporating spatial audio.

Motion Tracking: VR systems use sensors to track a user's head, hand, and sometimes full-body movements. This tracking allows users to interact with virtual objects in a realistic way.

Controllers: Handheld devices or gloves enable users to manipulate virtual objects, further enhancing interactivity.

Applications:

- **Gaming:** VR is heavily used in gaming to provide fully immersive experiences where players feel like they are inside the game world.
- **Education and Training:** VR simulations are used for training in fields like medicine, aviation, and the military, allowing trainees to practice in a controlled, risk-free environment.

M.SNEHA
22RH1A05G1



5G AND ITS IMPACT ON IOT AND SMART CITIES

The introduction of 5G technology is transforming the digital landscape by providing faster speeds, lower latency, and massive device connectivity, making it ideal for supporting the Internet of Things (IoT) and smart city initiatives. Unlike its predecessors, 5G enables seamless communication between millions of devices, which is essential for creating interconnected urban environments. Its high bandwidth and ability to handle real-time data transfer make applications like autonomous vehicles, remote healthcare, and advanced industrial automation more efficient and reliable. In the context of smart cities, 5G plays a pivotal role in optimizing urban operations and enhancing residents' quality of life. It powers smart traffic systems that reduce congestion, energy grids that adjust power distribution dynamically, and environmental monitoring networks that provide insights into air and water quality. With 5G, cities can deploy a wide array of sensors and devices that communicate instantly, enabling more responsive management of resources and a safer living environment through real-time surveillance and emergency response systems. However, the integration of 5G in smart cities also comes with challenges. Despite these obstacles, 5G has the potential to revolutionize how cities operate, paving the way for more sustainable, efficient, and intelligent urban ecosystems.

5G technology is set to be a game-changer for IoT and smart cities, enabling seamless connectivity and real-time applications that were previously unfeasible. With its ability to support a massive number of devices, low latency, and high-speed data transfer, 5G is paving the way for more efficient, responsive, and intelligent urban environments

S.RISHKA

23RH5A0524



BLOCK CHAIN BEYOND CRYPTOCURRENCY

While block chain is best known for its role in powering crypt ocurrencies like Bitcoin, its potential reaches far beyond digital currencies. At its core, blockchain is a decentralized, immutable ledger that records transactions across a network, offering transparency, security, and efficiency.

In supply chain management, blockchain ensures transparency by tracking products from origin to delivery, reducing fraud and improving efficiency. In healthcare, it secures patient records, enabling safe data sharing between providers while maintaining privacy. Governments are exploring blockchain for voting systems, which could provide tamper-proof, transparent elections.

Other applications include smart contracts in legal agreements, digital identity verification, and even intellectual property protection. As industries explore blockchain's capabilities, it's poised to transform the way we manage, verify, and secure information in a wide range of fields.

K.INDHU

21RH1A05C5



DECENTRALIZED FINANCE (DeFi) REVOLUTION

Decentralized Finance (DeFi) is transforming the traditional financial landscape by leveraging blockchain technology to offer financial services without intermediaries like banks or brokers. At its core, DeFi allows users to access lending, borrowing, trading, and earning interest directly on decentralized platforms through smart contracts, which automate these processes transparently and securely. This revolution in finance is powered by blockchain networks like Ethereum, which provide the infrastructure for these decentralized applications (dApps).

One of the most significant benefits of DeFi is its open and permissionless nature, enabling anyone with an internet connection to participate in the global financial system. This accessibility removes barriers imposed by centralized financial institutions and empowers individuals in under banked regions. Moreover, DeFi offers higher transparency and security, as transactions are recorded on public blockchains, reducing the risks of fraud and manipulation.

However, despite its advantages, DeFi is not without challenges. The sector faces issues such as scalability limitations, regulatory uncertainty, and potential security vulnerabilities in smart contracts. As the technology evolves and matures, DeFi is expected to play an increasingly important role in democratizing access to financial services and reshaping the future of global finance.

G.TEJASWINI

22RH5A0507



BLOCK CHAIN IN HOSPITALITY

The hospitality industry is undergoing a digital transformation, driven by the need for enhanced security, efficiency, and guest satisfaction. Blockchain technology, with its decentralized and transparent nature, offers innovative solutions that can reshape the way hotels, restaurants, and travel services operate. By streamlining processes and improving trust among stakeholders, blockchain has the potential to revolutionize the hospitality landscape. As the hospitality industry continues to evolve, the role of blockchain is expected to expand. By enhancing security, streamlining operations, and improving the guest experience, blockchain can lead to a more interconnected and efficient hospitality landscape. Ongoing innovations and pilot projects will likely pave the way for broader adoption, enabling businesses to meet the demands of modern travelers.

Blockchain technology holds the promise of transforming the hospitality industry by addressing key challenges related to security, efficiency, and customer satisfaction. By leveraging its capabilities, hospitality businesses can enhance their operations and create a more seamless and enjoyable experience for guests. As the industry embraces blockchain, the future looks promising for a more transparent, secure, and customer-centric hospitality environment.

L.SRUTHI

22RH5A0512



BIG DATA ANALYTICS: TRANSFORMING INDUSTRIES

Big Data Analytics is revolutionizing industries by enabling businesses to process and analyze massive amounts of data to uncover valuable insights. With the explosion of data from sources like social media, IoT devices, and online transactions, companies are using analytics tools to enhance decision-making, improve efficiency, and drive innovation.

In sectors like healthcare, big data is helping in predictive diagnosis and personalized treatment plans. In retail, it optimizes supply chains and improves customer experiences through tailored marketing. Finance relies on it for fraud detection and risk management.

By harnessing the power of big data, industries are becoming more agile and data-driven, leading to better strategies and competitive advantages in the modern economy.

G.SUNITHA

22RH5A0508



SUSTAINABLE TECHNOLOGY: GREEN INNOVATIONS FOR THE FUTURE

Sustainable technology is at the forefront of efforts to combat climate change and reduce environmental impact. By integrating eco-friendly innovations, industries are minimizing energy consumption, reducing waste, and promoting long-term environmental health.

Key advancements include renewable energy sources like solar, wind, and hydroelectric power, which are replacing fossil fuels. In computing, green data centers utilize energy-efficient designs and cooling systems to lower carbon footprints. Electric vehicles (EVs) and smart grids are transforming transportation and energy distribution, reducing emissions and promoting efficiency.

From sustainable manufacturing processes to biodegradable materials in product design, green technologies are paving the way for a more eco-conscious future, where innovation and environmental responsibility go hand in hand.

G.KRISHNA KARTHIKA

21RH1A0578



MACHINE LEARNING IN HEALTHCARE

Machine Learning (ML) is profoundly transforming healthcare by enhancing diagnostics, treatment personalization, and operational efficiency. One of the key applications is in medical imaging, where ML algorithms, especially deep learning, analyze radiological images such as X-rays, MRIs, and CT scans with high accuracy, often detecting anomalies like tumors or fractures faster and more accurately than human experts. Additionally, predictive analytics powered by ML enables early disease detection by analyzing patient data to identify risks for conditions like heart disease, cancer, and diabetes before symptoms appear. Personalized medicine is another area where ML is crucial, as algorithms can analyze vast datasets from genetic information and health records to recommend tailored treatments based on individual patient profiles, improving outcomes. In drug discovery, ML accelerates the identification of potential new compounds by analyzing molecular structures and predicting their effectiveness in treating diseases, reducing both time and cost. Natural Language Processing (NLP), a branch of ML, helps healthcare professionals by processing vast amounts of unstructured medical data, such as patient notes or research papers, to extract meaningful insights and improve decision-making. In hospitals, ML-powered automation streamlines administrative tasks, optimizes resource allocation, and enhances the efficiency of scheduling and billing processes.

M.NIKHILA

21RH1A05D8



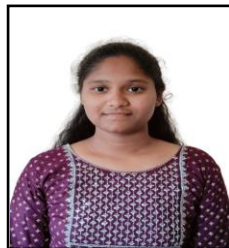
POWER BI

Power BI is a powerful business analytics tool developed by Microsoft that enables organizations to visualize their data and share insights across the organization, or embed them in an app or website. It combines a user-friendly interface with robust data modeling capabilities, allowing users to connect to various data sources, transform data, and create interactive reports and dashboards. Power BI supports real-time data analytics, empowering businesses to make informed decisions based on up-to-date information. Its integration with other Microsoft products enhances collaboration and streamlines workflows, making it an essential tool for data-driven decision-making.

In conclusion, Power BI stands out as an invaluable resource for businesses looking to harness the power of their data. By offering intuitive visualization tools, seamless integration with existing systems, and robust analytical capabilities, Power BI enables organizations to uncover insights, track performance, and drive strategic initiatives. As data continues to play a crucial role in shaping business outcomes, Power BI equips users with the necessary tools to navigate the complexities of data analytics, ensuring they remain competitive in today's fast-paced environment. Adopting Power BI not only enhances data visibility but also fosters a culture of informed decision-making across all levels of an organization.

M. RAJESHWARI

21RH1A05E



BIOTECHNOLOGY AND GENETIC ENGINEERING: SHAPING THE FUTURE OF SCIENCE

Biotechnology, a rapidly evolving field, harnesses biological systems and organisms to develop innovative products and processes. At its core, genetic engineering—the manipulation of an organism's DNA—stands out as a transformative tool, revolutionizing medicine, agriculture, and environmental sustainability. In medicine, genetic engineering has paved the way for groundbreaking therapies, including gene therapy, which aims to treat or prevent diseases by directly altering genetic material. Advances such as CRISPR technology have made precise edits to DNA more accessible, allowing researchers to tackle genetic disorders like cystic fibrosis and sickle cell anaemia with unprecedented efficacy. In agriculture, genetically modified organisms (GMOs) enhance crop resilience, yield, and nutritional content. For instance, crops engineered to resist pests and diseases reduce the need for chemical pesticides, promoting eco-friendly farming practices. These innovations contribute to food security, especially in regions facing climate challenges. Environmental biotechnology leverages genetic engineering to address pollution and waste management. Microbes are engineered to degrade hazardous substances, turning pollutants into harmless byproducts and restoring ecosystems. This bioremediation process not only cleans contaminated sites but also fosters sustainable development. While the potential of biotechnology and genetic engineering is vast, ethical considerations are paramount. Debates around GMOs, bio security, and the implications of gene editing require careful navigation to balance innovation with societal values.

21RH1A05E5

M.G.SRIJA REDDY



CUSTOMER CHURN PREDICTION

Customer churn prediction is a vital application of machine learning that helps businesses identify customers likely to leave a service. By analyzing historical data, such as customer demographics, service usage, behavior, and financial details, machine learning models can predict whether a customer will churn or stay. The process involves data preprocessing, such as handling missing values and normalizing features, followed by exploratory data analysis to uncover patterns related to churn. Algorithms like logistic regression, random forests, and XGBoost are commonly used for this purpose. Once the model is trained, it is evaluated using metrics like accuracy, precision, and recall. Churn prediction enables companies to proactively target at-risk customers, reducing churn rates and improving customer retention.

Customer churn prediction is a machine learning technique used to identify customers likely to leave a service. It involves analyzing historical data such as demographics, usage patterns, and customer behavior. The data is cleaned and processed, followed by exploratory analysis to identify patterns linked to churn. Machine learning algorithms like logistic regression, random forests, and XGBoost are then used to build predictive models. These models help businesses take proactive steps to retain at-risk customers, improving retention and reducing churn rates.

M. MANJU BHARGAVI

21RH1A05E7



AI in Daily Life: Transforming Convenience and Efficiency

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has seamlessly integrated into our daily lives, revolutionizing how we perform tasks, make decisions, and interact with technology. From personal assistants like Siri and Alexa to recommendation systems on streaming platforms and e-commerce sites, AI optimizes convenience and enhances user experiences. It powers smart homes, enabling users to control lighting, temperature, and security systems with just a voice command. AI's capabilities extend into healthcare with virtual doctors and symptom-checking apps, providing preliminary diagnoses and guiding users toward proper medical care. Its applications in transportation—such as self-driving cars and intelligent navigation systems—are not only changing how we travel but also improving safety and efficiency on the roads. Beyond individual convenience, AI is shaping entire industries, from education to entertainment. It helps businesses analyze vast amounts of data, uncovering trends and insights that drive innovation. In creative fields, AI-assisted tools help artists, designers, and musicians create content more efficiently, expanding the possibilities of human creativity. In education, AI-driven platforms adapt learning paths to students' needs, fostering personalized learning experiences. With AI's growing influence, its ability to automate routine tasks and offer intelligent solutions is making daily life more streamlined, productive, and engaging for people worldwide. As AI technology evolves, its potential to enhance daily life will continue to expand.

M.NIHARIKA

22RH5A0517



LI-FI TECHNOLOGY

Li-Fi (Light Fidelity) is a wireless communication technology that uses light waves instead of radio waves to transmit data. Developed by Professor Harald Haas in 2011, Li-Fi utilizes visible light, ultraviolet, and infrared light spectrums for high-speed, secure data transfer. It works by modulating the intensity of light emitted by LEDs (light-emitting diodes) to send information, which is then received by a photo detector and converted into electrical signals. One of the primary advantages of Li-Fi is its potential for incredibly fast data transfer rates, reaching up to 100 Gbps under laboratory conditions, significantly faster than traditional Wi-Fi. Since light cannot pass through walls, Li-Fi offers enhanced security by confining the data transmission within a specific area, reducing the risk of eavesdropping. Li-Fi is particularly suited for environments where radio frequency interference is a concern, such as in hospitals, airplanes, and underground locations. It also allows for better bandwidth management, as the light spectrum is far larger than the radio spectrum. However, Li-Fi has some limitations, such as requiring a direct line of sight between the transmitter and receiver and the inability to function in dark or low-light conditions. Despite these challenges, Li-Fi holds great promise for the future of wireless communication.

T.RENUKA

22RH5A0522



OBJECTION DETECTION SYSTEM

An Objection Detection System is a sophisticated technology designed to identify and interpret objections or resistance in various contexts, such as legal settings, business interactions, or conversational AI systems. The system's primary function is to automatically detect when an objection is raised and respond appropriately, which can be valuable in numerous scenarios where objections need to be addressed promptly and efficiently. In the legal domain, an objection detection system can be used to track objections during court proceedings. By analyzing transcripts or live audio, it can identify when attorneys raise objections and provide insights into the reasons behind them. This can assist legal professionals in reviewing case details, preparing for trials, and even predicting the likelihood of objection outcomes based on historical data. It streamlines case analysis and improves the efficiency of legal teams by reducing the time spent manually tracking objections. In business, especially in sales or customer service, objection detection is critical for identifying moments where potential customers express concerns or resistance. The system can analyze conversations for keywords or sentiment shifts that signal an objection, allowing sales representatives or customer service agents to address these issues proactively. This leads to better customer engagement and improved sales strategies, as objections can be handled in real-time to prevent losing deals. When integrated into Conversational AI systems, such as chatbots or virtual assistants, objection detection helps to identify user frustration or hesitation during interactions. By understanding when users raise objections, the system can adjust its responses to provide better solutions or clarifications, improving the overall user experience.

V.HARSHA

21RH1A05R0



CLIMATE CHANGE MITIGATION TECHNOLOGY

Climate change poses one of the most significant challenges of our time, threatening ecosystems, economies, and human health. In response, innovative climate change mitigation technologies have emerged as essential tools to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and promote sustainable practices. One of the most effective strategies is the transition to renewable energy sources such as solar, wind, hydroelectric, and geothermal power. Solar photovoltaic (PV) cells convert sunlight into electricity, while solar thermal systems harness heat, both contributing to significant emission reductions. Wind energy, captured by turbines, is expanding rapidly, providing a clean and increasingly cost-effective energy source. Improving energy efficiency is another critical strategy. Technologies like smart grids and building automation systems optimize energy use, reducing consumption and emissions across various sectors. Smart grids enhance electricity services with digital technology, allowing better management and integration of renewable energy. Similarly, building automation optimizes heating, cooling, and lighting, cutting energy usage while improving comfort. Carbon capture and storage (CCS) technology plays a crucial role in decarbonizing industries that are difficult to electrify. By capturing carbon dioxide emissions from industrial processes before they enter the atmosphere and storing them underground, CCS offers a viable solution to mitigate climate change. In agriculture, innovative practices such as precision farming and regenerative agriculture can significantly lower emissions. Precision farming uses GPS and sensors for resource efficiency, while regenerative techniques restore soil health, sequestering carbon and enhancing sustainability. Lastly, adopting a circular economy approach is vital for minimizing waste and promoting sustainability.

T. LAXMI PRASANNA

21RH1A05P4



INSTANT MULTIMODAL AI AVATARS

Instant multimodal AI avatars are redefining human-computer interactions by combining multiple forms of communication, such as voice, text, and visual cues like gestures and facial expressions, into seamless, real-time interactions. These AI-powered avatars are increasingly being used in various industries, from customer service to entertainment, to offer more natural and engaging user experiences. By processing multiple inputs simultaneously, they enhance the fluidity of conversations and create more lifelike digital personas that are able to understand and respond to users as humans would.

One of the most compelling applications of instant multimodal AI avatars is in customer support, where they can handle complex queries by interpreting not only what a customer says but also how they say it. For example, an avatar might detect frustration in a customer's voice and adjust its responses accordingly, making interactions more empathetic and effective. In gaming and virtual environments, these avatars bring a new level of realism, enabling characters to react dynamically to player actions. The technology is also advancing in education, where avatars act as personalized tutors that adapt to a student's learning style, and in healthcare, where they offer support as virtual assistants.

As AI avatars become more sophisticated, their potential future applications are immense. The ability to integrate seamlessly into everyday life from digital companions to more immersive virtual world suggests that these avatars could fundamentally change how we interact with technology.

T. JYOTHILATHA

21RH1A05N7



The Role of Engineers in Addressing Climate Change

Climate change is one of the most pressing global issues of our time, affecting ecosystems, economies, and communities worldwide. The overwhelming scientific consensus underscores the urgent need for action to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and adapt to changing climatic conditions. In this context, engineers play a pivotal role as problem-solvers and innovators. From designing energy-efficient buildings to developing renewable energy systems and creating smart technologies, engineers are at the forefront of the transition to a sustainable future. As future computer science and engineering (CSE) students, understanding the intersection of engineering and climate action is essential. This field not only encompasses traditional engineering disciplines but also embraces emerging technologies such as artificial intelligence, data analytics, and IoT, which can optimize resource use and improve decision-making processes. As the world faces unprecedented challenges posed by climate change, the role of engineers has become increasingly crucial in developing sustainable solutions. This paper explores how engineers from various disciplines—civil, mechanical, electrical, and software—are leveraging their expertise to mitigate environmental impacts, enhance energy efficiency, and promote sustainable practices. Through innovative technologies and interdisciplinary collaboration, engineers are not only addressing immediate climate concerns but also laying the groundwork for a resilient future. This discussion emphasizes the significance of integrating climate considerations into engineering education, promoting research, and implementing solutions that contribute to a more sustainable society.

TATHIREDDYGARI SREE JANANI

21RH1A05P0



VIDEO SUMMARIZATION USING DEEP LEARNING TECHNIQUES

Video summarization is becoming increasingly vital in our data-driven world, where the volume of video content continues to grow exponentially. The primary goal of video summarization is to condense lengthy videos into shorter, more manageable versions that capture the most relevant information while preserving the context and coherence of the original material. With platforms like YouTube, Netflix, and social media inundating users with video content, the challenge of extracting meaningful insights from lengthy recordings has never been more critical. Users often lack the time to watch entire videos, creating a demand for automated systems that deliver concise summaries. This not only enhances user experience but also facilitates content indexing, retrieval, and sharing. Deep learning techniques have emerged as powerful tools for automating video summarization, providing significant advancements over traditional methods. Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) are commonly used for feature extraction from individual frames, allowing the analysis of visual content to identify important scenes and objects that can be prioritized in the summarization process. The applications of video summarization are diverse and impactful. For content creators, summarizing videos highlights key moments, engaging viewers and improving retention rates. In surveillance, automated summarization can identify suspicious activities quickly, enabling timely responses without sifting through hours of footage. Educational videos can be summarized to provide quick overviews of lessons.

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U. ANUSHA



IOT IN AGRICULTURE

SMART FARMS, SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

The Internet of Things (IoT) is transforming the agricultural industry by allowing farmers to monitor and manage various aspects of their operations through connected devices. IoT enables real-time data collection and analysis, helping farmers make informed decisions about their crops, livestock, and equipment. This leads to improved efficiency, sustainability, and profitability. By integrating sensors, drones, and software, farmers can optimize their farming processes, reduce waste, and better manage resources like water, fertilizers, and energy. One of the primary applications of IoT in agriculture is precision farming. This method uses sensors to gather data on soil moisture, weather conditions, and crop health, allowing farmers to apply water, pesticides, and fertilizers in precise amounts and at the right times. This not only reduces resource wastage but also improves crop yield and quality. The benefits of IoT in agriculture are immense. It increases efficiency by optimizing resource use and reducing waste, leading to higher productivity and lower costs. Farmers also experience significant cost savings through automation and better management of water, fertilizers, and energy. Furthermore, IoT promotes sustainability by reducing the use of harmful chemicals and conserving water, making farming more eco-friendly. As a result, it also contributes to food security by improving crop yields and reducing food wastage, which is crucial for meeting the demands of a growing global population. However, despite these benefits, there are challenges to IoT adoption in agriculture.

YELIMELA MOUNA

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IMPORTANT WEBSITES

<https://www.coursera.org/in>

<https://www.udemy.com/>

<https://archive.org/details/textshttps://>

www.codecademy.com/<https://www.cse.org/>

<https://www.scribd.com/books>

<https://books.google.co.in/>

MathGV.com/<http://www.engineeringchallenges.org/>

<https://www.lumosity.com/en/>

<http://elevateapp.com/>

<http://www.tryengineering.org/>

<http://www.engineergirl.org/>

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<http://www.eng-tips.com/>

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